

Inventory

Implementation of Articles III.4 and III.5 of the Convention

Paraguay		
Party since 1 January 1999		
National Reports submitted: COP10 (2011), COP9 (2008)		
Relevant Legislation		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Law Number 96/92 on wildlife. • Law Number 352/94 on protected wild areas. • Law Number on fishing. • Law Number 1348/98 that ratifies CMS. • Law Number 1.561/00 that creates the National Environment System, the National Council on Environment, and the Environment Secretariat. • Law Number 716/96 on crimes against the environment. 	
Article III.5		
	Laws that Implement the Take Prohibition	
	Aquatic Mammals	Unknown
	Terrestrial Mammals	Taking of bats is not prohibited by law, but no law identified to determine scope of the exceptions. Unknown for other terrestrial mammals.
	Birds	Yes, but no law identified to determine scope of the exceptions.
	Reptiles	Unknown
	Fish	Unknown
	Exceptions to the Take Prohibition	
	Aquatic Mammals	Unknown
	Terrestrial Mammals	Unknown
	Birds	None
	Reptiles	Unknown
	Fish	Unknown
Article III.4		
	Laws to conserve and, where feasible and appropriate, restore habitats of CMS Appendix I species	
	Declaration and protection of Private Reserves, public protected wild areas, and RAMSAR sites. However, insufficient information provided to identify the content of the measures.	

		Important sites for the migration of birds have been identified, and three of the main sites, La Bahía de Asunción, Campo María, and Chaco Lodge have been protected. However, insufficient information provided to identify the content of the measures.
	Laws that prevent, remove, compensate for or minimize, as appropriate, the adverse effects of activities or obstacles that seriously impede or prevent the migration of the species	
	Windmills (birds and bats)	Unknown
	Cell towers (birds and bats)	Unknown
	Dams (fish)	Unknown
	Road construction (mammals)	Unknown
	Train tracks (mammals)	Unknown
	Fishing gear/bycatch (marine mammals, sea turtles, fish)	Unknown
	Shipping (marine mammals)	Unknown
	Laws that prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger the species, including strictly controlling the introduction of or controlling or eliminating, already introduced species.	
		Habitat fragmentation and loss are a major threat to bats. Paraguay issued the Zero Deforestation Law for the eastern region of the country. This is where the last forest remnants of the Atlantic Forest of Alto Paraná are located. However, insufficient information provided to identify the content of the measures.
Reservations, territorial inclusions, and territorial exclusions		
	Reservations	None
	Territorial Scope	“Paraguay”. Thus, the Convention is presumed to apply to all territory, including any overseas territories and semi-autonomous zones.