

Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals



NATIONAL REPORT OF PARTIES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Reporting format agreed by the Standing Committee at its 32nd Meeting (Bonn, November 2007) for mandatory use by Parties, for reports submitted to the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP9) (Rome, 2008).

The questions below combine elements of Resolution 4.1 (Party Reports) adopted by the Fourth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi, June 1994) and Resolution 6.4 (Strategic Plan for the Convention on Migratory Species 2000-2005), adopted by the Sixth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Cape Town, November 1999), the COP8 Strategic Plan 2006-2011 and Resolution 8.24 adopted by the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi 2005), as well as commitments arising from other operational Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties.

Parties are encouraged to respond to all questions. Parties are also requested to provide comprehensive answers, including, where appropriate, a summary of activities, information on factors limiting action and details of any assistance required.

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Please enter here the name of your country: UNITED KINGDOM

Which agency has been primarily responsible for the preparation of this report?

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) www.defra.gov.uk

Please list any other agencies that have provided input:

Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) www.jncc.gov.uk

Please note that this document is focussed on implementation of CMS in metropolitan UK. Overseas territories (OTs) and Crown Dependencies (CDs) were sent a copy of the 2005 report and asked to provide input. Copies of the responses received are appended to this document as part of the UK report.

I(a). General Information

Please enter the required information in the table below:

Party	United Kingdom		
Date of entry into force of the Convention in [country name]	1 October 1985		
Period covered	2006-2008		
Territories to which the Convention applies NB. With respect to the UK's Overseas Territories, this report only covers information on those which have acceded to CMS.	United Kingdom and its Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies - Crown Dependencies: Bailiwick of Jersey Bailiwick of Guernsey Isle of Man - Overseas Territories: Ascension Island Bermuda British Indian Ocean Territory British Virgin Islands Cayman Islands Cyprus Sovereign Base Areas (SBAs) Falkland Islands Gibraltar Montserrat Pitcairn South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands St. Helena Tristan da Cunha Turks and Caicos Islands - Overseas Territories not acceded to CMS Anguilla		
DESIC	British Antarctic Territory NATED NATIONAL FOCAL POINT		
Full name of the institution	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra)		
Name and title of designated Focal Point	Trevor Salmon		
Mailing address	Wildlife Species Conservation Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Zone 1/07c Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6EB		
Telephone	+44 (0) 117 372 8384		
Fax	+44 (0) 117 372 8373		
E-mail	Trevor.Salmon@defra.gsi.gov.uk		
APPOINT	MENT TO THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL		
Full name of the institution	Scottish Natural Heritage		
Name and title of contact officer	Colin Galbraith		
Mailing address	Silvan House, 3 rd Floor East, 231, Corstorphine Road, Edinburgh, EH12 7AT		
Telephone	+44 (0) 131 316 2602		

Fax	+44 (0) 131 316 2690			
E-mail	Colin.galbraith@snh.gov.uk			
SUBMISSION				
Name and Signature of officer responsible for submitting national report	Name: Sally Cunningham Address: Wildlife Species Conservation Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Zone 1/07c Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6EB Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8032 Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8373			
	Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8373 E-mail: Sally.Cunningham@defra.gsi.gov.uk			
Date of submission				
Membership of the Standing Committee (if applicable):	Name: Mr Trevor Salmon (Chair) Address: Wildlife Species Conservation Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Zone 1/07c Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6EB			
	Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8384 Fax: +44 (0) 117 372 8373 E-mail: Trevor.Salmon@defra.gsi.gov.uk			
Competent Authority:	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs			
Relevant implemented legislation:	Whaling Industry (Regulations) Act 1934 National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1946 Fishery Limits Acts 1964 and 1976 Countryside (Scotland) Act 1967 Countryside Act 1968 Nature Conservancy Council Act 1973 Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act 1976 Fisheries Act 1981			
	Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (Variation of Schedules) Order 1988 Wildlife (Northern Ireland) Order 1985 Nature Conservation and Amenity Lands (Northern Ireland) Order 1985 Environmental Protection Act 1990 Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 1994 (implements the Habitats Directive) The Offshore Marine Conservation (Natural Habitats, &c.) Regulations 2007 Conservation (Nature Habitats, etc.) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1995 The Scotland Act 1998, the Government of Wales Act 1998, and the Northern Ireland Act 1998 introduced schemes of devolution to Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. Relations with the European Union (EU) and obligations arising out of Treaties and Conventions remain the responsibility			

of the UK government, but the devolved administrations are responsible for implementing obligations that concern devolved matters. Powers on environmental regulation are among the policy areas devolved.

The Environmental Regulations (Restriction on Use of Lead Shot) (England) Regulations 1999

Countryside and Rights of Way (CroW) Act 2000

The Environmental Regulations (Restriction on Use of Lead Shot) (Wales) Regulations 2001

The Environment (Northern Ireland) Order 2002

Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004

The Environmental Regulations (Restriction on Use of Lead Shot) (Scotland) Regulations 2004

EC Regulation 812/2004 on Bycatch

Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006

Isle of Man:

Endangered Species (Import & Export) Act 1981

Wildlife Act 1990

Bailiwick of Jersey:

Conservation of Wildlife (Jersey) Law 2000 (as amended)

Cayman Islands:

(draft) National Conservation Law (this is currently pending).

Gibraltar

Nature Protection Ordinance 1991

Other relevant Conventions/ Agreements (apart from CMS) to which *country name* is a Party:

NB. Based on status for metropolitan UK only, except where noted for individual Overseas Territories.

Convention on Wetlands of International Importance Especially as Waterfowl Habitat 1971 ("Ramsar Convention")

Convention on Marine Pollution 1972

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution by Ships 1973 ("MARPOL Convention")

Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora 1973 (CITES)

Council Directive of 2 April 1979 on the conservation of wild birds (79/409/EEC) (the "Birds Directive")

Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats 1979 ("Bern Convention")

Convention on the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources 1980 (CCAMLR)

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea 1982

Convention for the Protection and Development of the Marine Environment of the Wider Caribbean Region (Cartagena de Indias, 24 March 1983.

Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer 1985 ("Vienna Convention")

Convention for the Protection of the Natural Resources and Environment of the South Pacific (SPREP) and Final Act of the High Level Conference on the Protection of the Natural Resources and Environment of the South Pacific Region (Noumea, New Caledonia, 17-25 November 1986) (for Pitcairn). NB. Although the Agreement was signed by HMA Suva, Fiji, in respect of Pitcairn, Henderson, Ducie and Oeno Islands on 16/7/87, ratification has not taken place.

Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer 1987

Council Directive of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (92/43/EEC) (the "Habitats Directive")

Framework Convention on Climate Change 1992

	Convention on Biological Diversity 1992 (CBD)
	Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North East Atlantic 1992 ("OSPAR Convention")
	Implementation Agreement (of 4 August 1995) relating to Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks
	EU Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC)
	World Heritage Convention 1972 (WHC)
National policy instruments (e.g. national biodiversity conservation strategy, etc.):	 Working with the Grain of Nature (http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-countryside/biodiversity/biostrat/biostrategy1to4.pdf), which is the Biodiversity Strategy for England. Scotland's Biodiversity – It's in Your Hands (http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Resource/Doc/25954/0014583.pdf), which is a strategy for the conservation and enhancement of biodiversity in Scotland. The Wales Environment Strategy Action Plan covers a broader whole environment scope (http://new.wales.gov.uk/docrepos/40382/4038231121/118554/Env_strat_rewrite/Action_Plan_e.pdf?lang=en). The Northern Ireland Biodiversity Strategy (http://www.ehsni.gov.uk/nibs2002.pdf), explains how Northern Ireland plan to protect and enhance biodiversity until 2016.

Please indicate whether your country is part of the following Agreements/MoU. If so, please indicate the competent national institution

	1			
Wadden Sea Seals:		7	☐ Non-party Range State	
	Sign	ed but not yet entered force		
UK Contact		Membership of the Trilateral	Seal Expert Group	
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
Eurobats	N Party	7	☐ Non-party Range State	
	☐ Signo	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
UK Contact		Appointed member of the Ad	visory Committee	
Name: Huw Thomas (Head of Prote	cted and	Science Advisor:		
Non-Native Species Team)		Name: Jessa Battersby		
Address: European and Non-Native Sp Policy	pecies	Address: Joint Nature Conse Monkstone House	ervation Committee	
Department for Environment, Food and	Rural	City Road		
Affairs,		Peterborough		
Zone 1/08a		PE1 1JY		
Temple Quay House		United Kingdom	26	
2 The Square Temple Quay		Tel.: +44 (0)1733 562 6 Fax: +44 (0)1733 555 9		
Bristol		E-mail: Jessa.Battersby@ji		
BS1 6EB				
United Kingdom				
Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8296 Fax: +44 (0) 117 372 8688				
E-mail: <u>Huw.Thomas@Defra.gsi.gov</u>	v.uk			
ASCOBANS	□ Party	Ţ.	☐ Non-party Range State	
ASCODANS		ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
IW Co. 1	☐ Sign	-		
UK Contact		Appointed member of the Ad	visory Committee	
Name: Trevor Perfect Address: Marine and Freshwater Biod	iversity	Science Advisor: Name: Eunice Pinn/Mark	Tacker	
Division	iversity	Address: Joint Nature Conse		
Department for Environment, Food a	nd Rural	7 Thistle Place		
Affairs,		Aberdeen		
Area 2D Nobel House		AB10 1EZ Tel.: +44 (0)1224 655 7	04	
17 Smith Square		Fax: +44 (0)1224 633 7		
London		E-mail: <u>Eunice.pinn@jncc</u>		
SW1P 3JR		Mark.tasker@jncc.gov.uk		
United Kingdom				
Tel.: +44 (0)207 7238 4387				
Fax: +44 (0)207 7238 4699				
E-mail: <u>Trevor.Perfect@Defra.gsi.go</u>	ov.uk			
Membership of other committees or working groups:		North Sea harbour porpoise c	onservation plan working group	
	Dowt-	,	Non norty Dongs State	
AEWA:	☐ Party		☐ Non-party Range State	
	∐ Signe	ed but not yet entered force	Non Range State	
UK Contact		Appointed member of the Ad	visory Committee	
Name: John Clorley (Head of Wildl		Science Advisor:		
Crime,Zoos and Bird Conser	vation			

Policy) Address: European and UK Species P Department for Environment, Food a Affairs, Zone 1/11 Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6EB United Kingdom		Name: Address: Monkstor City Road Peterbord PE1 1JY United K Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	d ough	526 448
Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8702 Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8182 E-mail: John.Clorley@Defra.gsi.gov	<u>.uk</u>			
ACCOBAMS	☐ Party	I		
	☐ Sign	ed but not	yet entered force	☐ Non Range State
UK Contact Name: Trevor Perfect Address: Marine and Freshwater Biodiversity Division Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Area 2D Nobel House 17 Smith Square		Appointed member of the Advisory Committee Science Advisor: Name: Eunice Pinn Address: Joint Nature Conservation Committee 7 Thistle Place Aberdeen AB10 1EZ Tel.: +44 (0)1224 655 704		
London SW1P 3JR		Fax: E-mail:	+44 (0)1224 621 4 Eunice.pinn@jncc	
United Kingdom				
Tel.: +44 (0)207 7238 4387 Fax: +44 (0)207 7238 4699 E-mail: <u>Trevor.Perfect@Defra.gsi.go</u>	ov.uk			
Membership of committees or working	groups:			
ACAP	□ Party	7		☐ Non-party Range State
	☐ Sign	ed but not y	yet entered force	☐ Non Range State
UK Contact		Appointe	d member of the Ad	visory Committee
Name: Lynn Garvey		Science A	Advisor:	
Address: CITES and International Species Policy Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Zone 1/07 Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay		Dunnet H 7 Thistle Aberdeen AB10 1U United K	Place IZ ingdom	
Bristol BS1 6EB United Kingdom		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	+44 (0)1224 655 7 +44 (0)1224 621 4 mark.tasker@jncc	88
Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8591 Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8373 E-mail: Lynn.Garvey@Defra.gsi.gov	<u>/.uk</u>			
Membership of Advisory Committee		Name: Address:	As above	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		

Siberian Crane MoU: Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range State ☐ Non Range State
Competent authority	Name: Address:
	Tel.: Fax: E-mail:
Slender-billed Curlew MoU: Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range State ☐ Non Range State
Competent Authority	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:
Marine Turtle – Africa MoU: Signatory	Non-signatory Range State ☐ Non Range State
UK Contact Name: Lynn Garvey Address: CITES and International Species Policy Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Zone 1/07 Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6EB United Kingdom Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8591 Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8373 E-mail: Lynn.Garvey@Defra.gsi.gov.uk Great Bustard MoU: Signatory	Appointed member of the Advisory Committee Science Advisor: Name: Francesca Marubini Address: Joint Nature Conservation Committee Dunnet House 7 Thistle Place Aberdeen AB10 1UZ United Kingdom Tel.: +44 (0)1224 655 718 Fax: +44 (0)1224 621 488 E-mail: francesca.marubini@jncc.gov.uk
Competent Authority	National Contact Point
Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:
Marine Turtle MoU – IOSEA: Signatory	□ Non-signatory Range State □ Non Range State
UK Contact Name: Lynn Garvey Address: CITES and International Species Policy Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Zone 1/07 Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6EB United Kingdom	Appointed member of the Advisory Committee Science Advisor: Name: Francesca Marubini Address: Joint Nature Conservation Committee Dunnet House 7 Thistle Place Aberdeen AB10 1UZ United Kingdom Tel.: +44 (0)1224 655 718 Fax: +44 (0)1224 621 488 E-mail: francesca.marubini@jncc.gov.uk
Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8591 Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8373 E-mail: <u>Lynn.Garvey@Defra.gsi.gov.uk</u>	

Bukhara Deer MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range State ☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority		Name:
		Address:
		Tel.: Fax:
		E-mail:
Aquatic Warbler MoU:		Non-signatory Range State Non Range State
UK Contact		Appointed member of the Advisory Committee
Name: David Wootton	-	Science Advisor:
Address: Biodiversity Programm Department for Environment, Foo		Name: David Stroud
Zone 1/10	a una rearan min	Address: Joint Nature Conservation Committee Monkstone House
Temple Quay House		City Road
2 The Square Temple Quay		Peterborough
Bristol		PE1 1JY United Kingdom
BS1 6EB		Onica Kingaoni
United Kingdom		Tel.: +44 (0)1733 562 626
Tel.: +44 (0)117 372 8686		Fax: +44 (0)1733 555 948
Fax: +44 (0)117 372 8182		E-mail: <u>David.Stroud@jncc.gov.uk</u>
E-mail: <u>Dave.Wootton@Defra</u>	.gsi.gov.uk	
African Elephant MoU:	Signatory	
Competent national authority		National Contact Point
Name:		Name: Address:
Address:		Address.
Tel.:		Tel.:
Fax:		Fax: E-mail:
E-mail:		
Pacific Islands Cetaceans MoU:	Signatory	
Competent national authority		National Contact Point
Name:		Name: Address:
Address:		Address.
Tel.:		Tel.:
Fax:		Fax: E-mail:
E-mail:		
Mediterranean Monk Seal MoU	: Signatory	
Competent national authority		National Contact Point
Name:		Name: Address:
Address:		Address.
Tel.:		Tel.:
Fax:		Fax:
E-mail :		E-mail:

Which other government departments are involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country? (Please list.)

Government Departments and Devolved Administrations

Scottish Government Environment Department

http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Environment/Wildlife-Habitats

Department of the Environment Northern Ireland (DOENI) http://www.doeni.gov.uk/

Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO) http://www.fco.gov.uk/en/

Department for Business Enterprise & Regulatory Reform http://www.berr.gov.uk/

Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS) http://www.culture.gov.uk/

Department for International Development (DFID) http://www.dfid.gov.uk/

Ministry of Defence (MoD) http://www.mod.uk

Government Nature Conservation Agencies:

Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) www.jncc.gov.uk

Natural England http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/

Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH) http://www.snh.org.uk/

Countryside Council for Wales (CCW) http://www.ccw.gov.uk/

Environment and Heritage Service (EHS) http://www.ehsni.gov.uk/

Research Institutes:

Unite

Sea Mammal Research Unit (SMRU) http://www.smru.st-andrews.ac.uk/

Crown Dependencies Government Departments and Agencies

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF) http://www.gov.im/daff/ (Isle of Man)

Manx National Heritage (MNH) http://www.gov.im/mnh/ (Isle of Man)

Environment Department http://www.environment.gov.je (States of Jersey)

Environment Department http://www3.gov.gg/ccm/navigation/environment/ (States of Guernsey)

States of Alderney Government http://www.alderney.gov.gg/ (Alderney)

Sark Island Legislature (Court of Chief Pleas) http://www.sark.gov.gg/ (Sark)

Overseas Territories – Government Departments/Administrations

Ascension Island Conservation Department www.ascensionconservation.org.ac (Ascension Island)

Department of Conservation Services (part of the Ministry of Environment) www.gov.bm (Bermuda)

British Indian Ocean Territory Administrator (contact via <u>otdenquiries@fco.gov.uk</u>) (British Indian Ocean Territory)

Department of Conservation and Fisheries (part of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Labour) http://www.bvi.gov.vg/ (British Virgin Islands)

Department of the Environment (DoE) http://www.doe.8m.com/ (Cayman Islands)

Environment Department of the Sovereign Base Areas Administrator www.sba.mod.uk/ (contact via hqsbaa@cytanet.com.cy) The Sovereign Base Areas in Cyprus are the joint responsibility of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office and the Ministry of Defence. (Cyprus Sovereign Base Areas)

Falkland Islands Fisheries Department / Environment Department www.falklands.gov.fk (Falkland Islands)

The Assistant Chief Secretary, Government of Gibraltar, No.6 Convent Place, Gibraltar www.gibraltar.gov.gi (Gibraltar)

Ministry for Environment, Roads & Utilities, Joshua Hassan House, Secretary's Lane, Gibraltar www.gibraltar.gov.gi (Gibraltar)

Ministry of Agriculture, Lands, Housing and The Environment http://www.malhe.gov.ms/default.htm (Montserrat)

Administered by the Governor's Office at the British High Commission in Wellington together with a

If more than one government department is involved, describe the interaction/relationship between these government departments: The Scotland Act 1998, the Government of Wales Act 1998, and the Northern Ireland Act 1998 introduced schemes of devolution to Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. Relations with the European Union (EU) and obligations arising out of Treaties and Conventions remain the responsibility of the UK government, but the devolved administrations are responsible for implementing obligations that concern devolved matters. Powers on environmental regulation are among the policy areas devolved. Defra participates in regular meetings with other government departments on international biodiversity issues to help ensure a coordinated approach to issues occurs. Where necessary co-ordination between UK overseas territories / crown dependencies (OTs / CDs), either between OTs / CDs, or between them and other States, is facilitated. Has a national liaison system or committee been established in your country? Please provide contact information No. 4 List the main non-governmental organizations actively involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country, and describe their involvement: metropolitan UK Mammals Trust UK (http://www.mtuk.org/) The Bat Conservation Trust (http://www.bats.org.uk/) Whale and Dolphin Conservation Society (www.wdcs.org) Buglife (http://www.buglife.org.uk/) Royal Society for the Protection of Birds (http://www.rspb.org.uk/) British Trust for Ornithology (http://www.bto.org/) Shark Trust (http://www.sharktrust.org/) Wildfowl and Wetlands Trust (http://www.wwt.org.uk/) World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF-UK) (www.wwf-uk.org) Marine Conservation Society (<u>www.mcsuk.org</u>) Seawatch Foundation (www.seawatchfoundation.org.uk) International Fund for Animal Welfare (www.ifaw.org) Organisation Cetacea (www.orcaweb.org.uk) The Herpetological Conservation Trust (http://www.herpconstrust.org.uk/) British Association for Shooting and Conservation (www.basc.org.uk) Crown Dependencies Alderney Wildlife Trust (http://www.alderneywildlife.org/) La Société Guernesiaise (http://www.societe.org.gg/) National Trust for Jersey (http://www.nationaltrustjersey.org.je/general/home.asp) Société Jersiaise (http://www.societe-jersiaise.org/) Manx Wildlife Trust (http://www.wildlifetrust.org.uk/manxwt/) Manx Bird Atlas (http://www.manxbirdatlas.org.uk/index.shtml) Basking Shark Society (http://www.isle-of-man.com/interests/shark/index.htm) Manx Bat Group (see above for The Bat Conservation Trust) Overseas Territories UK Overseas Territories Conservation Forum (http://www.ukotcf.org/) Ascension Island Conservation Department (http://www.ascensionconservation.org.ac/) Ascension Heritage Society (http://www.heritage.org.ac/) Bermuda Audubon Society (http://www.audubon.bm/)

