

Inventory

Implementation of Articles III.4 and III.5 of the Convention

Niger			
Party since 1 January 1983			
National Reports submitted: COP11 (2014)			
Relevant Legislation			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Law 98-07 of 29 April 1998 establishing the regime for hunting and protection of wild fauna.• Law 98-56 of 29 December 1998 on the management of the environment.• Law 98-042 of 7 December 1998 of the regime for fishing.• Law 2004-040 of 8 June 2004 on the regime for forestry.		
Article III.5			
	Laws that Implement the Take Prohibition		
		Aquatic Mammals	Taking of all Appendix I aquatic mammals is prohibited: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Law 98-07 of 29 April 1998 establishing the regime for hunting and protection of wild fauna.• Law 98-56 of 29 December 1998 on the management of the environment.• Law 98-042 of 7 December 1998 of the regime for fishing.• Law 2004-040 of 8 June 2004 on the regime for forestry.
		Terrestrial Mammals	Taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals is prohibited: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Law 98-07 of 29 April 1998 establishing the regime for hunting and protection of wild fauna.• Law 98-56 of 29 December 1998 on the management of the environment• Law 98-042 of 7 December 1998 of the regime for fishing.• Law 2004-040 of 8 June 2004 on the regime for forestry.
		Birds	Taking of all Appendix I birds is prohibited: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Law 98-07 of 29 April 1998 establishing the regime for hunting and protection of wild fauna.• Law 98-56 of 29 December 1998 on the management of the environment.• Law 98-042 of 7 December 1998 of the regime for fishing.• Law 2004-040 of 8 June 2004 on the regime for forestry.
		Reptiles	Taking of all Appendix I reptiles is prohibited: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Law 98-07 of 29 April 1998 establishing the regime for hunting and protection of wild fauna.

			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Law 98-56 of 29 December 1998 on the management of the environment.• Law 98-042 of 7 December 1998 of the regime for fishing.• Law 2004-040 of 8 June 2004 on the regime for forestry.
		Fish	Unknown
	Exceptions to the Take Prohibition		
		Aquatic Mammals	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.
		Terrestrial Mammals	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.
		Birds	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.
		Reptiles	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.
	Fish	Unknown	
Article III.4			
	Laws to conserve and, where feasible and appropriate, restore habitats of CMS Appendix I species		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Parks and natural reserves are listed, but insufficient information is provided to determine whether any Appendix I species inhabit these areas, and insufficient information is provided to determine the content of any obligations.	
	Laws that prevent, remove, compensate for or minimize, as appropriate, the adverse effects of activities or obstacles that seriously impede or prevent the migration of the species		
		Windmills (birds and bats)	Unknown
		Cell towers (birds and bats)	Unknown
		Dams (fish)	Unknown
		Road construction (mammals)	Unknown
		Train tracks (mammals)	Unknown
		Fishing gear/bycatch (marine mammals, sea turtles, fish)	Unknown
		Shipping (marine mammals)	Unknown
Laws that prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger the species, including strictly controlling the introduction of or controlling or eliminating, already introduced species.			

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creation of special monitoring teams controlling the entrance of all major cities in Niger and customs areas, to control the entrance and exit of products. • Insufficient information provided as to whether the plans and policies include mandatory duties.
Reservations, territorial inclusions, and territorial exclusions		
	Reservations	None
	Territorial Scope	"Niger". Thus, the Convention is presumed to apply on all territories, including all overseas territories and semi-autonomous zones.