Inventory

Implementation of Articles III.4 and III.5 of the Convention

Montenegro

Party since 1 March 2009

National Reports submitted: COP12 (2017), COP10 (2011)

Relevant Legislation

- Law on ratification of the Bonn Convention (Official Gazette of Montenegro international agreements 06/08-147).
- Law on Nature Protection (Off. Gazzete no 51/08).
- Rulebook on the protective measures and how to maintain crossings for wild animals ("Official Gazette of Montenegro", 80/10 of 31 December 2010).
- Hunting prohibition according by new Law of National Parks (Official Gazette of MNE no. 28/14).
- Law on Wildlife and Hunting (Official Gazette of MNE no. 20/15).

Article III.5	Article III E			
Laws that Implement the Take Prohibition				
Aq	uatic Mammals	Taking of all Appendix I aquatic mammals is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified.		
Tei	rrestrial Mammals	Unknown		
Bire	ds	Taking of all Appendix I birds is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified.		
Re	eptiles	Taking of all Appendix I reptiles is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified.		
Fis	sh	Taking of all Appendix I fish is not prohibited, but relevant law is not identified.		
Exceptions to the Take Prohibition				
Aq	uatic Mammals	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.		
Tei	rrestrial Mammals	Unknown		
Bird	rds	None granted recently, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.		
Re	eptiles	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.		
Fis	sh	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.		
Article III.4				
Laws to conserve and, where feasible and appropriate, restore habitats of CMS Appendix I species				

		d various protected areas, including national parks and strict nature reserves;		
	these sites may also be Ramsar, Emerald, or Important Bird Area sites. The Law of Nature Protection (off.			
	Gazette of MNE no 54/16) establishes very detailed requirements for designation and development of			
	protected areas. The Law also requires the development of a Management Plan and Annual Work Plan. The			
	Law on National Parks describes how the Public Enterprise must manage five national parks in Montenegro.			
	However, insufficient information is provided to determine whether any Appendix I species inhabit these			
	areas, and insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any obligations.			
Laws that prevent, remove, compensate for or minimize, as appropriate, the adverse effects of activities or obstacles that				
seriously impede or prevent the migration of the species				
	Windmills (birds and bats)	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is required.		
	Cell towers (birds and bats)	Unknown		
	Dams (fish)	Unknown		
	Road construction	Unknown		
	(mammals)			
	Train tracks (mammals)	Unknown		
	Fishing gear/bycatch	Unknown		
	(marine mammals, sea			
	turtles, fish)			
	Shipping (marine	Unknown		
	mammals)			
Laws that prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger the species, including				
strictly control	strictly controlling the introduction of or controlling or eliminating, already introduced species.			
	Montenegro has improved the inspection control on the coast, lakes and rivers regarding illegal fishing.			
	According to the Law on Nature, article 12, proposed activities and actions for which it is required by the law			
	to undertake an EIA, a feasibility assessment is an integral part of that EIA. The feasibility assessment shall			
	contain in particular the following: conditions and measures for prevention, reduction and removal of possible			
	harmful effects to nature, and compensatory conditions and measures.			
Reservations, territorial inclusions, and territorial exclusions				
Reservations				
Territorial	"Montenegro". Thus, the Convention is presumed to apply to all territory, including any overseas territories			
Scope	and semi-autonomous zones.			