Bermuda National Trust (http://www.bnt.bm/) Bermuda Zoological Society (http://www.bamz.org) Chagos Conservation Trust (http://www.chagosconservationtrust.org/) National Parks Trust of the British Virgin Islands (http://www.bvinationalparkstrust.org/) National Trust for the Cayman Islands (http://www.nationaltrust.org.ky/) Falklands Conservation (http://www.falklandsconservation.com/) Gibraltar Ornithological & Natural History Society (http://www.gonhs.org/) Montserrat National Trust (http://www.ukotcf.org/territories/montserrat.htm) St Helena National Trust (http://www.nationaltrust.org.sh/) National Trust of the Turks & Caicos Islands (http://www.nationaltrust.tc) 4a Please provide detail on any devolved government/overseas territory authorities involved. See question 2 5 Describe any involvement of the private sector in the conservation of migratory species in your country: UK experts participate in steering groups for projects funded by the international oil and gas industry examining issues of effects of noise on marine mammals and other migratory species. Since 2002, Defra has worked with an international non-governmental organization, Fauna and Flora International, to fund projects on flagship species, which includes marine turtles. This initiative also seeks to secure private sector funds for these projects. To date, Vodafone, BP and Rio Tinto have all made contributions. In 2007 marine turtle projects in Antigua and Barbuda, and Leatherback turtles in Nicaragua received funding and in 2006 marine turtles in Zanzibar received funding. A further payment to marine turtles in Antigua and Barbados will be made in 2008. Note any interactions between these sectors in the conservation of migratory species in your country:

I(b). Information about involved Authorities

Identify the ministry, agency/department or organization that is responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I species

1	Birds	metropolitan UK: In the terrestrial and inshore marine environment, policy responsibility for England lies with the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, in Scotland with the Scottish Government, in Wales with the Welsh Assembly Government and in Northern Ireland with the Department of the Environment Northern Ireland. Executive actions for species conservation are undertaken respectively by Natural England, Scottish Natural Heritage, the Countryside Council for Wales and the Northern Irish Environment and Heritage Service. In the offshore environment, the lead responsibility lies with the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform. The Joint Nature Conservation Committee has an advisory role to both government and the country conservation agencies. See Appended reports for OT responses
2	Marine Mammals	metropolitan UK: As for section on Birds See Appended reports for OT responses
3	Marine Turtles	metropolitan UK: As for section on Birds See Appended reports for OT responses
4	Terrestrial Mammals	N/A
5	Bats	metropolitan UK: As for section on Birds NB. Within metropolitan UK there are no Appendix I bat species. See Appended reports for OT responses
6	Other Taxa	metropolitan UK: As for section on Birds See Appended reports for OT responses

	II. Appendix I species
	1. BIRDS
1.1	General questions on Appendix I bird species

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bird species prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bird species is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bird species:
	By-catch
	Habitat destruction
	Pollution
	Other (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	An EU review on seabird bycatch in EU European waters has been carried out. Some fisheries in UK waters have been stopped because of bycatch. There has been a great deal of work around Falklands and South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands on the development and application of appropriate mitigation measures for bycatch. All offshore and onshore wind turbine proposals are subject to full environmental assessment in a variety of forms and in cases where severe obstacle, have been turned down. Pollution is controlled by a variety of means, including legislation, regulation and public awareness.
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bird species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Illegal trade Doaching
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger bird species beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
	Ruddy duck eradication
	UK wide eradication programme for ruddy duck (<i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i>) began in September 2005: with the ruddy duck aim of its eradication in the UK: the Ruddy Duck poses a threat to globally threatened whiteheaded duck (<i>Oxyura leucocephala</i>) and eradication of the ruddy duck in Western Europe is the desired outcome.
	Following several years of research into the most effective control methods, the eradication programme began in September 2005. It is due to run until August 2010 and is financed by the EU LIFE-Nature Programme and the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra). The Spanish Ministry of the Environment is a partner in the project. It is estimated that at the beginning of the Eradication Programme the UK population was around 4,400 birds. The most recent assessment (April 2008) indicates the British population now to be 400-500 birds. For more information see: http://www.nonnativespecies.org/Ruddy_Duck/index.cfm
	Great Bustard reintroduction
	The Great Bustard Group trial re-introduction project started in 2004. Over the period 2004-2007, sixty-nine (69) juvenile birds were released into the wild in the UK at a single site on Salisbury Plain, Wiltshire. Juvenile birds are sourced from eggs collected from non-viable nests in the Saratov region of Russia. Of released birds, from nine to twenty-four (9-24) birds were living wild in the UK in early 2008. In 2007, the first breeding

	attempt took place, but the single clutch was infertile. The trial re-introduction is licensed by the UK government for a period of 10 years and it is anticipated that further releases of juvenile birds will take place in each year of the ten year period to 2013; the long-term aim of the project is to establish a self-sustaining population of around 200 individuals in the release area.
	Released juveniles are monitored closely, and most individuals have been fitted with radio-transmitters to assist with tracking movements and establishing survival estimates.
	The Great Bustard Group, which is undertaking the trial re-introduction, has put considerable effort into raising awareness of the project and the conservation of Great Bustards more generally through a variety of approaches, including published articles, lectures, and guided tours at the release area.
	The Great Bustard is afforded legal protection under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). It is an offence to intentionally take, injure or kill a Great Bustard or to take, damage or destroy its nest, eggs or young.
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	The UK ruddy duck eradication programme has been progressing well and 4,940 ruddy ducks have been shot since September 2005. More information of the eradication programme can be found on UK ruddy duck webpages at http://www.nonnativespecies.org/Ruddy_Duck/index.cfm
	Great Bustard re-introduction to the UK is at its earliest stages and so the population remains focussed on Salisbury Plain, Wiltshire. However, wild birds do make seasonal movements to other areas, in particular to the south west of the release area to several sites in Gloucestershire and Somerset (including the Somerset Levels protected area).
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

1.2 Questions on specific Appendix I bird species

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	cies name Acrocephalus paludicola – Common Name(s) Aquatic warbler
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
	Baker, H., Stroud, D.A., Aebischer, N.J., Cranswick, P.A., Gregory, R.D., McSorley, C.A., Noble, D.G. & Rehfisch, M.M. (2006). Population estimates of birds in Great Britain and the United Kingdom. <i>British Birds</i> 99: 25-44.
	British Trust for Ornithology, Ringing and Migration Journals http://www.bto.org/ringing/rmj/rmj-issues.htm
	Stroud, D.A., Chambers, D., Cook, S., Buxton, N., Fraser, B., Clement, P., Lewis, P., McLean, I., Baker, H. & Whitehead, S. (eds.) 2001. <i>The UK SPA network: its scope and content.</i> JNCC, Peterborough. Three volumes (90 pp; 438 pp; 392 pp). http://www.jncc.gov.uk/pdf/UKSPA/UKSPA-A6-100.pdf
	UK Biodiversity Action Plan: http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=76
	UK National Report for the Aquatic Warbler MoU and Action Plan 2003-2006: http://www.cms.int/species/aquatic_warbler/meetings/pdf/Inf_03_11_NationalReport_UK.pdf
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
	During the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Priorities Review, which concluded in 2007, <i>A. paludicola</i> was maintained on the new list of priority species based on an assessment of a 68% population decline over the last 25 years; population size was assessed as 16 individuals (mean 1998-2002). A population assessment published by Baker <i>et al.</i> , in 2006 was 33 individuals (mean 1996-2000).
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ⊠ unclear ☐
	Despite their eastern European breeding distribution, <i>A. paludicola</i> migrates west or south-west in autumn en route to wintering areas in western Africa. This brings them into north-west Europe before they turn south through France and Iberia. Observations in Great Britain show that they are virtually restricted to reedbed habitats during their migration through Europe. Accordingly, small numbers of birds occur in southern England every autumn, mostly as drift migrants. The UK passage population is very small and at the edge of the species' range, although several sites have a long history of occurrence. All regular passage sites are in England, concentrated on the south coast. On autumn passage, <i>A. paludicola</i> occupies damp habitats with rushes.
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Suite of three EU Special Protection Areas established for the species (Stroud <i>et al.</i> , 2001: http://www.jncc.gov.uk/pdf/UKSPA/UKSPA-A6-100.pdf)
	Additionally the Ramsar site of Lihou Island and L`Erée Headland, Guernsey is also important for migrant Aquatic Warblers (http://www.jncc.gov.uk/pdf/RIS/UK22001.pdf)
	Monitoring
	Irregular occurrence limits the potential for systematic survey. Sites regularly used are well watched and observations from those areas and elsewhere are annually published in country bird reports, and collated nationally and published by the journal <i>British Birds</i> .
	Annual totals of ringed birds are reported to British Trust for Ornithology each year (http://www.bto.org/ringing/rmj/rmj-issues.htm); in 2005 the cumulative total for <i>A. paludicola</i> ringed in the UK was 753.
	Statutory sites classified for <i>A. paludicola</i> in the UK are all subject to JNCC's Common Standards Monitoring programme which aims to regularly assess the features for which the sites have been classified

	(http://www.jncc.gov.uk.page-2217).		
	Education/awareness rising		
	Species protection	\boxtimes	
	Implementation of UK Biodiversity Action Plan, which has been in place since 1995: (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=76)		
	Protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.		
Control hunting / poaching			
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration	\boxtimes	
	A five year project to restore reedbed habitat has been a A. paludicola. The project was aided by £49,000 from	undertaken at Marazion Marsh, a RSPB reserve and SPA for an EU funded LIFE project.	
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in taken?	n the reporting period, what has prevented such action being	
_	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this s	species:	
5	A. paludicola was maintained as a priority species follo Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriority	owing the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Species and Habitats	
5	A. paludicola was maintained as a priority species following in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriority Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlar the new list of UK BAP priorities. Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the exituk BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, species and habitat actions. Another big change is that through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, by	owing the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Species and Habitats VList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP as.aspx?ID=76) will continue until details are finalised for P priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP sting implementation. One of the main changes is that the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely ut through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions acc, through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-	
5	A. paludicola was maintained as a priority species following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the exituK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, species and habitat actions. Another big change is that through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, by taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes et	owing the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Species and Habitats VList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP as.aspx?ID=76) will continue until details are finalised for P priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP sting implementation. One of the main changes is that the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely ut through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions acc, through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-	
	A. paludicola was maintained as a priority species following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the exituK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, species and habitat actions. Another big change is that through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, by taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes et	owing the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Species and Habitats over the Market Species and Habitats over the Example 19 will continue until details are finalised for P priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP esting implementation. One of the main changes is that the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely ut through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions in the combination of SAPs, country policies, actions in the combination of SAPs, which is the combination of SAPs actions in the combination of SAPs.	
	A. paludicola was maintained as a priority species follong Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriority Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlar the new list of UK BAP priorities. Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the exit UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, species and habitat actions. Another big change is that through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, be taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes et ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriated.	owing the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Species and Habitats over the Market Species and Habitats over the Example 19 will continue until details are finalised for P priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP esting implementation. One of the main changes is that the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely ut through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions in the combination of SAPs, country policies, actions in the combination of SAPs, which is the combination of SAPs actions in the combination of SAPs.	
Spec	A. paludicola was maintained as a priority species follong Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriority Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlar the new list of UK BAP priorities. Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the exit UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, species and habitat actions. Another big change is that through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, be taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes et ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate cies name Haliaeetus albicilla — Common Name(s) Please provide published distribution reference: Bainbridge, I.P., Evans, R.J., Broad, R.A., Crooke, C.F. Reintroduction of White-tailed eagles (Haliaeetus albicilla)	owing the UK Biodiversity Action Plan Species and Habitats <u>vList.aspx</u>). Implementation of the existing UK BAP <u>ns.aspx?ID=76</u>) will continue until details are finalised for P priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP sting implementation. One of the main changes is that the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely ut through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions c., through action taken at the priority habitat level and coee, by the UK. White-tailed eagle I., Duffy, K., Green, R.E., Love, J.A. & Mudge, G.P. 2003.	

Species name Haliaeetus albicilla - Common Name(s) White-tailed eagle		
1	Please provide published distribution reference:	
	Bainbridge, I.P., Evans, R.J., Broad, R.A., Crooke, C.H., Duffy, K., Green, R.E., Love, J.A. & Mudge, G.P. 2003. Reintroduction of White-tailed eagles (<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i>) to Scotland. Pp. 393-406. <i>In</i> : Thompson, D.B.A., Redpath, S.M., Fielding, A.H., Marquiss, M. & Galbraith, C.A. (eds.) <i>Birds of prey in a changing environment</i> . The Stationary Office, Edinburgh.	
	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds; Species and Habitats Monitoring Report 2007 – White-tailed eagle (Internal RSPB Report)	
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):	
	increasing ☑ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☐ unclear ☐	
	Summary from Bainbridge et al. (2003):	
	H. albicilla became extinct in Britain in 1918 following a prolonged period of human persecution. Due to a decrease in raptor persecution and changes in legislation, conditions were deemed suitable for the species to be reintroduced by the 1950s. After two brief attempts, a large-scale release programme was initiated in 1975. Between 1975 and 1985, 82 young birds from Norway were released on the island of Rum off the west coast of Scotland. The first clutch of eggs was laid in the wild in 1983 and the first successful breeding occurred in 1985.	
	By 1992, eight territories were occupied, but overall breeding performance was not high and the likelihood of chance effects leading to eventual extinction was considered high enough to justify a second series of releases. Between 1993 and 1998 a further 58 young eagles from Norway were released on the Scottish mainland. The first of these birds bred in 1998. Wild-bred progeny from the first release raised young for the first time in 1996 and by 2000, 22 territories were occupied, 21 by territorial pairs.	
	By 2002, 26 territories were occupied, 25 by territorial pairs, and half of the territory-holding birds were wild-bred	

	offspring of the first phase released birds. In 2001, 11 young fledged, and in 2002, 12 young fledged.		
	In 2003 there were 31 occupied territories. Within these, territorial pairs produced 26 young. In 2004, 19 young were produced from 32 pairs.		
	According to latest data, recorded by the RSPB in 2007, 42 territories were occupied by pairs, covering 34 10km national grid squares; 35 breeding attempts were confirmed of which 24 were successful; 34 young fledged. It is estimated that the population in west Scotland is growing by 8-12% per year and therefore self-sustaining, without recourse to further reintroductions.		
	The species is not migratory in the UK.		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
	Recolonisation of potential range in lowland Britain will be significantly accelerated by further release projects in eastern Scotland (which began in 2007) and England (expected in 2009). Providing deliberate persecution/ egg-collecting does not limit breeding success and survival, the prospects for a continued recovery look good, though it will continue to be slow and potential effects of long-term changes in agriculture and marine fisheries are far from clear.		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	A monitoring programme has been completed; additional survey work in Spring 2007, part-funded by Scottish Natural Heritage, helped to find six new pairs.		
	Education/awareness rising		
	Successful public viewing on Isles of Mull and Skye.		
	Species protection		
	The white-tailed eagle is afforded legal protection under Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.		
	It is an offence to intentionally take, injure or kill a white-tailed eagle or to take, damage or destroy its nest, eggs or young. It is also an offence to intentionally or recklessly disturb the birds close to their nest during the breeding season. Violation of the law can attract fines up to £5,000 per offence and/or a prison sentence of up to six months.		
	The Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 widens this protection and provides additional protection for white-tailed eagles and their nests. The Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 introduced protection of white-tailed eagle nests all of the year in England and Wales throughout Great Britain.		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	East Scotland translocations initiated in 2007.		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
	Plans to implement a new monitoring agreement between the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds and Scottish Natural Heritage in North Scotland are underway for the period $2008/09 - 2010/11$.		
	RSPB will also participate in translocations of <i>H. albicilla</i> to England.		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:

Since 2005 the import of all captive birds into the EU has been banned to prevent the spread of the H5N1 Avian Influence pathogene. This action has had a knock on effect with reports that disused quarantine facilities have either shut down or been converted to accommodate other species (such as Tortoise). A report on the effect of the ban on illegal trade and livliehoods is to be published on the internet in June 2008.

	2.	MARINE MAMMALS
2.1	General quest	ions on Appendix I marine mammals

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine mammals prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:			
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine mammals is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?			
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):			
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine mammals:			
	By-catch Collision with fishing traffic			
	Pollution			
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) Collision with shipping			
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?			
	Bycatch monitoring was undertaken to meet the requirements of EU Council Regulation 812/2004 and the Habitats Directive (92/43/EC).			
	Defra have funded a cetacean bycatch monitoring scheme to continue to monitor bycatch as required by 812/2004 on vessels >15m in length and also to develop monitoring techniques for use on smaller vessels. Through the UK Small Cetacean Bycatch Response Strategy, potential bycatch mitigation techniques identified to possibly reduce bycatch are grouped into three main areas: acoustic deterrents, gear modification and fisheries management. These are all under going trials or are being phased into use within fisheries at present			
	Studies on the effectiveness, costs and availability of pingers in the UK continue to indicate that there are no pingers satisfactory for immediate use. The European Commission recognises the dangers they pose to the health and safety of fishermen using the devices. The UK is continuing work towards developing a suitable pinger and currently are focused the effects of a louder pinger (which could hopefully reduce deployment problems and cost). Depending on the results of this study, industry trials may begin later in 2008.			
	The Sea mammal Research Unit (SMRU) has continued its work on mitigation measures including work involved in the pelagic pair trawl fishery for bass. Nets with extensive escape zones and/or separator grids have been designed and implemented, but chances to test the net have been limited to reduced fishing effort. Consequently progress in this area has been limited.			
	Through the UK Cetacean stranding scheme (CSIP), a long-term tissue dataset has been developed since 1989 which contains pathology and toxicology data for over 600 UK-stranded cetaceans, with approximately 100 samples added annually.			
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
	Bycatch has been reduced. This has, however, been associated more with a reduction in fishing effort in particular fisheries and a possible redistribution of some species away from high risk areas rather than due to success in implementation of mitigation and bycatch reduction measures.			
	With respect to pollution studies, a case-control epidemiological study has demonstrated statistically significant associations between elevated $\Sigma 25 CBs$ levels and increasing risk of infectious disease mortality (using physical trauma cases as controls) largely to be the result of immunosuppression. This work is ongoing.			
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?			
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine mammal species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?			
	Pollution By-catch			
	Other (please specify) Collision with shipping			
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine mammal beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?			
	See Section 2a			
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			

