

Inventory

Implementation of Articles III.4 and III.5 of the Convention

Ethiopia											
Party since 1 January 2010											
National Reports submitted: COP12 (2017), COP10 (2011)											
Relevant Legislation											
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proclamation for Government Council Ratification of the International Treaty of Endangered Wildlife and Plants Trade. • Proclamation No.14/1989 - adopted by the house of people and enforced by Ethiopian Wildlife Conservation Authority (EWCA). • Proclamation to amend the Institute of Biodiversity Conservation and Research Establishment. • Proclamation No 381/2004 - adopted by the House of Peoples' Representatives and enforced by EIB. • Proclamation for Genetic Resource and Public Rights, Proclamation No.482/2005 -adopted by the House of Peoples' Representatives and enforced by Ethiopian Institute of Biodiversity Conservation (EIB). • Proclamation to provide for the Development, Conservation and Utilization of Wildlife. • Proclamation No.541/2007 - adopted by the House of Peoples' Representatives and enforced by EWCA. • Regulation to provide Wildlife Development, Conservation and Utilization, Regulations No 163/2008 adopted by the Council of Ministers and enforced by EWCA. • Convention of Conservation of the Migratory Species of Wild Animals Ratification Proclamation No. 634/2009 adopted by the House of Peoples' Representatives. • African-Eurasian Waterbirds Agreement Ratification Proclamation No. 635/2009, adopted by the House of Peoples' Representatives. 										
Article III.5											
	Laws that Implement the Take Prohibition										
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Aquatic Mammals</td> <td>Unknown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Terrestrial Mammals</td> <td>Taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Birds</td> <td>Unclear. Proclamation No.541/2007 and Regulations No.163/2008 are the laws that govern wildlife Conservation, Development and Utilization in general and taking of bird species. Also, the proclamation for CITES agreement (endorsed in 1989) has relevance in this regard.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reptiles</td> <td>Unknown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fish</td> <td>Unknown</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Aquatic Mammals	Unknown	Terrestrial Mammals	Taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals is prohibited, but relevant law is not identified.	Birds	Unclear. Proclamation No.541/2007 and Regulations No.163/2008 are the laws that govern wildlife Conservation, Development and Utilization in general and taking of bird species. Also, the proclamation for CITES agreement (endorsed in 1989) has relevance in this regard.	Reptiles	Unknown	Fish	Unknown
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	Exceptions to the Take Prohibition										

	Aquatic Mammals	Unknown
	Terrestrial Mammals	Exceptions have been granted. No law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.
	Birds	None granted, but no law is identified to determine the scope of permissible exceptions.
	Reptiles	Unknown
	Fish	Unknown
Article III.4		
Laws to conserve and, where feasible and appropriate, restore habitats of CMS Appendix I species		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Areas have been set aside in order to ensure effective management of the potential habitats for species, including along the bird flyways and other habitats of migratory species. More than 50 protected areas of different classifications have been designated. However, insufficient information is provided to determine whether any Appendix I species inhabit these areas, and insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any obligations. 	
Laws that prevent, remove, compensate for or minimize, as appropriate, the adverse effects of activities or obstacles that seriously impede or prevent the migration of the species		
	Windmills (birds and bats)	The <i>Renewable Energy Technologies and Migratory Species: Guidelines for Sustainable Deployment</i> was taken into account partially in the energy sector and appropriately implemented environmentally friendly energy resources (wind, solar, hydropower and geo-energy).
	Cell towers (birds and bats)	Unknown
	Dams (fish)	Unknown
	Road construction (mammals)	Unknown
	Train tracks (mammals)	Unknown
	Fishing gear/bycatch (marine mammals, sea turtles, fish)	Unknown
	Shipping (marine mammals)	Unknown
Laws that prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger the species, including strictly controlling the introduction of or controlling or eliminating, already introduced species.		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Awareness raising forums with the energy stakeholders were organized. • Mitigation measures have been examined to address the electrocution issues. 	

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eradication of invasive species (water hyacinth) have been undertaken in collaboration with stakeholders. • Conservation action plans have been developed and implemented for the cheetah and Grevy's zebra. However, insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any obligations. • An integrated patrolling network has been established after launching broad awareness raising programs in order to halt the illegal trade incidences that have been practiced through Horn of Africa. Additional areas have been set aside and the developed action plans are being implementation in order to ensure effective management of the potential habitats for the species in question. However, insufficient information is provided to identify the content of any obligations. • Relevant stakeholders especially the energy sector have been consulted and considerable information was gathered on migratory bird distribution, population sizes, migrations and movements.
Reservations, territorial inclusions, and territorial exclusions		
	Reservations	None
	Territorial Scope	Presumed to apply to all territory, including any overseas territories and semi-autonomous zones.