	See Section 2b
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

2.2 Questions on specific Appendix I marine mammals

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine mammal species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Species name Balaenoptera borealis – Common Name(s) Sei whale			
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
	Cattanach, K.L., Sigurjonsson, J., Buckland, S.T. & Gunnlaugsson, TH., 1993. Sei whale abundance, estimated from Icelandic and Faroese NASS-87 and NASS-89 data. <i>Report of the International Whaling commission</i> , 43 , 315-321.		
	Jepson, P.D. (Ed) 2006. Trends in cetacean strandings around the UK coastline and cetacean and marine turtle post-mortem investigations, 2000 to 2004 inclusive. Defra Contract CRO 238.		
	Pollock, C.M., Mavor, R., Weir, C.R., Reid, A., White, R.W., Tasker, M.L., Webb, A., Reid, J.B., 2000. <i>The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in the Atlantic Frontier, north and west of Scotland</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Aberdeen, UK.		
	Reid, J.B., Evans, P.G.H. & Northridge, S.P., 2003. <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough.		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear		
	No current population estimates exist for <i>B. borealis</i> in the North Atlantic although sightings surveys undertaken in late 1987 and 1989 indicate a possible abundance of 13,500 individuals (Cattanach <i>et al.</i> , 1993).		
	B. borealis is a rare visitor to UK waters (Reid et al., 2003). All data sources indicate that there are high inter-year variations in occurrence of this species.		
	Since 1913 there have been 13 strandings in the UK, the most recent occurring in 2001 (Jepson, 2006).		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear		
	In UK waters <i>B. borealis</i> is most frequently recorded in the Faroe-Shetland Channel and adjacent waters, also occasionally in deep waters west of Scotland, but only rarely in shelf waters of western Britain. Mainly observed north and west of Scotland between May an October, although sightings have also been made in the south western approaches, between Ireland and south west England (Pollock <i>et al.</i> , 2001).		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	In 2005, the UK was a major supporter of the EU LIFE Nature project SCANS-II (Small Cetaceans in the European Atlantic and North Sea II (http://biology.st-andrews.ac.uk/scans2/), which completed a survey of cetaceans in the European Atlantic continental shelf and made recommendations for monitoring cetacean populations. Whilst in 2007, the Cetacean Offshore Distribution and Abundance (CODA) project was supported. This was an international effort to survey beyond the continental shelf, of the European Atlantic to collect data on distribution and abundance. Data will become available later in 2008.		
	Collaboration between the Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC), the Sea Watch Foundation and the Sea Mammal Research Unit saw the establishment of the Joint Cetacean Database and production of the <i>Atlas of Cetacean distribution in north-west European waters</i> (Reid et al., 2003). In light of more recent surveys and the mobile, transboundary nature of cetacean populations, the JCD has been superceded by the Joint Cetacean Protocol (JCP) with the hope of contributors from different countries in Europe participating in order to enable transboundary approaches to evaluating the conservation status of cetaceans.		
	As part of the requirements under the EU Habitats Directive, the favourable conservation status (fcs) of all		

cetacean species occurring in UK waters was assessed in 2007. 5 species were considered to be in a favourable condition, whilst the condition of an additional 6 species was considered to be unknown. The remaining 17 species recorded from UK waters were considered to be rare and/or vagrant and as such a full fcs assessment could not be undertaken. Base on the outcomes of SCANS II and our experience in developing the fcs, a surveillance strategy for cetaceans is currently being developed for UK waters. Approximately 500-700 cetcaeans, comprising up to 17 species, strand annually on UK coasts. All UK strandings (together with bycaught cetaceans and those seen floating at sea) continue to be recorded on the Natural History Museum's National Whale Stranding database, whilst post mortem examinations (approximately 100 per year) are recorded on the Institute of Zoology's Poseidon database. Funding has recently been secured to combine these to databases during 2008. Education / awareness rising Scottish Natural Heritage produced the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code, designed to protect and promote enjoyment and to raise awareness about how best to watch marine wildlife with minimal disturbance. Species protection \boxtimes All baleen whales are protected under schedule 5 in both the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 and the Wildlife (Northern Ireland) Order 1985. Legislation has been reviewed in order to provide cetaceans with extra protection from disturbance. The Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) has developed guidelines aimed at minimising the risk of acoustic disturbance to marine mammals from seismic surveys, which were updated in 2004, that are being implemented by the Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform as part of the consents process. Additionally, amendments to the Conservation (Natural Habitats &c.) Regulations 1994 (England and Wales) and the new Offshore Marine Regulations (OMR) which came into force in 2007 have necessitated the development of guidance to help users understand the legal requirements under the Habitats Directive in relation to disturbance of cetaceans. In 2008, these will be subject to a 12 week period of public consultation. The UK Ministry of Defence (MOD) has undertaken a number of measures to address the potential impact of military sonar and noise in the marine environment. B. borealis is included in the Grouped Species Action Plan for baleen whales within the UK Biodiversity Action Plan (<u>http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=753</u>). See section 5 for further details Control hunting / poaching Whaling is illegal in UK waters (Fisheries Act 1981). The UK is a member of the International Whaling Commission http://www.iwcoffice.org/index.htm, and supports the moratorium on commercial whaling. Species restoration Habitat protection Habitat restoration Other The UK's position within the International Whaling Commission, in addition to supporting the moratorium on commercial whaling, has been to work towards placing the issue of environmental threats to cetaceans permanently on the IWC agenda and to ensure that international trade in whale products is prohibited. If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken? Describe any future activities that are planned for this species: B. borealis was maintained as a priority species following the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=753) will continue until details are finalised for the new list of UK BAP priorities. Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in species and habitat actions. Another big change is that many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level and coordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate, by the UK. An update to the Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters, published by the Joint Nature Conservation Committee in 2003, is anticipated in the longer term.

Spe	Species name Balaenoptera musculus – Common Name(s) Blue whale			
1	Please provide published distribution reference:			
	Charif, R.A. & Clark, C.W., 2000. Acoustic monitoring of large whales off north and west Britain and Ireland: a two year study, October 1996-September 1998. JNCC Report No. 313.			
	Clapham et al., 1999. Baleen whales: conservation issues and the status of the most endangered populations. <i>Mammal Review</i> 29 :35-60.			
	Nowak, R. 2003. Walker's Marine Mammals of the World. Baltimore and London: Johns Hopkins University Press.			
	Pollock, C.M., Mavor, R., Weir, C.R., Reid, A., White, R.W., Tasker, M.L., Webb, A., Reid, J.B., 2000. <i>The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in the Atlantic Frontier, north and west of Scotland</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Aberdeen, UK.			
	Reid, J.B., Evans, P.G.H. & Northridge, S.P., 2003. <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough.			
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):			
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☑ unclear ☐			
	Currently there are no population size estimates for <i>B. musculus</i> , although the population is thought to be small (Clapham <i>et al.</i> , 1999; Reid <i>et al.</i> , 2003), and is believed to have declined by 98% in the North Atlantic over 60 years as a result of commercial whaling (Nowak, 2003).			
	This species is a rare visitor to UK waters (Reid et al., 2003) and there is insufficient data to assess population trend in UK waters.			
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):			
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☑ unclear ☐			
	Within UK waters <i>B. musculus</i> has most recently being recorded in deep waters in the Faroe-Shetland Channel and the Rockall Trough (Charif & Clark, 2000; Pollock <i>et al.</i> , 2000). Acoustic monitoring to the west of the European continental shelf has indicated a peak occurrence during November and December (Charif & Clark, 2000).			
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):			
	Research			
	Identification and establishment of protected areas			
	Monitoring			
	As Balaenoptera borealis			
	Education / awareness rising			
	Scottish Natural Heritage recently produced the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code, designed to protect and promote enjoyment and to raise awareness about how best to watch marine wildlife with minimal disturbance.			
	Species protection			
	As Balaenoptera borealis			
	Control hunting / poaching			
	Whaling is illegal in UK waters (Fisheries Act 1981). The UK is a member of the International Whaling Commission http://www.iwcoffice.org/index.htm , and supports the moratorium on commercial whaling.			
	Species restoration			
	Habitat protection			
	Habitat restoration			
	Other			
	The UK's position within the International Whaling Commission, in addition to supporting the moratorium on commercial whaling, has been to work towards placing the issue of environmental threats to cetaceans permanently on the IWC agenda and to ensure that international trade in whale products is prohibited.			
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?			

Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:

B. musculus was maintained as a priority species following the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=753) will continue until details are finalised for the new list of UK BAP priorities.

Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in species and habitat actions. Another big change is that many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate, by the UK.

An update to the *Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters*, published by the Joint Nature

Conservation Committee in 2003, is anticipated in the longer term.

Species name Balaenoptera physalus – Common Name(s) Fin whale

1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
	Charif, R.A. & Clark, C.W., 2000. Acoustic monitoring of large whales off north and west Britain and Ireland: a two year study, October 1996-September 1998. JNCC Report No. 313.		
	Evans, P.G.H., Anderwald, P. & Baines, M.E. 2003. <i>UK Cetacean Status Review</i> . Report to English Nature and the Countryside Council for Wales. 159.		
	Reid, J.B., Evans, P.G.H. & Northridge, S.P., 2003. <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough.		
	Vikingsson, G.A., Pike, D.G., Desportes, G. Øien, N., Gunnlaugsson T. & Bloch, D. (in press). <i>Distribution and abundance of fin whales (Balaenoptera physalus) in the Northeast and Central Atlantic as inferred from the North Atlantic Sightings Surveys 1987-2001</i> . NAMMCO Scientific Publications.		
	Weir, C.R., Pollock, C., Cronin, C. & Taylor, S. 2001. Cetaceans of the Atlantic Frontier, north and west of Scotland. <i>Continental Shelf Science</i> , 21 , 1047-1071.		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
	The best population estimate for the eastern North Atlantic is 4,100 (cv=0.21) calculated from surveys between 1996 and 2001, and for the central North Atlantic (including the Faroes and some waters within the UK 200 nautical mile limit) is 25,800 (cv=0.13) for the year 2001 (Víkingsson et al., <i>in press</i>). However, the relationship between whales that occur in UK waters and the wider North Atlantic is unclear at the moment.		
	For an area of the central North Atlantic (which includes the Faroes and some waters within the UK 200 nautical mile limit) there is an estimated 4% increase per year in population size between 1987 and 2001, although not found to be statistically significant (Víkingsson <i>et al.</i> , in press). In contrast, there was no evidence of any trend in abundance in the eastern North Atlantic (Vikingsson <i>et al.</i> , in press).		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
	Around the UK, <i>B. physalus</i> is mostly seen in deep waters beyond the edge of the continental shelf and during the summer and autumn (Weir <i>et al.</i> , 2001; Reid <i>et al.</i> , 2003). However there are also winter records from shelf waters southwest of Britain, including juveniles (Evans <i>et al.</i> , 2003). Acoustic data show <i>B. physalus</i> to be present year round in UK waters (Charif & Clark, 2000).		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Education / awareness rising		

	Scottish Natural Heritage recently produced the Scottish Marine Wildlife Watching Code, designed to protect and promote enjoyment and to raise awareness about how best to watch marine wildlife with minimal disturbance.		
	Species protection		
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Whaling is illegal in UK waters (Fisheries Act 1981). The UK is a member of the International Whaling Commission http://www.iwcoffice.org/index.htm , and supports the moratorium on commercial whaling.		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other 🖂		
	The UK's position within the International Whaling Commission, in addition to supporting the moratorium on commercial whaling, has been to work towards placing the issue of environmental threats to cetaceans permanently on the IWC agenda and to ensure that international trade in whale products is prohibited.		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
	B. physalus was maintained as a priority species following the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx) will continue until details are finalised for the new list of UK BAP priorities.		
	Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in species and habitat actions. Another big change is that many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate, by the UK.		
	An update to the <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters</i> , published by the Joint Nature Conservation Committee in 2003, is anticipated in the longer term.		
	cies name Eubalaena glacialis – Common Name(s) Northern right whale		
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
	Clapham, P, S. B. Young, and R. L. Brownell, Jr. 1999. Baleen whales: conservation issues and the status of the most endangered populations. <i>Mammal Review</i> . 29 :35–60.		
	Evans, P.G.H. (1992). <i>Status Review of Cetaceans in British and Irish Waters</i> . Sea Watch Foundation report to the UK Department of the Environment.		
	Evans, P.G.H., Anderwald, P. & Baines, M.E. 2003. <i>UK Cetacean Status Review</i> . Report to English Nature and the Countryside Council for Wales. 159.		
	Knowlton, A.R., S.D. Kraus, and R.D. Denney. 1994. Reproduction in North Atlantic right whales, <i>Eubalaena glacialis</i> . <i>Canadian Journal of Zoology</i> . 72 :1297-1305.		
	Reid, J.B., Evans, P.G.H. & Northridge, S.P., 2003. Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters. Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough.		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ⊠ unclear ☐		
	A small proportion of around 300 animals persists in the northwest Atlantic (Knowlton <i>et al.</i> , 1994; Perry <i>et al.</i> , 1999). The population status in the eastern North Atlantic is unknown (Reid <i>et al.</i> , 2003). There is uncertainty as to whether sightings in UK waters represent wanderers from the western population or a remnant eastern population (Clapham <i>et al.</i> , 1999; Perry <i>et al.</i> , 1999).		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		

	increasing decreasing stable stable	not known ⊠ unclear □	
	in the northern Irish Sea (Evans, 1992); August 1980	proximately 600km west of Scotland (Evans, 1992); May 1979 in the Outer Hebrides, Scotland (Evans, 1992); June 2000 03); and July 2000 north of Shetland (Evans <i>et al.</i> , 2003).	
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the proj	rities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the ect and contact details, where available):	
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Education / awareness rising	\boxtimes	
		tish Marine Wildlife Watching Code, designed to protect and w best to watch marine wildlife with minimal disturbance.	
	Species protection	\boxtimes	
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Control hunting / poaching	\boxtimes	
	Whaling is illegal in UK waters (Fisheries Act 1981) Commission http://www.iwcoffice.org/index.htm , an		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other	\boxtimes	
		Commission, in addition to supporting the moratorium on ng the issue of environmental threats to cetaceans permanently rade in whale products is prohibited.	
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	s in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being	
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for thi	s species:	
	E. glaicalis was maintained as a priority species following the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=753) will continue until details are finalised for the new list of UK BAP priorities.		
	Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in species and habitat actions. Another big change is that many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate, by the UK.		
	An update to the <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in not</i> Conservation Committee in 2003, is anticipated in the	rth-west European waters, published by the Joint Nature e longer term.	

| Please provide published distribution reference: | Deaville, R.,, Jepson, P.D., 2007. UK Cetacean Strandings Investigation Programme. Annual report to Defra for the period 1st January – 31st December 2006 (Contract number CR0346). | Deaville, R.,, Jepson, P.D., 2008. UK Cetacean Strandings Investigation Programme. Annual report to Defra for the period 1st January – 31st December 2007 (Contract number CR0346). | Evans, P.G.H (1996). Humpback whales in Shetland. Shetland Cetacean Report, 1995, 7-8.

	Evans, P.G.H (1996). Sightings frequency and distribution of cetaceans in Shetland waters. <i>The Shetland Cetacean Group Report</i> , 1995, 9-18.		
	Jepson, P.D. (Ed) 2006. Trends in cetacean strandings around the UK coastline and cetacean and marine turtle post-mortem investigations, 2000 to 2004 inclusive. Defra Contract CRO 238.		
	Pollock, C.M., Mavor, R., Weir, C.R., Reid, A., White, R.W., Tasker, M.L., Webb, A., Reid, J.B., 2000. <i>The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in the Atlantic Frontier, north and west of Scotland</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Aberdeen, UK.		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not know	own 🖂 unclear 🗌	
	Populations of <i>M. novaeangliae</i> in the North Atlantic (and el largest numbers taken during the 19 th century. There are nov Atlantic and around Iceland. Numbers of sightings in UK in in the 1980s, to 54 in the 1990s (Evans, 1996), though it is li time put into observation.	w signs that populations are recovering in the northwest ashore waters have been increasing, from nine sightings	
	Two strandings were recorded in the 1980s, two in 2001, two 2007 (Deaville & Jepson, 2007, 2008).	o in 2004 (Jepson, 2006), and four in both 2006 and	
2b	b Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known	own unclear	
	Deep waters beyond the continental shelf to the west of Brita novaeangliae.	ain probably form part of the migration route of M .	
	Most records over the UK continental shelf have come from been seen annually since 1992)), the northern Irish Sea and F and western Channel (where one or two individuals have been Most sightings have been made between May and Septembe off the continental shelf in west and north of Scotland (Pollo	Firth of Clyde, and the southern Irish Sea, Celtic Sea en reported in most years since 1990) (Evans, 1996). er, which is when small numbers have also been seen	
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Scottish Natural Heritage recently produced the Scottish Mar promote enjoyment and to raise awareness about how best to		
	Species protection		
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Whaling is illegal in UK waters (Fisheries Act 1981). The UC Commission http://www.iwcoffice.org/index.htm , and support		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
	The UK's position within the International Whaling Commis commercial whaling, has been to work towards placing the is on the IWC agenda and to ensure that international trade in v	ssue of environmental threats to cetaceans permanently	
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the taken?	reporting period, what has prevented such action being	

5 Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:

M. novaeangliae was maintained as a priority species following the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=753) will continue until details are finalised for the new list of UK BAP priorities.

Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in species and habitat actions. Another big change is that many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate, by the UK.

An update to the *Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters*, published by the Joint Nature Conservation Committee in 2003, is anticipated in the longer term.

Spe	cies name Physeter macrocephalus – Common Name(s) Sperm whale
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
	Charif, R.A. and Clark, C. W. 2000. Acoustic monitoring of large whales off north and west Britain and Ireland: a two-year study, October 1996-September 1998. JNCC Report No. 313.
	Evans, P.G.H. 1997. Ecology of sperm whales <i>Physeter macrocephalus</i> in the Eastern North Atlantic, with special reference to sightings and strandings records from the British Isles. <i>Biologie</i> , 67 , 37-46.
	Evans, P.G.H., Anderwald, P. and Baines, M.E. 2003. <i>UK Cetacean Status Review</i> . Report to English Nature and the Countryside Council for Wales. 159pp.
	Gunnlaugsson, T. and Sigurj¢nsson, J. 1990. NASS-87: Estimation of whale abundance based on observations made onboard Icelandic and Faroese survey vessels. <i>Reports of the International Whaling Commission</i> , 40 , 571-580.
	Gunnlaugsson, T. and Vikingsson, G.A. Pike, D.G., Desportes, G. Mikkelsen, B. and Bloch, D. in press. <i>Sperm whale abundance in the North Atlantic, estimated from Icelandic and Faroese NASS-2001 Shipboard surveys</i> . NAMMCO scientific publications.
	Reid, J.B., Evans, P.G.H. & Northridge, S.P., 2003. <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in north-west European waters</i> . Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Peterborough.
	Sherwin T, Allen J, Bicknell J, Corbel G, Embling C, Evans J, Ezzi I, Fones G, Lamont P, Mendes S, Mountfield D, Nielsdottir M, Provost P, Singhruck P, Stinchcombe M. 2005. CD176 Cruise Report. Internal Report n. 248. <i>Scottish Association for Marine Science</i> , Oban.
	Weir, C.R., Pollack, C., Cronin, C. and Taylor, S. 2001. Cetaceans of the Atlantic Frontier, north and west of Scotland. <i>Continental Shelf Science</i> , 21 , 1047-1071.
	Whitehead, H. 2002. Estimates of the current global population size and historical trajectory for sperm whales. <i>Marine Ecology Progress Series</i> , 242 , 295–304.
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☑ unclear ☐
	<i>P. macrocephalus</i> occurring in UK waters are likely to be part of a wider North Atlantic population whose total current size is unknown. The population was almost certainly reduced by whaling (Reid <i>et al.</i> , 2003) and it is not known if recovery has occurred or not. Only males (both mature and sub-adult) are found in UK waters as females rarely occur at high latitudes.
	Surveys from the 1980s indicated the north-east Atlantic population estimate as 6,013 individuals (cv = 0.32) (Whitehead, 2002). A survey in 1987 estimated around 300 individuals for UK and Faroese waters (Gunnlaugsson and Sigurj¢nsson 1990), but this estimate is likely to have been biased downwards. A bias-corrected estimate from a survey in 2001 was of 1,708 individuals around the Faroes (Gunnlaugsson $et\ al.$, in press).
	Although an increase in sightings and recorded strandings in UK waters in recent years (1990 – onwards) has led to speculation that greater numbers of animals are using areas off the British Isles (Evans, 1997), it is not known if the population is increasing. The current world population size is estimated to be about 32% of the pre-whaling level

whaling ended in the 1980s but this is unconfirmed.

(Whitehead, 2002). It is likely that the P. macrocephalus population in the North Atlantic will have increased since

2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable ne	ot known 🗌	unclear
	<i>P. macrocephalus</i> occurs to the north and west of the B such as the Faroe-Shetland Channel and Rockhall Trougoccasionally may come onto the shelf, particularly in w recorded in UK waters in all months of the year, with a 2001)	gh (Reid <i>et al.</i> , 2003; Wrinter (Evans <i>et al.</i> , 2003	eir <i>et al.</i> , 2001) although very). <i>P. macrocephalus</i> have been
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring	\leq	
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Scottish Natural Heritage recently produced the Scottish promote enjoyment and to raise awareness about how b		
	Species protection		
	As Balaenoptera borealis		
	<i>P. macrocephalus</i> is included in the Grouped Species A Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?I		hales within the UK Biodiversity
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Whaling is illegal in UK waters (Fisheries Act 1981). T Commission http://www.iwcoffice.org/index.htm , and s		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
	The UK's position within the International Whaling Co commercial whaling, has been to work towards placing on the IWC agenda and to ensure that international trad	the issue of environmen	tal threats to cetaceans permanently
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in taken?	n the reporting period, w	that has prevented such action being
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this s	pecies:	
	P. macrocephalus was maintained as a priority species (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Imple Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/UKPlans.aspx?ID=339) UK BAP priorities.	ementation of the existin	g UK BAP Grouped Species Action
	Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAF be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotl species and habitat actions. Another big change is that through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, be taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes et ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate	implementation. One of land, Wales and Norther many of these actions w ut through a combination c., through action taken a	The main changes is that the UK in Ireland) will take the lead in ill be co-ordinated not solely in of SAPs, country policies, actions
	An update to the <i>Atlas of cetacean distribution in north</i> Conservation Committee in 2003, is anticipated in the l		published by the Joint Nature
3.5		1	
Miso	scellaneous information or comments on Appendix I mari	ne mammals in general:	

	3	MARINE TURTLES
3.1	General qu	estions on Appendix I marine turtles

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine turtles prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	The taking of all Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited in metropolitan UK waters by metropolitan UK legislation. But because legislation in each of the Overseas Territories varies, certain circumstances allow for the taking of turtles in some (but not all) of the Overseas Territories' waters.
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited by law, have any exceptions \[\subseteq \text{Yes} \subseteq \text{No} \] been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine turtles:
	By-catch Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
2c 3	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles? What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)? Collection of eggs Predation of eggs
	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)? Collection of eggs Predation of eggs Destruction of nesting beaches
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)? Collection of eggs Predation of eggs Destruction of nesting beaches Destruction of nesting beaches By-catch (industrial and local fisheries) What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further
3 3a	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)? Collection of eggs Predation of eggs Destruction of nesting beaches Other (please specify) By-catch (industrial and local fisheries) What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine turtles beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?

3.2 Questions on specific Appendix I marine turtles

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine turtle species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Specie	es name Caretta caretta – Common Name(s) Loggerhead turtle		
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
	Pierpoint C. & Penrose R. 2002. 'TURTLE' A database of Marine Turtle Records for the United Kingdom and Eire. (Version 1.3 2002): Introduction, data summary and user notes. (Contractor: Marine Environmental Monitoring, Llechryd.)		
	TURTLE database: http://www.strandings.com/Wales.html		
	Witt M.J., Penrose R., Godley B.J. (in press) Spatio-temporal patterns of juvenile marine turtle occurrence in waters of the European continental shelf. Marine Biology .		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐		
	The 'TURTLE' database contains 104 records of <i>C. caretta</i> within UK waters; 70% of these are strandings. Most strandings are found alive and several have been rescued and after specialist rehabilitative care have been released in warmer waters (Pierpoint & Penrose, 2002).		
	It is the oceanic stage of life that results in the greatest proportion of animals being recorded in UK waters (Witt <i>et al.</i> , in press). The average size for <i>C. caretta</i> recorded in the British Isles is approximately 30cm (range 13.5-110cm). By far the majority are 'first-passage' turtles and their arrival in the UK is most likely mediated by North Atlantic current that flows adjacent to the continental shelf in Europe.		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐		
	There is an inverse relationship between number of records and latitude and most sightings and strandings occur on west facing aspects.		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Since 2001 marine turtles have been included in the UK Collaborative Marine Mammal Stranding Project, funded by the Department of the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs.		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	<i>C. caretta</i> is included within the Grouped Species Action Plan for marine turtles within the UK Biodiversity Action Plan http://www.ukbap.org.uk/ukplans.aspx?ID=335 .		
	Protected under Schedule 5 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 and the Conservation (Natural Habitats & c.) Regulations 1994.		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		

5 Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:

C. caretta was maintained as a priority species following the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/NewPriorityList.aspx). Implementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species Action Plan (http://www.ukbap.org.uk/ukplans.aspx?ID=335) will continue until details are finalised for the new list of UK BAP priorities.

Following the acceptance of the revised list of UK BAP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP will be taken forward in a way that differs from the existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in species and habitat actions. Another big change is that many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, actions taken at a wider scale e.g. agri-environment schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level and co-ordinated by the countries supported, where appropriate, by the UK.

Specie	es name Dermochelys coriacea – Common Name(s) Leatherback turtle
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
	Brongersma, J. D. 1972. European Atlantic turtles. Zoologische Verhandelingen (Leiden), 12, 1-318.
	Houghton J. D.R., Doyle T.K., Wilson M.W., Davenport J., Hays G. C. 2006. Jellyfish aggregations and leatherback turtle foraging patterns in a temperate coastal environment. <i>Ecology</i> , 87 , 1967–1972.
	McMahon C.R., Hays G.C. 2006. Thermal niche, large-scale movements and implications of climate change for a critically endangered marine vertebrate. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 12 , 1330-1338.
	Pierpoint C., Penrose R. 2002. 'TURTLE' A database of Marine Turtle Records for the United Kingdom and Eire. (Version 1.3 2002): Introduction, data summary and user notes. (Contractor: Marine Environmental Monitoring, Llechryd.)
	Pierpoint, C. 2000. Bycatch of marine turtles in UK waters. JNCC Report No.310
	Spotila J.R., Dunham A.E., Leslie A.J., Steyermark A.C., Plotkin P.T., Paladino F.V. 1996. Worldwide population decline of Dermochelys coriacea: are leatherback turtles going extinct? <i>Chelon. Conserv. Biol.</i> 2 , 209–222.
	Witt M. J., Broderick A. C., Johns D.J., Martin C., Penrose R., Hoogmoed M.S., Godley B.J. 2006. Prey landscapes help identify potential foraging habitats for leatherback turtles in the northeast Atlantic. <i>Mar. Ecol. Progr. Ser.</i> In press.
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐
	D. coriacea is a rare but nevertheless regular visitor around the British Isles during the summer months (Brongersma, 1972). Recent studies have suggested that the waters of the UK represent the northerly limit of routine seasonal foraging migrations (McMahon & Hays, 2006; Witt et al., 2006),
	Since 1954 there have been 618 leatherback turtles recorded in the UK; records at sea make up the largest proportion (80%) with the remainder being stranded animals; in addition 75% of individuals were recorded alive.
	Global nesting population size was estimated at around 35,000 females in 1995 (Spotila <i>et al.</i> , 1996): About 80% of these were recorded from nesting sites in the Atlantic. However, at present, information is too vague to estimate what proportion of individuals nesting in the Atlantic are likely to use British waters as foraging grounds.
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐
	<i>D. coriacea</i> have been recorded from all around the UK in the TURTLE database (Pierpoint & Penrose, 2002); greatest concentrations of sightings and strandings are off Cornwall, Wales and in the Solway Firth while the least are off the Channel and North Sea.

Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this sp reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):				
	Research	\boxtimes		
	Associations between <i>D. coriacea</i> and jellyfish concentrations have been reported and are the focus of current research interest (Houghton <i>et al.</i> , 2006; Witt <i>et al.</i> , 2006).			
	Identification and establishment of protected areas			
	Monitoring	\boxtimes		
	Since 2001 marine turtles have been included in the UK Collaborative Marine Mammal Stranding Project, funded by the Department of the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs.			
	Education / awareness rising			
	Species protection	\boxtimes		
	<i>D. coriacea</i> is included within the Grouped Species Action Plan http://www.ukbap.org.uk/ukplans.aspx?	Action Plan for marine turtles within the UK Biodiversity <u>ID=335</u> .		
	Protected under Schedule 5 of the Wildlife and Cour c.) Regulations 1994.	ntryside Act 1981 and the Conservation (Natural Habitats &		
	Control hunting / poaching			
	Species restoration			
	Habitat protection			
	Habitat restoration			
	Other			
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for the	is species:		
		owing the Species and Habitats Review in 2007 applementation of the existing UK BAP Grouped Species (ND=335) will continue until details are finalised for the new		
	will be taken forward in a way that differs from the e UK BAP is now devolved and the countries (Englan species and habitat actions. Another big change is the through Species Actions Plans (SAPs), as in the past	AP priority species and habitats in 2007, the new UK BAP existing implementation. One of the main changes is that the d, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland) will take the lead in nat many of these actions will be co-ordinated not solely t, but through a combination of SAPs, country policies, schemes etc., through action taken at the priority habitat level appropriate, by the UK.		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine turtles in general:

NB. The United Kingdom's Report to the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals, in 2005, indicated that metropolitan UK was a Range State for the following Appendix I marine turtle species: *Chelonia mydas, Eretmochelys mbricate* and *Lepidochelys kempii*. In March 2008 the UK submitted its second report to the European Commission, under Article 17, on the implementation of the Habitats Directive (Council Directive 92/43/EEC). This Report concluded that *Chelonia mydas, Eretmochelys mbricate* and *Lepidochelys kempii* occur in the UK as vagrants only, as such metropolitan UK should NOT be considered a Range State for these species.

4 TERRESTRIAL MAMMALS	(OTHER THAN BATS)
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4.1 General questions on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

	Is the taking of all Appendix I terrestrial man the national implementing legislation cited in N/A			
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide	details:		
1a	If the taking of Appendix I terrestrial mamma law, have any exceptions been granted to the N/A If Yes, please provide details (Include the dat to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Arti	prohibition? te on which the	/ .	
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist	in relation to	Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats):	
	Lack of information		By-catch	
	Habitat fragmentation		Electrocution	
	Wind turbines		Poaching	
	Insufficient legislation		Lack of trans-boundary management	
	Poor communication amongst Range States		Man-made barriers	
	Climate change and drought			
	Other threats to migration (please provide de	tails)		
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome	me these obst	tacles?	
	N/A			
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the	actions taken	1.	
	N/A			
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country re	quire in order	r to overcome these obstacles?	
	N/A			
3		estrial mamn	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr	restrial mamm	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information Habitat f		nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I term Lack of information Habitat ff Poaching Insufficient	ragmentation	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3 3a	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information	ragmentation ent legislation ease specify) educe or cont	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3a	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information	ragmentation ent legislation ease specify) educe or cont ther than bat	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information	ragmentation ent legislation ease specify) educe or cont ther than bat	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3a 3b	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information	ragmentation ent legislation ease specify) educe or cont ther than bat actions taken	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3a	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information	ragmentation ent legislation ease specify) educe or cont ther than bat actions taken	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
3a 3b	What are the major threats to Appendix I terr Lack of information	ragmentation ent legislation ease specify) educe or contither than bat actions taken	nals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	

4.2	Questions on s	pecific Api	pendix I te	errestrial ma	ammals (oth	er than	bats)
T.#	Questions on s	pecific rip	pcnuix i u	ci i coti iai iiit		CI HIAH	Daw

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I terrestrial mammal species (other than bats) for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	cies name – Common Name(s) N/A
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing not known unclear unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species?
Misc	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

	5.	BATS
5.1	General questio	ns on Appendix I bats

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bats prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details: N/A
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bats is prohibited by law, have any exceptions
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bats:
	Vandalism of bat caves
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bats (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution Habitat fragmentation and loss
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of bats beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

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5.2	Juestions (on specific	Abbendix	l bat species
	Z			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bat species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s)				
1	Please provide published distribution reference:				
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear				
2c	Summarise information on trends (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear				
2c	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear				
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):				
	Research				
	Identification and establishment of protected areas				
	Monitoring				
	Education / awareness rising				
	Species protection				
	Control hunting / poaching				
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?				
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:				
Misce	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I bats in general:				

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n	OTHER	IAXA

6.1 General questions on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

1	Identify the Ministry, agency/department, or organisation responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I listed species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
2	Is the taking of all Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, prohibited by the national legislation listed as being implementing legislation in Table I(a) (General Information)? If other legislation is relevant, please provide details: Carcharodon carcharias is not covered by any legislation for metropolitan UK. It is not known if any legislation applies in the Overseas Territories. C. carcharias is listed on CITES Appendix II.
2a	If the taking of Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was
3	notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
3	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Lack of legislation
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
3a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
4	What are the major threats to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above (transcending mere obstacles to migration)? Other (please specify)
4a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species belonging to taxa not included in section 1-5 above beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
4b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
4c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
4d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

6.2	Questions on	specific A	opendix I s	pecies bel	onging to	other taxa
·	Z		P P 0	P	~ 	O

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s)				
1	Please provide published distribution reference:				
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear				
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear				
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):				
	Research				
	Identification and establishment of protected areas				
	Monitoring				
	Education / awareness rising				
	Species protection				
	Control hunting / poaching				
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?				
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:				
Misc	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:				

7	LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATORY SPECIES IN A	A PPENDIX I
/	LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATURY SPECIES IN A	APPENDIAI

1	Is your country a Range State for any other endangered migratory species ¹ Yes No not currently listed in Appendix I?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose listing any of these species?
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of these species?

¹ according to the latest IUCN red data list

III. Appendix II Species

1. INFORMATION ON APPENDIX II SPECIES

Information pertaining to the conservation of Appendix II species that are the object of CMS Agreements will have been provided in periodic Party reports to those instruments. It will suffice therefore to reference (below), and preferably append, a copy of the latest report that has been submitted to the Secretariat of each of the Agreement/MoUs to which your country is a Party.

WADDEN SEA SEALS (1991)				
Pate of last report: Period covered:				
SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)	SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
EUROBATS (1994)				
Date of last report: 2006	Period covered: 2003-2005			
	http://www.eurobats.org/documents/pdf/National_Reports/nat_rep_UK_2006_2.pdf			
	Conservation status assessments have been completed for species in metropolitan UK protected by the Habitats Directive. See www.jncc.gov.uk/article17 . These data will be taken into account in the next Eurobats report.			
ASCOBANS (1994)				
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW MoU	(1994)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
MARINE TURTLES – AFRICA Mou	J (1999)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
AEWA (1999)				
Date of last report: 2005	Period covered: 2002-2005			
	http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-countryside/gwd/exotic/waterbirds03-05.pdfhttp://www.unep-aewa.org/meetings/en/mop/mop3_docs/national_reports/pdf/uk_nat_rep_mop3_pdf			
ACCOBAMS (2001)				
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
GREAT BUSTARD MoU (2001)				
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
MARINE TURTLES – INDIAN OCE	CAN / SOUTHEAST ASIA MoU (2001)			
Date of last report: 2008	Period covered: Ongoing			
	http://www.ioseaturtles.org/report.php			
ALBATROSSES AND PETRELS (2001)				
Date of last report: March 2008	Period covered: 2006 to 2008			
	http://www.acap.aq/en/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=84&Itemid=33			
BUKHARA DEER MoU (2002)				
Date of last report:	Period covered:			
AQUATIC WARBLER MoU (2003)				

Date of last report: 2006	Period covered: 2003-2006	
	http://www.cms.int/species/aquatic_warbler/meetings/pdf/Inf_03_11_National Report_UK.pdf	
AFRICAN ELEPHANT MoU (2005)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
PACIFIC ISLANDS CETACEANS (2006)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
MEDITERRANEAN MONK SEAL (2007)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	

2. QUESTIONS ON CMS AGREEMENTS

2.1 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to birds

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	⊠ Yes	□ No
	The UK and the UAE are co-leading an initiative to explore the development of a new conserve migratory birds of prey and owls in the Africa-Eurasian region. A meeting to option for international cooperation on African-Eurasian migratory raptors under CMS at which it was agreed that the preferred option should be a MoU (http://www.cms.int/bodies/meetings/regional/raptors/raptor_meeting.htm). A draft tex draft action plan were agreed as were a list of species and the geographical scope. A further agreement will be held in UAE 20-22 October 2008.	identify an was held it for the ag	d elaborate an n October 2007 reement and a
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, please provide details: See question 1 above.	⊠ Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for birds, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details: See 1 above re proposed MoU for migratory raptors.	X Yes	□No
	if ites, please provide details. See it above to proposed who the inigratory raptors.		
2.2	2 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating t	o marine	mammals
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, please provide details:		
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or prinstrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine mammals, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
2	2.3 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating	to mari	ne turtles
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No

3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreem Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initial instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine turtles, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:] Yes 🛮 No	
2.4	Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to to	errestrial m	ammals
	(other than bats)		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, please provide details:	☐ Yes	⊠ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreem Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initial instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for terrestrial mammals (other than bats), including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future	Yes?	⊠ No
	If Yes, please provide details:		
	2.5 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements rela	ting to bats	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		<u> </u>
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreem Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initial instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for bats, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the future?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, please provide details:		
2	2.6 QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CMS AGREEMENTS RELATI	NG TO OTHE	e R
	'AXA	- × 	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above?	Yes	⊠ No
_	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above?	⊠ Yes	□No

	The UK participated in the meeting to identify and elaborate an option for international cooperation on migratory sharks on the 11-13 December 2007, Mahe, Seychelles.
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development? None
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for other taxa, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:
	3. LISTING OF MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX II
	,
1	Is your country a Range State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable conservation status, but is <u>not</u> currently listed in Appendix II and could benefit from the conclusion of an Agreement for its conservation?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose the listing of this/these species in Appendix II? Yes No
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of this/these species?

IV. National and Regional Priorities

1	wher	t priority does your country assign to the conservation and, re applicable, sustainable use of migratory species in parison to other biodiversity-related issues	Low	Medium	⊠ High
2		migratory species and their habitats addressed by your country's iversity strategy or action plan?	national	⊠ Yes	☐ No
	been	owing the devolution of government in the metropolitan UK, cour prepared by England, Scotland and Northern Ireland. In Wales a loped which will include biodiversity.			
	Furth	ner details of the strategies can be found at the following websites	S:		
		king with the grain of nature: a biodiversity strategy for E tryside/biodiversity/biostrat/	ngland: <u>htt</u>	p://www.defra.	gov.uk/wildlife-
		tish Biodiversity Strategy: http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Ertats/16118/BiodiversityStrategy	nvironment/	Wildlife-	
	Nortl	hern Ireland Biodiversity Strategy: http://www.ehsni.gov.uk/pub	s/publication	ns/NIBS2002.p	<u>df</u>
		ronment Strategy for Wales: //new.wales.gov.uk/topics/environmentcountryside/epq/Envstratf	forwales/?la	ng=en	
	below and V Secti wher	consequence country level strategies will also address migratory when the United Kingdom's Biodiversity Action Plan www.ukbap.or Wales country priority species lists (which will include migratory on 74 of the Countryside and Rights of Way (CRoW) Act. A simple this process has already been completed for Northern Ireland to which they cover all migratory species is not yet known.	rg.uk. At the species) are nilar process	e country level, e being develop s is underway for	for England bed under or Scotland,
	If Ye	es, please indicate and briefly describe the extent to which it addr	esses the fol	llowing issues:	
		Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of migratory s	pecies		
		Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of the habitate areas	s of migrato	ory species, incl	luding protected
		Actions to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endant migratory species (e.g. alien invasive species or by-catch)	ngering or	are likely to f	urther endanger
		Minimizing or eliminating barriers or obstacles to migration			
	\boxtimes	Research and monitoring of migratory species			
		Transboundary co-operation			
3		the conservation of migratory species currently feature in any of gional policies/plans (apart from CMS Agreements)	ther national	I ⊠ Yes	□No
	If Ye	es, please provide details:			
	Mana	UK has worked with the European Commission through ORNIS agement Plans for huntable migratory species with an unfavoural <i>la</i>) and golden plover (<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>).			
	contr statis will o	UK does not currently have a formal UK-wide scheme for collect ract was let to develop a tool to improve hunting bag data collect racts schemes (http://defraweb/wildlife-countryside/resprog/findingconsider how to take forward the results of this work in light of the hunting of birds (including migratory species) in the UK is sustained.	ed under exings/huntingthe EC Birds	sting voluntary pags/final-repor	UK bag t.pdf). The UK
		UK Bycatch Strategy is currently being developed in line with the tch in commercial fisheries.	e recent EU	regulation on o	cetacean
		NS II in 2005 will assess cetacean abundance over all UK waters //biology.st-andrews.ac.uk/scans2/	shallower t	than approxima	tely 300m. See
	A Re	ecovery Plan for harbour porpoises in the North Sea is being deve	eloped under	r the auspices o	f ASCOBANS.
	An o	bjective to reduce harbour porpoise bycatch in the North Sea has	been tested	for use by OSI	PAR.

3a	Do thes	se policies/plans cover the following areas (if Yes, please provide details):
	Yes	No
	\boxtimes	Exploitation of natural resources (e.g. fisheries, hunting, etc.)
	\boxtimes	☐ Economic development
	\boxtimes	☐ Land-use planning
	\boxtimes	☐ Pollution control
	\boxtimes	☐ Designation and development of protected areas
	\boxtimes	Development of ecological networks
	\boxtimes	☐ Planning of power lines
	\boxtimes	☐ Planning of fences
	\boxtimes	☐ Planning of dams
	\boxtimes	Other
4	Results	s – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

V. Protected Areas

1	Are migratory species taken into account in the selection, establishment and Management of protected areas in your country?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	In mainland UK, the EU network of Special Protection Areas (SPAs) includes the designation of sites for migratory birds: http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-162 . This network does not extend to the UK Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies (UKOTCDs) except Gibraltar. However, all but one (British Antarctic Territory) of these 21 entities are included in the UK's ratification of the Ramsar Convention and conservation has been further strengthened by the Overseas Territories Environmental Charters signed in 2001. To date, Ramsar sites have been established in ten of these territories (22 sites in total). There has been no specific or overall review of key sites for migratory species <i>per se</i> with the UK's Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies, although a review of wetlands of international importance, qualifying for potential designation under the Ramsar Convention, includes numerous sites of importance for those wetland species which occur in these sites. More information is available at: http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-countryside/resprog/findings/ramsar-ot/pdf/report.pdf .
1a	Please identify the most important national sites for migratory species and their protection status:
	In regard to mainland UK, details of the most important sites for migratory bird species can be found on the JNCC website http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-1412 . To date, Ramsar sites have been established in ten of these territories (22 sites in total). These sites hold a wide range of wetland dependent migratory species. Most are important for waterbirds either in the breeding season or in the non-breeding period, and many hold important colonies of breeding seabirds (for example Booby Pond and Rookery on the Cayman Islands holds at least 30% of the total Caribbean population of Red-footed Boobies Sula sula).
	Sites in the Falkland Islands are important breeding sites for a several different penguin species as well as for Southern Sea Lions <i>Otaria byronia</i> and Elephant Seals <i>Mirounga leonina</i> . Basking Sharks <i>Cetorhinus maximus</i> , together with number of different of dolphin species and other cetacea, occur in the waters of the large coastal sites on the islands of Jersey and Alderney, whilst the waters of North, Middle and East Caicos Islands are important for Green <i>Chelonia midas</i> , Hawksbill <i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i> , and Loggerhead <i>Caretta caretta</i> Turtles. Green and Hawksbill Turtles are also found on Diego Garcia Ramsar site in the British Indian Ocean Territory.
	Many of the Ramsar sites are important for passerine migrant birds, including globally threatened species such as the Appendix I listed Aquatic Warbler <i>Acrocephalus paludicola</i> (found on Lihou Island and L'Erée Headland, Guernsey) and Kirtland's Warbler <i>Dendroica kirtlandii</i> (North, Middle and East Caicos Islands which provide non-breeding grounds for one of the most threatened birds of the region, the world population consisting of only about 3,000 individuals, which breed only in a restricted habitat in one part of Michigan, USA and spend the non-breeding season in largely unknown locations in the Bahamas and Turks and Caicos Islands).
	Migratory fish use many of the coastal Ramsar sites, but typically knowledge of these species is poorer than for other taxa. More information on the migratory species occurring on Ramsar sites in the UK's Overseas Territories and Crown Dependancies can be found on the relevant Ramsar Information Sheets, linked from: http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-1394 .
1b	Do these protected areas cover the following areas? (If Yes, please provide details and include the amount of protected areas coverage and the number of protected areas):
	Yes No Terrestrial
	⊠
	Marine Detailed information on protected cross is evailable from the Joint Neture Conservation Committee website
	Detailed information on protected areas is available from: the Joint Nature Conservation Committee website http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-4 for international sites; and from the various websites of individual parts of the UK including the Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies for national designated sites (see Section 1(b) for web-links).
1c	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
	The Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) has UK responsibility for the oversight of

	protected area systems in the mainland UK. In the UKOTCDs, this responsibility is devolved (see box 1 above). Information on the responsible authorities for protected areas in the other Overseas Territories and Crown Dependencies can be found on the UK Overseas Territories Conservation Forum (UKOTCF) web site. The Forum exists to promote the coordinated conservation of the diverse and increasingly threatened plant and animal species and natural habitats of the UK Territories Overseas. It aims to do this by providing assistance in the form of expertise, information and liaison between non-governmental organisations and governments, both in the UK and in the Territories themselves.: http://www.ukotcf.org/index.cfm
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VI. Policies on Satellite Telemetry

1	In the current reporting period, has your country undertaken Yes No conservation/research projects that use satellite telemetry? ☐ In preparation ☐ on-going ☐ completed
	The UK is applying this conservation/research technique across a range of species, including Basking Sharks, marine turtles, cetaceans and birds. The UK believes this is an important research tool.
	For birds, satellite telemetry is considered as a variant of radio telemetry and is subject to the same rigorous statutory controls (there is a need for formal licensing from country conservation agencies).
	In this reporting period, in metropolitan UK, it has been used to monitor movements of Ospreys <i>Pandion haliaetus</i> (http://www.ospreys.org.uk/AWOP/Home.htm) and Honey Buzzards <i>Pernis apivorus</i> (http://www.roydennis.org/honeybuzzard.htm).
	Ongoing satellite tracking of turtles can be viewed via http://www.seaturtle.org/tracking/ , which includes tracking of Loggerhead <i>Caretta caretta</i> and Green turtles <i>Chelonia mydas</i> for the Cayman Islands, a Leatherback Turtle <i>Dermochelys coriacea</i> for the British Virgin Islands and an archived project on movements of a Green Turtle for Montserrat.
	Extensive work on satellite telemetry of albatrosses and petrels has been undertaken in the South Atlantic Overseas Territories of the Falkland Islands, South Georgia and the Tristan da Cunha island group. The main method employed for tracking albatrosses and petrels in these studies has been through the use of satellite or platform terminal transmitters, but geolocators (GLS) loggers are also used, albeit to a much lesser extent. All tracking data collected in the South Atlantic Overseas Territories have been incorporated into the Global Procellariiform Tracking Database, which is curated and maintained by BirdLife International. Results from analysis of the data in the database were published in 2004 (<i>Tracking Ocean Wanderers: the global distribution of albatrosses and petrels. Results from the Global Procellariiform Tracking Workshop, 1-5 September, 2003 Gordon's Bay South Africa.</i> Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International.), and since then further tracking data have been incorporated in the Database. ACAP listed species which have been tracked during the reporting period include Wandering Albatross <i>Diomedea exulans</i> , Black-browed Albatross <i>Thalassarche melanophris</i> , Greyheaded Albatross <i>Thalassarche chrysostoma</i> and Light-mantled sooty Albatross <i>Phoebetria palpebrata</i> , Northern <i>Macronectes halli</i> and Southern <i>Macronectes giganteus</i> Giant petrels, and White-chinned Petrels <i>Procellaria aequinoctialis</i> at Bird Island, South Georgia by the British Antarctic Survey, Tristan Albatross <i>Diomedea dabbenena</i> from Gough Island, Atlantic Yellow-nosed Albatross <i>Thalassarche chlororhynchos</i> from Gough and Tristan islands oby the RSPB, and Black-browed Albatross <i>Thalassarche melanophris</i> from the Falkland Islands by Falklands Conservation.
	Satellite telemetry research is being undertaken on Whale Shark <i>Rhincodon typus</i> in the Indian Ocean and Caribbean, (although at present not in any of the UK Overseas Territories' territorial waters).
2	Are any future conservation/research projects planned that will use Stellite telemetry?
	If Yes, please provide details (including the expected timeframe for these projects):
	Further research and further use of this technique is likely, but information on each individual current project is not available. In the Cayman Islands, marine turtle tracking is part of a continuing programme of research.
	For ACAP species in the South Atlantic, tracking work on Wandering, Black-browed, Grey-headed, and Light-mantled Sooty Albatross, and Northern and Southern Giant Petrels, as well as White-chinned Petrels will

continue at Bird Island, South Georgia, as part of the British Antarctic Survey's research programme. The tracking work is part of a broader research programme investigating the foraging ecology (chick feeding rates, at-sea distribution and activity during breeding and non-breeding seasons, and overlap with fisheries) of these species. RSPB plans to track Southern Giant Petrels from Gough Island in September 2008, and hope to resume plans to track Spectacled Petrels *Procellaria conspicillata* at some point in the future. Previous plans to track this species were unsuccessful due to difficulties associated with landing on Inaccessible Island. If No, please explain any impediments or requirements in this regard: 3 Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken The extensive tracking data that have been generated for ACAP listed species in the South Atlantic has led to an improved understanding of the foraging ecology and movements of most of these species. The Global Procellariiform Tracking Database maintained by BirdLife International has proven to be a powerful international conservation tool, and has already been used to identify fisheries, RFMOs and areas that are problematic and critical for the conservation of albatrosses and petrels. An example of this is an initiative being led by the British Antarctic Survey, CSIRO, and BirdLife International, part funded by Defra, in which an assessment of the impact of Atlantic tuna fisheries on seabirds is being carried out on behalf of ICCAT (International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tuna) Ecosystems Working Group, focusing mostly on ACAP species breeding at South Georgia and Tristan da Cunha. There are still tracking data gaps for ACAP species in the South Atlantic, especially for non-breeders (immature and sub-adults as well as birds on sabbatical; i.e. that don't breed in a particular year)

VII. Membership

1	Have actions been taken by your country to encourage non- Parties
	Noting that Anguilla and the British Antarctic Territory are non-Parties.
	If Yes, please provide details. (In particular, describe actions taken to recruit the non-Parties that have been identified by the Standing Committee as high priorities for recruitment.) UK Environment Ministers are advised to raise membership of CMS with their counterparts if and when the opportunities arise. In 2006, Defra Minister Barry Gardner raised CMS membership with Minister Zhibang of the State Forestry Administration, China. At a recent meeting with Chinese officials in May 2008, Defra again discussed CMS membership.
1a	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra)
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VIII. Global and National Importance of CMS

1	Have actions been taken by your country to increase national, regional Yes No and/or global awareness of the relevance of CMS and its global importance in the context of biodiversity conservation?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	The UK Ambassador to Germany spoke at the CMS 25 th anniversary celebrations in Berlin in 2004. The Chair of the CMS Standing Committee also participated in a Q&A session at the Koenig Museum in Bonn as part of the anniversary celebrations.
	The UK also part funded a session entitled "Migratory Species: A passport to 2010 at the IUCN World Conservation Congress to promote migratory species and the CMS Convention.
	More information can be found at http://www.cms.int/news/current_news_page.htm
	In 2006, the UK and Dutch Environment Ministers launched the proceedings of a major international conference on waterbird conservation (Waterbirds around the world – available at http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-3891). Key findings from the 960 page book are summarised at:

	http://www.jncc.gov.uk/pdf/Summary%20of%20Waterbirds%20AW%20%20Edinburgh%20Declarationv3.pdf. The launch was attended by many representatives of national and international conservation organisations and there was wide publicity in at least 50 countries of the threats face by migratory waterbirds.
	The UK has actively promoted an international initiative to develop a MoU for migratory raptors in Africa and Eurasia. See: http://www.defra.gov.uk/news/2007/071022c.htm . Ministers from the UK and United Arab Emirates together with delegates from 44 potential range states attended the meeting held at Loch Lomond, Scotland in October 2007.
2	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra)
	Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC)
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

IX. Mobilization of Resources

1	Has your country made financial resources available for conservation activities having
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
	The UK has contributed to field projects and meetings of benefit to migratory species that visit the UK and its Overseas Territories. The species involved are: the Aquatic Warbler, waterbirds migrating in the African-Eurasian region including the Dark-bellied Brent Goose, raptors, albatrosses and petrels, European bats, marine turtles and small and large cetaceans.
2	Has your country made voluntary contributions to the CMS Trust Fund to support requests from developing countries and countries with economies in transition? If Yes, please provide details:
	The UK has contributed to the costs of the eighth Conference of the Parties and part of this contribution was available to assist delegates from developing countries.
3	Has your country made other voluntary financial contributions to support
	The UK has contributed to a number of projects and meetings related to migratory species in other countries:
	Marine Turtles: The UK has made voluntary contributions to the IOSEA Secretariat. It has also provided financial support to practical turtle conservation projects in Zanzibar, Nicaragua and Antigua and Barbuda (Defra has contributed £35,370 through the Fauna and Flora International's Flagship Species Fund to these projects); to an environment education and community liaison project on marine turtles in Watamu, Kenya and to other projects in the Caribbean (the Caribbean meetings are also attended by countries beyond the UK's Overseas Territories);
	Waterbirds throughout the African-Eurasian region: including work on climate change and migratory waterbirds
	Cetaceans in the Mediterranean and Baltic Seas: Including funding for projects to develop a genetic database for cetaceans, and for the management and conservation of bottlenose dolphin
	Bats in Europe: The UK provided funding for projects on identification of bat migration patterns in Lithuania; key sites for cave-dwelling bats in Ukraine; wind turbines and bats; the impacts of land use and development on bats and guidelines for the management of important underground sites;
	Albatrosses and petrels in the southern hemisphere: The UK donated £130,000 to the ACAP budget since 2005. It has been proposed that some of the funds be directed towards capacity building projects for developing countries, under Article IV of ACAP (Capacity Building) as required for effective implementation of the Agreement.

	Aquatic Warbler: UK has contributed towards funding for the Aquatic Warbler project officer.
	Sharks: The UK provided funding in relation to the CMS shark meeting in Seychelles, and has also contributed financial support to the IUCN Shark Specialist Group.
	The UK has also provided financial support for communication initiatives, such as the CMS on-line reporting project, AEWA communication strategy and an event at the World Conservation Congress. The UK has also supported projects that seek to develop greater liaison between CMS and other international agreements, such as with the Convention on Biodiversity.
4	Has your country provided technical and/or scientific assistance to
	The UK funded the secondment of an officer to the Interim ACAP Secretariat between October 2004 and February 2005 to help prepare for its First Meeting of the Parties and to take forward actions that ensued from the meeting. Information on the outcomes of this meeting held in Hobart, Australia from 10-12 November 2004 can be found via: http://www.acap.aq/acap/meetings_of_the_parties . The UK has also contributed a further £50,000 to fund an officer who will co-ordinate ACAP activities in south Atlantic Overseas Territories. This officer will, amongst other things, pull together data on breeding sites and population trends, which will help ACAP determine priorities for action. The officer will also represent the UK on ACAP's seabird by-catch working group.
5	Has your country received financial assistance/support from the CMS Trust Fund, via the CMS Secretariat, for national conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
6	Has your country received financial assistance/support from sources other than the CMS Secretariat for conservation activities having direct benefit for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):

X. Implementation of COP Resolutions and Recommendations

Please provide information about measures undertaken by your country relating to recent Resolutions and Recommendations since the last Report. For your convenience please refer to the list of COP Resolutions and Recommendations listed below.

Resolutions

Resolution 6.2 – By-catch, and Recommendation 7.2 – Implementation of Resolution 6.2 on By-catch

In March 2004, the EU Agriculture and Fisheries Council agreed a new EC regulation (812/2004) on cetacean bycatch which requires the mandatory use of acoustic pingers on bottom-set nets deployed from vessels greater than 12m in length. As a result of this regulation, the UK Small Cetacean Bycatch Response Strategy was developed covering the measures that should be taken to reduce bycatch to a level where it does not threaten cetaceans' conservation status.

The Sea Mammal Research Unit has continued work on exclusion devices in the bass pair trawl fishery, which predominantly occurs in the Western Channel. Initial results have demonstrated the potential for successful mitigation to be developed, but the device is not yet sufficiently developed to commercial usage. As a result of this, legislation has recently been proposed to prohibit pair trawling within the 12 mile limit of the Western Channel by UK vessels.

The Scottish Government's Nature Conservation (Scotland) Bill contains measures to improve the existing species protection offered by the Wildlife and Countryside Act, including the extension of the existing protections for cetaceans from intentional disturbance to encompass protection from 'reckless' disturbance. Similar protection has been developed in England and Wales under the CRoW Act 2000.

Defra commissioned a research report to review the effects of bycatch on vulnerable migratory species and assess possible further measures to reduce the level of by-catch of endangered migratory species. The report 'Impact of fisheries bycatch on endangered migratory species', published in February 2003, is available via: http://www.defra.gov.uk/wildlife-countryside/resprog/findings/bycatch/. The research also identified how far the UK has been able to meet the terms of Resolution 6.2, adopted in 1999 at the Sixth Meeting of the Parties.

Resolution 6.3 – Southern Hemisphere Albatross Conservation

Resolution 7.2 – Impact Assessment and Migratory Species

Metropolitan UK: The UK introduced The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 to implement the EC Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Directive (2001/42/EC), which came into effect on 21st July 2004. This Directive requires that certain (mainly public sector) plans and programmes that are required by legislative, regulatory or administrative provision and which set the framework for development consent are made subject to a SEA. It will provide a high level of protection for the environment and contribute to the integration of environmental considerations (including effects on biodiversity) into the preparation of plans and programmes, thereby promoting sustainable development.

The UK has also implemented EC Directive 85/337/EEC (the Environmental Impact Assessment Directive), which applies to a wide range of projects (i.e. physical interventions in the environment) through a number of sets of national regulations. Although there are no specific references for any proposed new development to take account of migratory species, the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations 1999 has a requirement for developments of a certain type to consider transboundary effects. The EIA Regulations establish a consent system whereby a project is not granted consent to proceed if it is likely to have significant effects on the environment. Among the environmental factors considered is biological diversity.

Details of EIA and SEA legislation and guidance on procedures can be found on the Planning section of the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister (ODPM) web site at www.odpm.gov.uk.

Resolution 7.3 – Oil Pollution and Migratory Species

Currently the Atlas of Coastal Sites Sensitive to Oil Pollution is being updated and converted to a geographical information system. This atlas identifies coastal habitats and protected sites of importance to a variety of species listed under the Bonn Convention. In addition, a review of the National Contingency Plan for Marine Pollution from Shipping and Offshore Installations is underway which includes advice on environmental aspects and monitoring. Consultation is currently being undertaken on proposed amendments to the MCA regulation on the prevention of oil pollution from merchant shipping and to the DTI offshore petroleum activities regulation on oil pollution and control.

Associated with the oil and gas industry, a review of the Joint Nature Conservation Committee guidelines to reduce disturbance to marine mammals from seismic surveys was undertaken throughout 2003. Revised guidelines were issued for the 2004 survey season. Guidelines for explosive use during decommissioning of marine industrial locations are being

prepared at present.

Resolution 7.4 – Electrocution of Migratory Birds

With relatively few large bird species, risk of electrocution from power lines in the UK is generally low compared to some other countries. Electrocution risk is further reduced by consideration of hazards as part of the normal planning process when new powerline routes are proposed close to sites of importance for birds. Commercial powerline companies have, for many years, used highly visible deflectors on powerlines so as to reduce the incidence of bird strikes, which not only can kill birds, but can also disrupt power supplies.

Resolution 7.5 – Wind Turbines and Migratory Species:

There is rapid development of the wind energy industry in the UK. This has led to a range of guidance on topics noted in Resolution 7.5 being developed, notably location guidance in Scotland: http://www.snh.org.uk/strategy/pd02b.asp. Substantial guidance to the offshore wind energy industry is currently being developed by government for dissemination in 2005.

Research, funded through COWRIE (Collaborative Offshore Wind Research into the Environment), has recently been completed regarding the impact of noise from offshore windfarms in the marine environment (see http://www.thecrownestate.co.uk/35_cowrie_04_02_07.htm). Research has also been funded through the DTI, DEFRA and windfarm developers to undertake aerial seabird surveys to aid the needs of windfarm developers (for EIA etc.), SPA designation and the Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) process.

Resolution 7.15 – Future Action on the Antarctic Minke, Bryde's and Pygmy Right Whales under the Convention on Migratory Species:

No further action proposed at this time, although the Falkland Islands will attempt to formally record reliable sightings, especially by fisheries observers on pelagic fishing boats.

Resolution 8.1 – Sustainable Use

The European Commission launched its Sustainable Hunting Initiative in 2001, aimed at improving understanding of the legal and technical aspects of the EC Wild Birds Directive's provisions on hunting as well as developing a programme of scientific, conservation and awareness raising measures to promote sustainable hunting under the directive. The UK has worked with the European Commission through ORNIS Committee to develop Species Management Plans for huntable migratory species with an unfavourable conservation status, e.g scaup (*Aythya marila*) and golden plover (*Pluvialis apricaria*). The UK will work with relevant stakeholders over the next few years on implementation of relevant actions under the Management Plans.

Resolution 8.2 - CMS Strategic Plan 2006-2010

Resolution 8.5 - Implementation of Existing Agreements and Development of Future Agreements

Resolution 8.7 - Contribution of CMS in Achieving the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Resolution 8.9 - Review of GROMS (Global Register on Migratory Species)

Resolution 8.11 - Co-operation with other Conventions

Resolution 8.13 - Climate Change and Migratory Species

The UK has funded work to identify migratory species which may be useful indicators of climate change.

The objectives of this project are:

- To identify a set of indicator species (or multi-species indices) worldwide to monitor and provide information on climate change impacts on migratory species. Information that can feedback to management (i.e. ideally indicators and respective thresholds that could be used as system of alert and triggers for action).
- To develop cost-effective standardised international protocols for monitoring the effects of climate change on these indicators.

Outcomes will be reported to CoP9.

Resolution 8.14 – By-Catch

As reported in Section VI.3, the UK (Defra) has part funded an initiative being led by the British Antarctic Survey, CSIRO, and BirdLife International, in which an assessment of the impact of Atlantic tuna fisheries on seabirds is being carried out on behalf of ICCAT (International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tuna) Ecosystems Working Group, focusing mostly on ACAP species breeding at South Georgia and Tristan da Cunha.

Resolution 8.22 - Adverse Human Induced Impacts on Cetaceans

Resolution 8.24 - National Reports for the Eight and Ninth Meetings of the Conference of the Parties

Resolution 8.27 - Migratory Species and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

There have been several cases of HPAI H5N1 detected in the UK since CoP8. In response to Resolution 8.27, DEFRA has established an Ornithological Expert Group to bring together specialist ornithological expertise so as to advise epidemiological and response teams within government. The OEP has proved an effective means of assessing various scenarios as to the source of infection as well as risk of further spread. It has identified however, that there would be considerable benefit from networking with similar technical advisory groups in other European countries so as to exchange information, understanding and risk assessments.

UK expertise from the Wildfowl & Wetlands Trust has contributed to the implementation of an internationally-funded programme of Avian Influenza surveillance in Africa (http://wildbirds-ai.cirad.fr/index.php; http://wildbirds-ai.cirad.fr/pdf/kenya.pdf).

An international workshop was convened by the Scientific Task Force on Avian Influenza and Wild Birds, and organised by the Convention on Migratory Species (CMS) and Scottish Natural Heritage in Scotland in June 2007. The objective of the workshop was specifically to review practical issues arising, and lessons learnt, from recent outbreaks.

The Aviemore workshop identified a number of important conclusions and recommendations for future action. A central theme running through most of these is the continuing need to further develop national inter-ministerial capacities within governments and inter-disciplinary collaborations elsewhere to respond to the challenges posed by H5N1 HPAI — not only in reacting to cases of disease occurrence, detection of infection, or outbreaks, but also preparing for these through contingency planning and risk assessment. Central to this activity is the close and integrated working of various elements of the governmental and non-governmental sectors, bringing together the complementary expertise of epidemiologists, veterinarians, virologists, biologists and ornithologists.

Whilst much attention has been focussed on H5N1 HPAI, other H5 and H7 HPAI subtypes, as well as other avianborne diseases, also pose major risks for the poultry industry. Developing wildlife surveillance programmes and enhancing biosecurity in relation to avian influenza raises issues common to risks from other zoonoses. The workshop stressed the need to take longer-term, inter-disciplinary and integrated perspectives in responding to the challenges posed by all these diseases.

Full conclusions from the workshop can be found at: http://www.aiweb.info/documents/Aviemore%20conclusions.pdf.

Through the participation of several organisations and individuals the UK has contributed significantly to the work of the Scientific Task Force on Avian Influenza and Wild Birds.

Resolution 8.29 - Concerted Actions for Appendix I Species

Recommendations

Recommendation 7.5 - Range State Agreement for Dugong (Dugong dugon) Conservation

Recommendation 7.6 - Improving the Conservation Status of the Leatherback Turtle (Dermochelys coriacea)

Recommendation 7.7 – America Pacific Flyway Programme

In April 2004, the UK, working with the Dutch Government and Wetlands International, organized a major global conference *Waterbirds Around the World* to address the conservation of waterbird flyways. This gave a forum to discuss many of the issues highlighted by Recommendation 7.7 and there were specific workshops on American and Pacific flyways. The UK is supportive of the development of the America Pacific Flyway Programme under CMS, and will work to identify if any of the UK's Overseas Territories have importance for relevant species under this programme. The Proceedings of this conference – *Waterbirds around the world* – were launched in 2006 (see above: http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-3891) and contain expensive information on flyways in the Americas (http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-3894)as well as elsewhere in the world.

Although not related to the American Pacific Flyway Programme, the Western Hemisphere Shorebird Reserve Network offers some opportunities for involvement of the Falkland Islands. This is noted in the developing Falkland Islands Conservation Strategy. See http://www.manomet.org/WHSRN/.

Recommendation 8.12 - Improving the conservation status of raptors and owls in the African Eurasian region

The Governments of the United Kingdom (UK) and United Arab Emirates (UAE) are co-leading an initiative to explore the development of a new agreement under CMS to help conserve migratory birds of prey and owls in the Africa-Eurasian region. (http://www.defra.gov.uk/news/2007/071022c.htm). An intergovernmental negotiating meeting to identify and elaborate an option for international cooperation on African-Eurasian migratory raptors under CMS was held in Scotland in October 2007 at which it was agreed that the preferred option should be a MoU (http://www.cms.int/bodies/meetings/regional/raptors/raptor meeting.htm).

A draft text for the agreement and a draft action plan were agreed, as were a list of species and the geographical scope. A further meeting, to which the UK has contributed £10,000 towards the preparation, to conclude the agreement will be held in UAE 20-22 October 2008.

The initiative has been underpinned by a study commissioned by Defra in 2005, which found that more than 50% of migratory birds of prey in the African-Eurasian region have a poor conservation status and many are showing rapid or long-term population declines.

Recommendation 8.16 – Migratory Sharks

The UK provided a financial contribution and attended the meeting in Seychelles

Recommendation 8.17 – Marine Turtles

Recommendation 8.23 - Central Eurasian and Aridland Mammals

Recommendation 8.26 - Grassland Bird Species and their Habitats in Southern South America

Recommendation 8.28 - Cooperative Actions for Appendix II Species

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Other remarks:

Annex: Updating Data on Appendix II Species

The tables below contain the list of all species listed in Appendix II.

New Parties which have acceded since COP8 in 2005 and Parties which did not submit a National Report in 2005 are requested to complete the entire form.

Parties that did submit a report in 2005 need only which information has changed (e.g. new published distribution references and details concerning species added to Appendix II at COP8).

Please refer to 2005 report.

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	CHIR	OPTERA		
Rhinolophus ferrumequinum				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus hipposideros				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus euryale				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus mehelyi				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus blasii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis bechsteini				
(only European populations)				
Myotis blythi				
(only European populations)				
Myotis brandtii				
(only European populations)	<u> </u>		_	
Myotis capaccinii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis dasycneme				
(only European populations)				
Myotis daubentoni				
(only European populations)				
Myotis emarginatus (only European populations)				
Myotis myotis				
(only European populations)				
Myotis mystacinus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis nattereri				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus kuhli				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus nathusii				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus pipistrellus				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus savii				
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus lasiopterus				
(only European populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Nyctalus leisleri				
(only European populations) Nyctalus noctula		П		
(only European populations)				
Eptesicus nilssonii				
(only European populations) Eptesicus serotinus				
(only European populations)				
Vespertilio murinus				
(only European populations)				
Barbastella barbastellus (only European populations)				
Plecotus auritus	П	П		
(only European populations)				
Plecotus austriacus				
(only European populations) Miniopterus schreibersii				
(only European populations)				
Tadarida teniotis				
	CE	ГАСЕА		
Physeter macrocephalus				
Platanista gangetica gangetica	П	П	П	
Pontoporia blainvillei				
Inia geoffrensis				
Delphinapterus leucas				
Monodon monoceros				
Phocoena phocoena (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Phocoena phocoena (western North Atlantic population)				
Phocoena phocoena				
(Black Sea population)				
Neophocaena phocaenoides	Ш		Ш	
Phocoenoides dalli				
Phocoena spinipinnis				
Phocoena dioptrica				
Sousa chinensis				
Sousa teuszii				
Sotalia fluviatilis				
Lagenorhynchus albirostris				
(only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus acutus (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus australis				
Lagenorhynchus obscurus				
Grampus griseus				
(only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops aduncus (Arafura/Timor Sea populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Tursiops truncatus (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops truncatus (western Mediterranean population)				
Tursiops truncatus				
(Black Sea population) Stenella attenuata (action trained Parific annulation)				
(eastern tropical Pacific population) Stenella attenuata				
(Southeast Asian populations) Stenella longirostris				
(eastern tropical Pacific populations) Stenella longirostris				
(Southeast Asian populations) Stenella coeruleoalba				
(eastern tropical Pacific population) Stenella coeruleoalba				
(western Mediterranean population) Delphinus delphis				
(North and Baltic Sea populations) Delphinus delphis				
(western Mediterranean population) Delphinus delphis				
(Black Sea population) Delphinus delphis				
(eastern tropical Pacific population) Lagenodelphis hosei				
(Southeast Asian populations) Orcaella brevirostris				
Cephalorhynchus commersonii (South American population)				
Cephalorhynchus eutropia				
Cephalorhynchus heavisidii Orcinus orca				
Globicephala melas				
(only North and Baltic Sea populations) Berardius bairdii				
Hyperoodon ampullatus				
Balaenoptera bonaerensis				
Balaenoptera edeni				
Balaenoptera borealis				
Balaenoptera physalus				
Caperea marginata	CAR	NIVORA		
Arctocephalus australis				
Otaria flavescens				
Phoca vitulina (only Baltic and Wadden Sea populations)				
Halichoerus grypus (only Baltic Sea populations)				

	Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
	Monachus monachus						
SIRENIA		Prob	OSCIDEA				
Trichechus manatus	Loxodonta africana						
Trichechus manatus		Su	RENIA				
Computations between Henduras and Panama	Trichechus manatus						
Trichechus inunguis							
Dugong dugon	Trichechus senegalensis						
PERISODACTYLA	Trichechus inunguis		П	П			
PERISODACTYLA	Dugong dugon						
Captus hemionus Captus onager and Equis sonager and Equis homionus, Equis onager and Equis homionus, Equis onager and Equis homionus (Equis homionus, Equis onager and Equis homionus, Equis onager and Equis homionus, Captus of Carella gazella (only Asian populations) Gazella gazella (only Asian populations) Gazella gazella subguturosa		Provide		Ш			
Care	Fauna hami anna	PERISSO	DDACTYLA				
Vicugna vicugna	(includes Equus hemionus, Equus onager and						
Oryx dammah		ARTIO	DACTYLA				
Gazella gazella	Vicugna vicugna						
Conty Asian populations	Oryx dammah						
Gazella subgutturosa	Gazella gazella						
Procapra gutturosa							
Gavia stellata	Gazella subgutturosa	Ш	Ш				
Gavia stellata							
Gavia stellata	Saiga tatarica tatarica						
Western Palearctic populations		GAVI	IFORMES				
Gavia arctica suschkini							
Gavia arctica suschkini							
Gavia immer immer							
Continuest European population Continuest European European population Continuest European Eu							
Gavia adamsii (Western Palearetic population)							
Podiceps grisegena grisegena							
Podiceps grisegena grisegena	(Western Palearctic population)						
Podiceps auritus		PODICIP	EDIFORMES				
PELECANIFORMES							
PELECANIFORMES Phalacrocorax nigrogularis □							
Phalacrocorax nigrogularis	(western Palearctic populations)	Dereca	MIEODMES				
Phalacrocorax pygmeus Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus	Phalacrocoray nigrogularis	F ELECA	MITOKNIES				
Pelecanus onocrotalus							
Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus albus							
Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Lxobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Lxobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus albus							
Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus albus							
(Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus albus							
Ixobrychus minutus minutus							
(Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus Ixobrychus sturmii Ixobrychus sturmii </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Ixobrychus sturmii	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Ardeola rufiventris Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus Casmerodius albus							
Ardeola idae Egretta vinaceigula Casmerodius albus							
Egretta vinaceigula							
Casmerodius albus							
(western ratearcus populations)	(Western Palearctic populations)						

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Ardea purpurea purpurea				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Mycteria ibis		<u> </u>		
Ciconia nigra				
Ciconia episcopus microscelis				
Ciconia ciconia				
Plegadis falcinellus				
Geronticus eremita				
Threskiornis aethiopicus aethiopicus				
Platalea alba				
(excluding Malagasy population)				
Platalea leucorodia				
Phoenicopterus ruber				
Phoenicopterus minor				
	ANSEI	RIFORMES		
Dendrocygna bicolor				
Dendrocygna viduata				
Thalassornis leuconotus				
Oxyura leucocephala				
Cygnus olor				
Cygnus cygnus				
Cygnus columbianus				
Anser brachyrhynchus				
Anser fabalis				
Anser albifrons		1		
Anser erythropus		+		
Anser anser				
Branta leucopsis				
Branta bernicla				
		\vdash		
Branta ruficollis				
Alopochen aegyptiacus				
Tadorna ferruginea				
Tadorna cana				
Tadorna tadorna				
Plectropterus gambensis				
Sarkidiornis melanotos		<u> </u>		
Nettapus auritus				
Anas penelope				
Anas strepera		\bot \sqsubseteq		
Anas crecca				
Anas capensis				
Anas platyrhynchos				
Anas undulata				
Anas acuta				
Anas erythrorhyncha				
Anas hottentota				
Anas querquedula				
Anas clypeata				
Marmaronetta angustirostris				
Netta rufina				
Netta erythrophthalma				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Aythya ferina				
Aythya nyroca				
Aythya fuligula				
Aythya marila				
Somateria mollissima				
Somateria spectabilis				
Polysticta stelleri				
Clangula hyemalis				
Melanitta nigra				
Melanitta fusca				
Bucephala clangula				
Mergellus albellus				
Mergus serrator				
Mergus merganser				
	FALCO	NIFORMES		
Pandion haliaetus				
	GALL	IFORMES		
Coturnix coturnix				
	SPHENI	SCIFORMES	<u> </u>	
Spheniscus demersus				
1	PROCELL	ARIIFORMES		
Diomedea exulans		AKIIFOKNIES		
Diomedea epomophora				
Diomedea irrorata				
Diomedea nigripes				
Diomedea immutabilis				
Diomedea melanophris				
Diomedea bulleri				
Diomedea cauta				
Diomedea chlororhynchos				
Diomedea chrysostoma				
Phoebetria fusca				
Phoebetria palpebrata				
Macronectes giganteus				
Macronectes halli				
Procellaria cinerea				
Procellaria aequinoctialis				
Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata				
Procellaria parkinsoni				
Procellaria westlandica				
2. occurrent mestimation	Cpin	IFORMES		
Porzana porzana				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Porzana parva parva				
Porzana pusilla intermedia				
Fulica atra atra				
(Mediterranean and Black Sea populations)				
Aenigmatolimnas marginalis				
Sarothrura boehmi				
Sarothrura ayresi				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Crex crex				
Grus leucogeranus				
Grus virgo (Syn. Anthropoides virgo)				
Grus paradisea				
Grus carunculatus				
Grus grus				
Chlamydotis undulata				
(only Asian populations)				
Otis tarda				
	CHARAI	RIIFORMES		
Himantopus himantopus				
Recurvirostra avosetta		Ш		
Dromas ardeola		Ш		
Burhinus oedicnemus				
Glareola pratincola				
Glareola nordmanni				
Pluvialis apricaria				
Pluvialis squatarola				
Charadrius hiaticula				
Charadrius dubius				
Charadrius pecuarius				
Charadrius tricollaris				
Charadrius forbesi				
Charadrius pallidus				
Charadrius alexandrinus				
Charadrius marginatus				
Charadrius mongulus				
Charadrius leschenaultii				
Charadrius asiaticus				
Eudromias morinellus				
Vanellus vanellus				
Vanellus spinosus				
Vanellus albiceps				
Vanellus senegallus				
Vanellus lugubris				
Vanellus melanopterus				
Vanellus coronatus				
Vanellus superciliosus				
Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia				
gregaria)				
Vanellus leucurus				
Gallinago media				
Gallinago gallinago				
Lymnocryptes minimus				
Limosa limosa				
Limosa lapponica				
Numenius phaeopus				
Numenius tenuirostris				
Numenius arquata				
Tringa erythropus				
Tringa totanus				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference	
Tribus and an artilla		level	available		
Tringa stagnatilis					
Tringa nebularia					
Tringa ochropus					
Tringa glareola					
Tringa cinerea					
Tringa hypoleucos					
Arenaria interpres					
Calidris tenuirostris					
Calidris canutus					
Calidris alba					
Calidris minuta					
Calidris temminckii					
Calidris maritima					
Calidris alpina					
Calidris ferruginea					
Limicola falcinellus					
Philomachus pugnax					
Phalaropus lobatus					
Phalaropus fulicaria					
Larus hemprichii					
Larus leucophthalmus					
Larus ichthyaetus		 			
(West Eurasian and African population)					
Larus melanocephalus		П	П		
Larus genei					
Larus audouinii					
Larus armenicus					
Sterna nilotica nilotica					
(West Eurasian and African populations)					
Sterna caspia					
(West Eurasian and African populations)					
Sterna maxima albidorsalis					
Sterna bergii					
(African and Southwest Asian populations)					
Sterna bengalensis					
(African and Southwest Asian populations)					
Sterna sandvicensis sandvicensis					
Sterna dougallii					
(Atlantic population)					
Sterna hirundo hirundo					
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)		 			
Sterna paradisaea					
(Atlantic populations)		 			
Sterna albifrons		 			
Sterna saundersi	 				
Sterna balaenarum		 	<u> </u>		
Sterna repressa		<u> </u>			
Chlidonias niger niger	\perp \perp				
Chlidonias leucopterus					
(West Eurasian and African population)					
COLUMBIFORMES					
Streptopelia turtur turtur					

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	CORAC	CIIFORMES	u vuiiuoie	
Merops apiaster				
Coracias garrulus				
Corucius gurruius	PSITTA	CIFORMES		
Amazona tucumana				
1mazona memana	D. corr	L L		
Hirundo atrocaerulea	PASSEI	RIFORMES		
Pseudocolopteryx dinellianus				
Polystictus pectoralis pectoralis				
Sporophila ruficollis				
Acrocephalus paludicola	Trem	UDINATA	Ш	
Chelonia depressa				
Chelonia mydas				
Caretta caretta				
Eretmochelys imbricata				
Lepidochelys kempii				
Lepidochelys olivacea				
Dermochelys coriacea				
Podocnemis expansa				
1 ойоснения ехранза	CROC	CODYLIA		
Crocodylus porosus				
	ACIPENS	ERIFORMES		
Huso huso				
Huso dauricus				
Acipenser baerii baicalensis				
Acipenser fulvescens				
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii				
Acipenser medirostris				
Acipenser mikadoi				
Acipenser naccarii				
Acipenser nudiventris				
Acipenser persicus				
Acipenser ruthenus				
(Danube population)				
Acipenser schrenckii				
Acipenser sinensis				
Acipenser stellatus				
Acipenser sturio				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus kaufmanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus hermanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus fedtschenkoi				
Psephurus gladius				
Dir. 1	ORECTOI	OBIFORMES		
Rhincodon typus	T	LI LI		
Canahanadan saartaariaa		IFORMES		
Carcharodon carcharias				
	LEPII	OOPTERA		
Danaus plexippus				

All species of each of the Families below are listed in Appendix II. If your country is a Range State for any of the species in these Families, please enter the species name in the first column, under the relevant Family heading. Please indicate (with a 'X') whether your country is a Range State or the species is extinct and, where appropriate, please provide published distribution references. (Space is provided for ten species in each Family. If additional lines are required, please attach the information as an annex).

Species	Range State	Extinct	Published distribution reference					
	Order FALCON	IFORMES, Famil	y Cathartidae					
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Order FALCONI	FORMES, Famil	y Accipitridae					
	RangeState	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Order FALCON	IFORMES, Fami	ly Falconidae					
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	☐ Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Range State	☐ Extinct						
	Order Passerie	ORMES, Family	Muscicapidae					
Range State Extinct								

Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	



Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals



NATIONAL REPORT OF PARTIES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Reporting format agreed by the Standing Committee at its 32nd Meeting (Bonn, November 2007) for mandatory use by Parties, for reports submitted to the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP9) (Rome, 2008).

The questions below combine elements of Resolution 4.1 (Party Reports) adopted by the Fourth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi, June 1994) and Resolution 6.4 (Strategic Plan for the Convention on Migratory Species 2000-2005), adopted by the Sixth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Cape Town, November 1999), the COP8 Strategic Plan 2006-2011 and Resolution 8.24 adopted by the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi 2005), as well as commitments arising from other operational Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties.

Parties are encouraged to respond to all questions. Parties are also requested to provide comprehensive answers, including, where appropriate, a summary of activities, information on factors limiting action and details of any assistance required.

This document has been designed with semi-automated text-form fields. Please double click on the grey boxes to enter the field. You can then enter the required information. Continue to do so with each text-field or jump to the next field directly by using the tab key. Where checkboxes are available you might check these with a single click.

Please enter here the name of your country: Guernsey

Which agency has been primarily responsible for the preparation of this report?

Environment Department, Sir Charles Frossard House, La Charroterie, St Peter Port, Guernsey Please list any other agencies that have provided input:

Guernsey Biological Records Centre, La Ramée, St Peter Port, Guernsey

I(a). General Information

Please enter the required information in the table below:

Party					
Date of entry into force of the Convention in [country name]	1 October 1985				
Period covered	2006-2008				
Territories to which the Convention applies	The United Kingdom and its Dependent and Overseas Territories – <u>Bailiwick of Guernsey</u> (Dependent Territory)				
DESIGNATED NATIONAL FOCAL POINT					
Full name of the institution					
Name and title of designated Focal Point					
Mailing address					
Telephone					
Fax					
E-mail					
APPOINTN	MENT TO THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL				
Full name of the institution					
Name and title of contact officer					
Mailing address					
Telephone					
Fax					
E-mail					
	SUBMISSION				
Name and Signature of officer responsible for submitting national report	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:				
Date of submission					
Membership of the Standing Committee (if applicable):	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:				
Competent Authority:					
Relevant implemented legislation:					
Other relevant Conventions/ Agreements (apart from CMS) to which <i>country name</i> is a Party:					
National policy instruments (e.g. national biodiversity conservation strategy, etc.):					

Please indicate whether your country is part of the following Agreements/MoU. If so, please indicate the competent national institution

Wadden Sea Seals:	☐ Party	rty Non-party Range State		
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
National Focal Point/Competent author Name: Address:	ity	Membership of the Trilateral Name: Address:	Sea	l Expert Group
Tel: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Eurobats	☑ Party☑ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non-party Range State Non Range State
Competent authority Name: Address:		Appointed member of the Ad Name: Address:	viso	ory Committee
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
ASCOBANS	□ Party	I		Non-party Range State
	⊠ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
Co-ordinating authority Name: Address:		Appointed member of the Ad Name: Address:	viso	ory Committee
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Membership of other committees or wo groups:	rking			
AEWA:	☐ Party☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non-party Range State Non Range State
Administrative Authority Name: Address:		Appointed member of the Tec Name: Address:	chni	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
ACCOBAMS	☐ Party	ed but not yet entered force		Non-party Range State Non Range State
National Focal Point Name: Address:	,	Appointed member of the Sci Name: Address:	ienti	fic Committee
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Membership of committees or working groups:				

ACAP	☐ Party	7	☐ Non-party Range State
	Sign	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State
Designated Authority		National Contact Point	
Name: Address:		Name: Address:	
Tel.: Fax:		Tel.: Fax:	
E-mail:		E-mail:	
Membership of Advisory Committee		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax:	
		E-mail:	
Siberian Crane MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	ate Non Range State
Competent authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax:	
		E-mail:	
Slender-billed Curlew MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent Authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Marine Turtle – Africa MoU:	Signatory	Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
National Contact Point		Name: Address:	
		Tel.:	
		Fax: E-mail:	
Creek Durston J.MII.	Ciarret		Man Danie Co
Great Bustard MoU:	Signatory	Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent Authority Name:		National Contact Point Name:	
Address:		Address:	
Tel.:		Tel.:	
Fax:		Fax: E-mail:	
E-mail:			
Marine Turtle MoU - IOSEA:	Signatory	Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent national authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.:	
		Fax: E-mail:	
		I .	

Bukhara Deer MoU:	Signatory	□ N	Non-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority		Name: Address Tel.: Fax:		
Aquatic Warbler MoU:		E-mail:	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
_	<u>∠</u> Signatory			Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address:	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
African Elephant MoU:	Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Pacific Islands Cetaceans MoU:	Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.:	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Fax: E-mail:	
Mediterranean Monk Seal MoU	: Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address:	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	

1	Which other government departments are involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country? (Please list.)			
2	If more than one government department is involved, describe the interaction/relationship between these government departments:			
3	Has a national liaison system or committee been established in your country? Please provide contact information			
	☐ Yes ☐ No			
4	List the main non-governmental organizations actively involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country, and describe their involvement:			
4a	Please provide detail on any devolved government/overseas territory authorities involved.			
5	Describe any involvement of the private sector in the conservation of migratory species in your country:			
6	Note any interactions between these sectors in the conservation of migratory species in your country:			

I(b). Information about involved Authorities

Identify the ministry, agency/department or organization that is responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I species

1	Birds	
2	Marine Mammals	
3	Marine Turtles	
4	Terrestrial Mammals	
5	Bats	
6	Other Taxa	

II. Appendix I species				
	1. BIRDS			
1.1	General questions on Appendix I bird species			

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bird species prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?						
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:						
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bird species is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?						
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7):						
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bird species:						
	By-catch						
	Habitat destruction Wind turbines						
	Pollution						
	Other (please provide details)						
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?						
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.						
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?						
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bird species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?						
	Illegal trade Poaching						
	Other (please specify)						
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further						
	endanger bird species beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?						
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.						
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:						
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?						

1.2	Questions	on specific	Appendix 3	I bird	species
	& creptions	on specific	PPC	- ~	pecies

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name - Common Name(s) Acrocephalus paludicola - Aquatic Warbler					
1	Please provide published distribution reference: http://www.geocities.com/mplawlorgue/CIbirdlistDec2006.doc					
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):					
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear					
	Jersey Rare autumn migrant (August/early September). Guernsey Scarce autumn migrant (August/early September). Alderney 3 records, 16/8/1972, 28/8/76 and 10/5/87:Sark 1 record, 27/8/1976.					
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):					
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear					
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):					
	Research					
	Identification and establishment of protected areas					
	Monitoring					
	Education/awareness rising					
	Species protection					
	Control hunting / poaching					
	Species restoration					
	Habitat protection					
	Habitat restoration					
	Other					
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?					
	Best habitats in private ownership					
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:					

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

S	Species name - Common Name(s) Ferruginous Duck Aythya nyroca						
1		Please provide published distribution reference: http://www.geocities.com/mplawlorgue/CIbirdlistDec2006.doc					
2:	a	Summarise information on population size (if known):					
		increasing decreasing stable not known unclear					
		Jersey 1 record, 15/11-16/12/1986. Alderney 1 record, 29/9/1991.					

2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):						
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear						
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):						
	Research						
]	Identification and establishment of protected areas						
	Monitoring						
	Education/awareness rising						
	Species protection						
	Control hunting / poaching						
	Species restoration						
	Habitat protection						
	Habitat restoration						
	Other						
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?						
	Best habitats in private ownership						
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:						
_							
Misc	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:						

	2. MARINE MAMMALS
2.1	General questions on Appendix I marine mammals

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine mammals prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:				
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine mammals is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):				
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine mammals:				
	By-catch Collision with fishing traffic				
	Pollution				
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)				
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?				
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.				
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?				
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine mammal species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?				
	Pollution By-catch				
	Other (please specify)				
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine mammal beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?				
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.				
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:				
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?				

2.2	Overstions	amonifia A	nnandir I	moninom	ammala
2.2	Questions on	specific A	ppenaix i	l marme m	laiiiiiiais

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine mammal species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s)					
1	Please provide published distribution reference:					
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known	n):				
	increasing decreasing stable	not known 🗌	unclear			
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):					
	increasing decreasing stable	not known	unclear			
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the projection)					
	Research					
	Identification and establishment of protected areas					
	Monitoring					
	Education / awareness rising					
	Species protection					
	Control hunting / poaching					
	Species restoration					
	Habitat protection					
	Habitat restoration					
	Other					
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	s in the reporting period, w	what has prevented such action being			
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this	is species:				
Mia						
WHSC	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:					

	3 MARINE TURTLES
3.1	General questions on Appendix I marine turtles

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine turtles prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine turtles:
	By-catch Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Collection of eggs Predation of eggs
	Destruction of nesting beaches
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine turtles beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

3.2	Questions of	ı specific Appei	ndix I marin	e turtles
J.4	Questions of	i specific Appei	luix i marm	e turu

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine turtle species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Specie	Species name – Common Name(s)						
1	Please provide published distribution reference:						
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):						
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear						
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):						
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear						
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):						
	Research						
	Identification and establishment of protected areas						
	Monitoring						
	Education / awareness rising						
	Species protection						
	Control hunting / poaching						
	Species restoration						
	Habitat protection						
	Habitat restoration						
	Other						
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?						
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:						
Misce	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine turtles in general:						

4 TERRESTRIAL MAMMALS	(OTHER THAN BATS)
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4.1 General questions on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?			
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:			
1a	If the taking of Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) is prohibited by Yes No No			
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):			
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation	to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats):		
	Lack of information	By-catch		
	Habitat fragmentation	Electrocution		
	Wind turbines	Poaching		
	Insufficient legislation	Lack of trans-boundary management		
	Poor communication amongst Range States	Man-made barriers		
	Climate change and drought			
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)			
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these o	bstacles?		
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in or	der to overcome these obstacles?		
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terrestrial man	<u> </u>		
	Lack of information Habitat fragmentati	<u> </u>		
	Poaching Insufficient legislat			
	Illegal trade Other (please special	•		
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of terrestrial mammal (other than bats) beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?			
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
3c	Describe any factors which limit action being taken in this regard:			
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country rec	quire to overcome these factors?		

4.2	Questions on s	pecific Api	pendix I te	errestrial ma	ammals (oth	er than	bats)
T.#	Questions on s	pecific rip	pcnuix i u	ci i coti iai iiit		Ci tilali	Daw

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I terrestrial mammal species (other than bats) for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s)						
1	Please provide published distribution reference:						
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):						
	increasing decreasing not known unclear unclear						
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):						
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear						
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):						
	Research						
	Identification and establishment of protected areas						
	Monitoring						
	Education / awareness rising						
	Species protection						
	Control hunting / poaching						
	Species restoration						
	Habitat protection						
	Habitat restoration						
	Other						
4	4 If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?						
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species?						
Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:							

	5.	BATS
5.1	General ques	tions on Appendix I bats

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bats prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bats is prohibited by law, have any exceptions
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bats:
	Vandalism of bat caves
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bats (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution Habitat fragmentation and loss
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of bats beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
	changer species of oats ocyona actions to prevent distuption to inigrating ochaviour:
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

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5.2	Juestions (on specific	Abbendix	l bat species
	Z			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bat species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2c	Summarise information on trends (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2c	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

	<u> </u>	- m
6	OTHER	$\mathbf{R}^{T}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}$
v.	V) I DEF	LAAA

6.1 General questions on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

1	Identify the Ministry, agency/department, or organisation responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I listed species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
2	Is the taking of all Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, prohibited by the national legislation listed as being implementing legislation in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
2a	If the taking of Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
3	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Lack of legislation
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
3a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
4	What are the major threats to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Other (please specify)
4a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species belonging to taxa not included in section 1-5 above beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
4b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
4c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
4d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

6.2	Ouestions or	cnocitio	Annondiv	l angoina ha	longing to	than taxa
0.4	Ouesnous or	i specific a	A DDEHUIX 1	i species ne	เดแรเแร เด เ	Julei taxa

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:
2.51	
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I bats in general:

7	I ISTING OF OTHER ENDANGEDED MICRATORY SPECIES IN	A DDENIDIV I
/	LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATORY SPECIES IN A	APPENDIX I

1	Is your country a Range State for any other endangered migratory species ¹ Yes No not currently listed in Appendix I?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated
	as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose listing any of these species?
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of these species?

¹ according to the latest IUCN red data list

III. Appendix II Species

1. INFORMATION ON APPENDIX II SPECIES

Information pertaining to the conservation of Appendix II species that are the object of CMS Agreements will have been provided in periodic Party reports to those instruments. It will suffice therefore to reference (below), and preferably append, a copy of the latest report that has been submitted to the Secretariat of each of the Agreement/MoUs to which your country is a Party.

WADDEN SEA SEALS (1991)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
EUROBATS (1994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ASCOBANS (1994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW MoU (19	994)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MARINE TURTLES - AFRICA MoU (1	999)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AEWA (1999)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ACCOBAMS (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
GREAT BUSTARD MoU (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MARINE TURTLES – INDIAN OCEAN	N/SOUTHEAST ASIA MoU (2001)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ALBATROSSES AND PETRELS (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
BUKHARA DEER MoU (2002)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AQUATIC WARBLER MoU (2003)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AFRICAN ELEPHANT MoU (2005)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
PACIFIC ISLANDS CETACEANS (200	6)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MEDITERRANEAN MONK SEAL (200	7)
Date of last report:	Period covered:

2. QUESTIONS ON CMS AGREEMENTS

2.1 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to birds

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	☐ Yes ☐ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, please provide details:	☐ Yes ☐ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or instrument's development?	
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for birds, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	☐ Yes ☐ No
2.	2 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to	o marine mammals
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?	☐ Yes ☐ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?	
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?	☐ Yes ☐ No
	If Yes, please provide details:	
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement o Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or painstrument's development?	
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine mammals, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes No
	2.3 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating	to marine turtles
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles?	Yes No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?	
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreer	ment or Memorandum of
5	Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initi instrument's development?	
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine turtles, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes No

	(other than bats)		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	□ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for terrestrial mammals (other than bats), including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
	2.5 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relati	ing to bate	
	2.5 Questions on the development of new CWIS Agreements relati	ing to bats	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	□ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiat instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for bats, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
2.0	6 QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CMS AGREEMENTS RELATIN	G TO OTHE	R TAXA
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above?	Yes	□ No
2	If Yes, what is the current state of development? In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development	Yes	☐ No
2	of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above? If Yes, please provide details:	res	
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Munderstanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or part instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for other taxa, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□No

Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to terrestrial mammals

2.4

3.	LISTING OF MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX II

1	Is your country a Range State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable conservation status, but is <u>not</u> currently listed in Appendix II and could benefit from the conclusion of an Agreement for its conservation? If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose the listing of this/these species in Appendix II? Yes No
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of this/these species?

IV. National and Regional Priorities

1	What priority does your country assign to the conservation and, where applicable, sustainable use of migratory species in comparison to other biodiversity-related issues	Low	Medium	High
2	Are migratory species and their habitats addressed by your country's biodiversity strategy or action plan?	national	Yes	□ No
	If Yes, please indicate and briefly describe the extent to which it add	esses the fol	lowing issues:	
	Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of migratory s	pecies		
	Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of the habitat areas	s of migrato	ry species, incl	uding protected
	Actions to prevent, reduce or control factors that are enda migratory species (e.g. alien invasive species or by-catch)	ngering or a	are likely to fu	rther endanger
	☐ Minimizing or eliminating barriers or obstacles to migration			
	Research and monitoring of migratory species			
	Transboundary co-operation			
3	Does the conservation of migratory species currently feature in any or regional policies/plans (apart from CMS Agreements) If Yes, please provide details:	ther national	Yes	□ No
3a	Do these policies/plans cover the following areas (if Yes, please prov	ride details):		
	Yes No			
	☐ Exploitation of natural resources (e.g. fisheries, hunting,	etc.)		
	☐ Economic development			
	☐ Land-use planning			
	☐ Pollution control			
	☐ Designation and development of protected areas			
	Development of ecological networks			
	☐ Planning of power lines			
	☐ Planning of fences			
	☐ Planning of dams			
	Other			
4	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken			

	V. Protected Areas
1	Are migratory species taken into account in the selection, establishment and management of protected areas in your country? If Yes, please provide details:
1a	Please identify the most important national sites for migratory species and their protection status:
1b	Do these protected areas cover the following areas? (If Yes, please provide details and include the amount of protected areas coverage and the number of protected areas): Yes No Terrestrial Aquatic Marine
1c	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
1	VI. Policies on Satellite Telemetry In the current reporting period, has your country undertaken
1	conservation/research projects that use satellite telemetry? In preparation on-going completed
2	Are any future conservation/research projects planned that will use Satellite telemetry? If Yes, please provide details (including the expected timeframe for these projects): If No, please explain any impediments or requirements in this regard:
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	VII. Membership
1	Have actions been taken by your country to encourage non- Parties
1a	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VIII. Global and National Importance of CMS

1	Have actions been taken by your country to increase national, regional and/or global awareness of the relevance of CMS and its global importance in the context of biodiversity conservation? If Yes, please provide details:		No
2	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your	r country:	
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken		
	IX. Mobilization of Resources		
1	Has your country made financial resources available for conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these	Yes activities):	☐ No :
2	Has your country made voluntary contributions to the CMS Trust Fund to support requests from developing countries and countries with economies in transition? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	Has your country made other voluntary financial contributions to support conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in other countries (particularly developing countries)?	Yes	□ No
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these		
4	Has your country provided technical and/or scientific assistance to developing countries to facilitate initiatives for the benefit of migratory species?	Yes	☐ No
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these	activities):	:
5	Has your country received financial assistance/support from the CMS Trust Fund, via the CMS Secretariat, for national conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country?	Yes	□ No
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these	activities):	
6	Has your country received financial assistance/support from sources other than the CMS Secretariat for conservation activities having direct benefit	Yes	☐ No

for migratory species in your country?

If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):

X. Implementation of COP Resolutions and Recommendations

Please provide information about measures undertaken by your country relating to recent Resolutions and Recommendations since the last Report. For your convenience please refer to the list of COP Resolutions and Recommendations listed below.

Resolutions

Resolution 6.2 - By-catch, and Recommendation 7.2 - Implementation of Resolution 6.2 on By-catch

Resolution 6.3 – Southern Hemisphere Albatross Conservation

Resolution 7.2 – Impact Assessment and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.3 – Oil Pollution and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.4 – Electrocution of Migratory Birds

Resolution 7.5 – Wind Turbines and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.9 – Cooperation with Other Bodies and Processes

Resolution 7.15 – Future Action on the Antarctic Minke, Bryde's and Pygmy Right Whales under the Convention on Migratory Species

Resolution 8.1 – Sustainable Use

Resolution 8.2 – CMS Strategic Plan 2006-2010

Resolution 8.5 - Implementation of Existing Agreements and Development of Future Agreements

Resolution 8.7 - Contribution of CMS in Achieving the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Resolution 8.9 - Review of GROMS (Global Register on Migratory Species)

Resolution 8.11 - Co-operation with other Conventions

Resolution 8.13 - Climate Change and Migratory Species

Resolution 8.14 – By-Catch

Resolution 8.22 - Adverse Human Induced Impacts on Cetaceans

Resolution 8.24 - National Reports for the Eight and Ninth Meetings of the Conference of the Parties

Resolution 8.27 - Migratory Species and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

Resolution 8.29 - Concerted Actions for Appendix I Species

Recommendations

Recommendation 7.5 – Range State Agreement for Dugong (Dugong dugon) Conservation

Recommendation 7.6 – Improving the Conservation Status of the Leatherback Turtle (*Dermochelys coriacea*)

Recommendation 7.7 – America Pacific Flyway Programme

Recommendation 8.12 - Improving the conservation status of raptors and owls in the African Eurasian region

Recommendation 8.16 – Migratory Sharks

Recommendation 8.17 – Marine Turtles

Recommendation 8.23 - Central Eurasian and Aridland Mammals

Recommendation 8.26 - Grassland Bird Species and their Habitats in Southern South America

Recommendation 8.28 - Cooperative Actions for Appendix II Species

Other resolutions/recommendations:

Other remarks:

Annex: Updating Data on Appendix II Species

The tables below contain the list of all species listed in Appendix II.

New Parties which have acceded since COP8 in 2005 and Parties which did not submit a National Report in 2005 are requested to complete the entire form.

Parties that did submit a report in 2005 need only which information has changed (e.g. new published distribution references and details concerning species added to Appendix II at COP8).

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	CE	TACEA		
Rhinolophus ferrumequinum				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus hipposideros				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus euryale				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus mehelyi				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus blasii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis bechsteini				
(only European populations)				
Myotis blythi				
(only European populations)				
Myotis brandtii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis capaccinii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis dasycneme				
(only European populations)				
Myotis daubentoni				
(only European populations)				
Myotis emarginatus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis myotis				
(only European populations)				
Myotis mystacinus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis nattereri				
(only European populations)		_		
Pipistrellus kuhli				
(only European populations)	 	 	_	
Pipistrellus nathusii				
(only European populations)	+ =			
Pipistrellus pipistrellus				
(only European populations)	+ -	 		
Pipistrellus savii				
(only European populations)	+ -	 		
Nyctalus lasiopterus				
(only European populations)	+ -	+ -		
Nyctalus leisleri				
(only European populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Nyctalus noctula (only European populations)				
Eptesicus nilssonii				
(only European populations)				
Eptesicus serotinus (only European populations)				
Vespertilio murinus (only European populations)				
Barbastella barbastellus (only European populations)				
Plecotus auritus				
(only European populations) Plecotus austriacus				
(only European populations)				
Miniopterus schreibersii (only European populations)				
Tadarida teniotis				
	CE'	TACEA	<u> </u>	
Physeter macrocephalus				
Platanista gangetica gangetica				
Pontoporia blainvillei				
Inia geoffrensis				
Delphinapterus leucas				
Monodon monoceros				
Phocoena phocoena (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Phocoena phocoena (western North Atlantic population)				
Phocoena phocoena (Black Sea population)				
Neophocaena phocaenoides				
Phocoenoides dalli				
Phocoena spinipinnis				
Phocoena dioptrica				
Sousa chinensis				
Sousa teuszii				
Sotalia fluviatilis				
Lagenorhynchus albirostris (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus acutus (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus australis				
Lagenorhynchus obscurus				
Grampus griseus (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops aduncus (Arafura/Timor Sea populations)				
Tursiops truncatus (North and Baltic Sea populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
Tursiops truncatus (western Mediterranean population)						
Tursiops truncatus						
(Black Sea population) Stenella attenuata						
(eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella attenuata (Southeast Asian populations)						
Stenella longirostris (eastern tropical Pacific populations)						
Stenella longirostris	П	П	П			
(Southeast Asian populations)						
Stenella coeruleoalba (eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella coeruleoalba						
(western Mediterranean population) Delphinus delphis						
(North and Baltic Sea populations)			Ш			
Delphinus delphis (western Mediterranean population)						
Delphinus delphis						
(Black Sea population) Delphinus delphis						
(eastern tropical Pacific population) Lagenodelphis hosei						
(Southeast Asian populations)						
Orcaella brevirostris						
Cephalorhynchus commersonii (South American population)						
Cephalorhynchus eutropia						
Cephalorhynchus heavisidii						
Orcinus orca						
Globicephala melas (only North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Berardius bairdii						
Hyperoodon ampullatus						
Balaenoptera bonaerensis						
Balaenoptera edeni						
Balaenoptera borealis						
Balaenoptera physalus						
Caperea marginata						
A	CAR	RNIVORA				
Arctocephalus australis						
Otaria flavescens						
Phoca vitulina (only Baltic and Wadden Sea populations)						
Halichoerus grypus (only Baltic Sea populations)						
Monachus monachus						
PROBOSCIDEA						

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Loxodonta africana				
	SII	RENIA		
Trichechus manatus (populations between Honduras and Panama)				
Trichechus senegalensis				
Trichechus inunguis				
Dugong dugon				
	Proven			
r 1 ·	PERISSO	DDACTYLA		
Equus hemionus (includes Equus hemionus, Equus onager and Equus kiang)				
	ARTIO	DACTYLA	T	
Vicugna vicugna				
Oryx dammah				
Gazella gazella (only Asian populations)				
Gazella subgutturosa				
Procapra gutturosa				
Saiga tatarica tatarica				
	GAVII	FORMES		
Gavia stellata (Western Palearctic populations)				
Gavia arctica arctica				
Gavia arctica suschkini				
Gavia immer immer (Northwest European population)				
Gavia adamsii (Western Palearctic population)				
	PODICIP	EDIFORMES		
Podiceps grisegena grisegena				
Podiceps auritus (Western Palearctic populations)				
	PELECA	NIFORMES		
Phalacrocorax nigrogularis				
Phalacrocorax pygmeus				
Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations)				
Pelecanus crispus				
•	CICON	IIFORMES		
Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations)				
Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations)				
Ixobrychus sturmii				
Ardeola rufiventris				
Ardeola idae				
Egretta vinaceigula				
Casmerodius albus albus (Western Palearctic populations)				
Ardea purpurea purpurea (populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference
		level	available	
Mycteria ibis				
Ciconia nigra				
Ciconia episcopus microscelis				
Ciconia ciconia				
Plegadis falcinellus				
Geronticus eremita				
Threskiornis aethiopicus aethiopicus				
Platalea alba				
(excluding Malagasy population)				
Platalea leucorodia				
Phoenicopterus ruber				
Phoenicopterus minor				
	ANSER	RIFORMES		
Dendrocygna bicolor				
Dendrocygna viduata				
Thalassornis leuconotus				
Oxyura leucocephala				
Cygnus olor				
Cygnus cygnus				
Cygnus columbianus				
Anser brachyrhynchus				
Anser fabalis				
Anser albifrons				
Anser erythropus				
Anser anser				
Branta leucopsis				
Branta bernicla				
Branta ruficollis				
Alopochen aegyptiacus				
Tadorna ferruginea				
Tadorna cana				
Tadorna tadorna				
Plectropterus gambensis				
Sarkidiornis melanotos				
Nettapus auritus				
Anas penelope				
Anas strepera				
Anas crecca				
Anas capensis				
Anas platyrhynchos				
Anas undulata				
Anas acuta				
Anas erythrorhyncha				
Anas hottentota				
Anas querquedula				
Anas clypeata				
Marmaronetta angustirostris				
Netta rufina				
Netta erythrophthalma				
Aythya ferina				
11 yanya jenua				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Aythya nyroca	П		П	
Aythya fuligula				
Aythya marila				
Somateria mollissima				
Somateria spectabilis				
Polysticta stelleri				
Clangula hyemalis				
Melanitta nigra				
Melanitta fusca				
Bucephala clangula				
Mergellus albellus				
Mergus serrator				
Mergus merganser				
mergus mergunser	FALCO	NIFORMES		
Pandion haliaetus				
1 antion mitteetts				
	GALL	IFORMES		
Coturnix coturnix coturnix	Ш			
	SPHENI	SCIFORMES		
Spheniscus demersus				
	PROCELL	ARIIFORMES		
Diomedea exulans				
Diomedea epomophora				
Diomedea irrorata				
Diomedea nigripes	$-\ddot{\Box}$			
Diomedea immutabilis				
Diomedea melanophris	$\overline{\Box}$			
Diomedea bulleri				
Diomedea cauta				
Diomedea chlororhynchos	$\overline{\Box}$			
Diomedea chrysostoma				
Phoebetria fusca				
Phoebetria palpebrata	$-\overline{\sqcap}$			
Macronectes giganteus				
Macronectes halli				
Procellaria cinerea				
Procellaria aequinoctialis	$\overline{\Box}$			
Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata				
Procellaria parkinsoni	$\overline{\Box}$			
Procellaria westlandica	$\overline{\Box}$			
2.000mm mostumutou	Сри	IFORMES		
Porzana porzana				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Porzana parva parva				
Porzana pusilla intermedia				
Fulica atra atra				
(Mediterranean and Black Sea populations)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Aenigmatolimnas marginalis				
Sarothrura boehmi				
Sarothrura ayresi				
Crex crex				

Grus leucogermus	Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Grus paradisea			level	avanable	
Grus paradisea					
Grus carunculatus					
Gris gris					
Chlamydotis undulata					
Oils tarda	-				
Otis tarda					
CHARADRIFORMES		 			
Himantopus himantopus	Onstaraa	CHARAI	DRITEORMES		
Recurvirostra avosetta	Himantopus himantopus				
Dromas ardeola					
Burhinus oedicnemus Glareola pratincola Glareola nordmanni Pluvialis apricaria Pluvialis squatarola Charadrius hiaticula Charadrius dubius Charadrius pecuarius Charadrius pecuarius Charadrius pecuarius Charadrius probesi Charadrius alixanius Charadrius alixanius Charadrius marginatus Charadrius marginatus Charadrius aescandrinus Charadrius aeschenaultii Charadrius assiaticus Eudromias morinellus Vanellus vanellus vanellus Vanellus spinosus Vanellus spinosus Vanellus spinosus Vanellus menopterus Vanellus menopterus Vanellus gergarius (Syn Chettusia gregaria) Vanellus sopronatus Vanellus spinosus Vanellus gergarius (Syn Chettusia Gallinago media Gallinago media Gallinago media Gallinago media Limosa limosa Limosa lapponica Numenius tenuirostris Numenius tenuirostris Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Glareola pratincola					
Glareola nordmanni					
Pluvialis apricaria					
Pluvialis squatarola					
Charadrius hiaticula Charadrius dubius Charadrius tricollaris Charadrius probesi Charadrius pallidus Charadrius alexandrinus Charadrius marginatus Charadrius mongulus Charadrius socialisticus Eudromias morinellus Vanellus vanellus Vanellus spinosus Vanellus albiceps Vanellus lugubris Vanellus supercitiosus Vanellus supercitiosus Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia gregaria) Vanellus luguoris Callinago media Gallinago media Gallinago gallinago Lymnocryptes minimus Limosa limosa Limosa limosa Limosa limosa Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Charadrius pecuarius	_				
Charadrius pecuarius					
Charadrius forbesi					
Charadrius pobesi					
Charadrius alexandrinus		$\vdash \vdash$			
Charadrius alexandrinus					
Charadrius marginatus	_				
Charadrius mongulus					
Charadrius leschenaultii					
Charadrius asiaticus	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Eudromias morinellus					
Vanellus vanellus					
Vanellus spinosus					
Vanellus albiceps					
Vanellus senegallus					
Vanellus lugubris	_				
Vanellus melanopterus	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Vanellus coronatus	_				
Vanellus superciliosus					
Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia gregaria)					
gregaria) Vanellus leucurus					
Vanellus leucurus Gallinago media Gallinago gallinago Lymnocryptes minimus Limosa limosa Limosa lapponica Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Gallinago media Gallinago gallinago Lymnocryptes minimus Limosa limosa Limosa lapponica Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Gallinago gallinago Lymnocryptes minimus Limosa limosa Limosa lapponica Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Lymnocryptes minimus					
Limosa limosa Limosa lapponica Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Limosa lapponica Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris Numenius arquata					
Numenius tenuirostris					
Numenius arquata					
Tringa erythropus	Tringa erythropus				
Tringa totanus					
Tringa stagnatilis					

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference
	State	level	available	reference
Tringa nebularia				
Tringa ochropus				
Tringa glareola	$\overline{\Box}$			
Tringa cinerea				
Tringa hypoleucos				
Arenaria interpres				
Calidris tenuirostris				
Calidris canutus				
Calidris alba	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Calidris minuta				
Calidris temminckii				
Calidris maritima				
Calidris alpina				
Calidris ferruginea				
Limicola falcinellus				
Philomachus pugnax				
Phalaropus lobatus				
Phalaropus fulicaria				
Larus hemprichii				
Larus leucophthalmus				
Larus ichthyaetus				
(West Eurasian and African population)	_			
Larus melanocephalus				
Larus genei				
Larus audouinii				
Larus armenicus				
Sterna nilotica nilotica				
(West Eurasian and African populations)	_			
Sterna caspia				
(West Eurasian and African populations)				
Sterna maxima albidorsalis				
Sterna bergii				
(African and Southwest Asian populations)				
Sterna bengalensis				
(African and Southwest Asian populations)				
Sterna sandvicensis sandvicensis				
Sterna dougallii	Ш			
(Atlantic population)				
Sterna hirundo hirundo	Ш			
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Sterna paradisaea				
(Atlantic populations) Sterna albifrons		 		
ř				
Sterna saundersi				
Sterna balaenarum				
Sterna repressa		\bot		
Chlidonias niger niger				
Chlidonias leucopterus				
(West Eurasian and African population)	~			
G	COLUN	MBIFORMES		
Streptopelia turtur turtur	⊔		<u> </u>	

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
	State	National	information	reference
		level	available	
Merops apiaster				
Coracias garrulus				
	PSITTA	CIFORMES		
Amazona tucumana				
	PASSEI	RIFORMES	l l	
Hirundo atrocaerulea				
Pseudocolopteryx dinellianus				
Polystictus pectoralis pectoralis				
Sporophila ruficollis				
Acrocephalus paludicola				
	TEST	UDINATA		
Chelonia depressa				
Chelonia mydas				
Caretta caretta				
Eretmochelys imbricata				
Lepidochelys kempii				
Lepidochelys olivacea				
Dermochelys coriacea				
Podocnemis expansa				
	Croc	CODYLIA		
Crocodylus porosus				
	ACIPENS	ERIFORMES	<u> </u>	
Huso huso				
Huso dauricus				
Acipenser baerii baicalensis				
Acipenser fulvescens				
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii				
Acipenser medirostris				
Acipenser mikadoi				
Acipenser naccarii				
Acipenser nudiventris				
Acipenser persicus				
Acipenser ruthenus				
(Danube population)				
Acipenser schrenckii				
Acipenser sinensis				
Acipenser stellatus				
Acipenser sturio				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus kaufmanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus hermanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus fedtschenkoi				
Psephurus gladius	Oppose -			
Phin and an turning	ORECTOI	LOBIFORMES		
Rhincodon typus				
	LAMN	IFORMES		
Carcharodon carcharias				
	LEPII	OOPTERA		
Danaus plexippus				
	I	<u>I</u>	j l	

All species of each of the Families below are listed in Appendix II. If your country is a Range State for any of the species in these Families, please enter the species name in the first column, under the relevant Family heading. Please indicate (with a 'X') whether your country is a Range State or the species is extinct and, where appropriate, please provide published distribution references. (Space is provided for ten species in each Family. If additional lines are required, please attach the information as an annex).

Species	Range State	Extinct	Published distribution reference
Order FALCONIFORMES, Family Cathartidae			
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
Order FALCONIFORMES, Family Accipitridae			
	RangeState	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
Order FALCONIFORMES, Family Falconidae			
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
Order PASSERIFORMES, Family Muscicapidae			
	Range State	Extinct	

Range State	☐ Extinct	
☐ Range State	☐ Extinct	
☐ Range State	☐ Extinct	
☐ Range State	☐ Extinct	
☐ Range State	☐ Extinct	
☐ Range State	☐ Extinct	
☐ Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	□ Range State □ Extinct □ Range State □ Extinct

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Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals



NATIONAL REPORT OF PARTIES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Reporting format agreed by the Standing Committee at its 32nd Meeting (Bonn, November 2007) for mandatory use by Parties, for reports submitted to the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP9) (Rome, 2008).

The questions below combine elements of Resolution 4.1 (Party Reports) adopted by the Fourth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi, June 1994) and Resolution 6.4 (Strategic Plan for the Convention on Migratory Species 2000-2005), adopted by the Sixth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Cape Town, November 1999), the COP8 Strategic Plan 2006-2011 and Resolution 8.24 adopted by the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi 2005), as well as commitments arising from other operational Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties.

Parties are encouraged to respond to all questions. Parties are also requested to provide comprehensive answers, including, where appropriate, a summary of activities, information on factors limiting action and details of any assistance required.

This document has been designed with semi-automated text-form fields. Please double click on the grey boxes to enter the field. You can then enter the required information. Continue to do so with each text-field or jump to the next field directly by using the tab key. Where checkboxes are available you might check these with a single click.

Please enter here the name of your country: Isle of Man

Which agency has been primarily responsible for the preparation of this report?

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry, Isle of Man Government

Please list any other agencies that have provided input:

I(a). General Information

Please enter the required information in the table below:

Party	
Date of entry into force of the Convention in the Isle of Man	UK ratification extended to the IoM on 1 Nov 1992
Period covered	2005-2007
Territories to which the Convention applies	Isle of Man
DESIG	NATED NATIONAL FOCAL POINT
Full name of the institution	
Name and title of designated Focal Point	
Mailing address	
Telephone	
Fax	
E-mail	
APPOINT	MENT TO THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL
Full name of the institution	
Name and title of contact officer	
Mailing address	
Telephone	
Fax	
E-mail	
	SUBMISSION
Name and Signature of officer responsible for submitting national report	Name: Richard Selman Address: Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry, Knockaloe Farm, Peel, Isle of Man, British Isles. Tel.: +44 1624 843109 Fax: +44 1624 844374 E-mail: wildlife.daff(at)gov.im
Date of submission	
Membership of the Standing Committee (if applicable):	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:
Competent Authority:	
Relevant implemented legislation:	Wildlife Act 1990
Other relevant Conventions/ Agreements (apart from CMS) to which <i>country name</i> is a Party:	Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, especially as waterfowl habitat Convention on the International Trade in Endangered Species of Flora and Fauna Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North East Atlantic
National policy instruments (e.g. national biodiversity conservation strategy, etc.):	

Please indicate whether your country is part of the following Agreements/MoU. If so, please indicate the competent national institution

Wadden Sea Seals:	☐ Party	y	☐ Non-party Range State	
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force	Non Range State ■	
National Focal Point/Competent author	ity	Membership of the Trilateral	Seal Expert Group	
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel:		Tel.:		
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
Eurobats	□ Party	<u> </u>	Non-party Range State	
		ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
Competent authority		Appointed member of the Ad		
Name:		Name:	,	
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:	I —	E-mail:	Τ	
ASCOBANS	Party		Non-party Range State	
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
Co-ordinating authority		Appointed member of the Advisory Committee		
Name: Address:		Name: Address:		
Tel.:		Address:		
Fax:		Tel.:		
E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
Membership of other committees or wo	rking			
groups:				
AEWA:	□ Party	ý	☐ Non-party Range State	
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
Administrative Authority		Appointed member of the Te	chnical Committee	
Name:		Name:		
Address: Tel.:		Address:		
Fax:		Tel.:		
E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
ACCOBAMS	☐ Party		☐ Non-party Range State	
	1	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
National Focal Point		Appointed member of the Sci		
Name:		Name:	***	
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
Membership of committees or working	groups:			

ACAP	☐ Party	7	☐ Non-party Range State
Currently not a range state but IoM agreed to UK signature being extended to the IoM	Sign	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State
Designated Authority		National Contact Point	
Name: Address:		Name: Address:	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Membership of Advisory Committee		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Siberian Crane MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Slender-billed Curlew MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent Authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Marine Turtle – Africa MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
National Contact Point		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Great Bustard MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent Authority		National Contact Point	
Name: Address:		Name: Address:	
Tel.:		Tel.: Fax:	
Fax: E-mail:		E-mail:	
	Cianatam	Non signatory Panga S	tota Non Dongs State
Marine Turtle MoU - IOSEA: Competent national authority	Signatory	Non-signatory Range S Name: Address:	tate Non Range State
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	

Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail: Aquatic Warbler MoU: Signatory Non-signatory Range State Non Range State Competent national authority National Contact Point	te
	te
Competent national authority National Contact Point	
Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail: Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
African Elephant MoU: ☐ Signatory ☐ Non-signatory Range State ☐ Non Range State	te
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail: National Contact Point Name: Address: Tak: E-mail:	
Pacific Islands Cetaceans MoU: ☐ Signatory ☐ Non-signatory Range State ☐ Non Range State	te
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: Fax: F-mail: National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: F-mail:	
E-mail: Mediterranean Monk Seal MoU: Signatory Non-signatory Range State Non Range State	te
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail: National Contact Point National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	

1	Which other government departments are involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country? (Please list.)		
	Manx National Heritage		
2	If more than one government department is involved, describe the interaction/relationship between these government departments:		
	DAFF administer the Wildlife Act, advise on wildlife conservation and hold many records. MNH run a bird observatory on the Calf of Man, hold records in addition to DAFF's, run the museum and advise on heritage matters including wildlife. Both departments have lands. We coordinate closely.		
3	Has a national liaison system or committee been established in your country? Please provide contact information		
	☐ Yes		
	There is not a formal system dealing specifically with migratory species, but the Wildlife Committee is set up under the Wildlife Act to advise the DAFF on matters relating to the Act or to the protection of birds, other animals or plants. The Island is not large so liaison is relatively easy. A DAFF officer attends Bat Group committee meetings and there are regular liaison meetings with the other non-governmental wildlife conservation organisations.		
4	List the main non-governmental organizations actively involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country, and describe their involvement:		
	Manx Bird Atlas – a charity holding bird records and undertaking surveys. Do consultancy work. Just completed a full atlas project.		
	Manx Wildlife Trust – manage nature reserves, do consultancy work, provide wildlife education and advise on wildlife matters.		
	Manx Bat Group – run a bat helpline and rescue service, educate and advise on bat matters and undertake surveys.		
	Manx Basking Shark Watch – research and education.		
	Manx Whale and Dolphin Watch – research and education.		
4a	Please provide detail on any devolved government/overseas territory authorities involved.		
	N/A		
5	Describe any involvement of the private sector in the conservation of migratory species in your country:		
6	Note any interactions between these sectors in the conservation of migratory species in your country:		

I(b). Information about involved Authorities

Identify the ministry, agency/department or organization that is responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I species

1	Birds	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry
2	Marine Mammals	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry
3	Marine Turtles	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry
4	Terrestrial Mammals	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry
5	Bats	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry
6	Other Taxa	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry

II. Appendix I species		
	1. BIRDS	
1.1	General questions on Appendix I bird species	

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bird species prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:		
	Note Appendix 1 birds are not resident or regular visitors, only occasional vagrants.		
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bird species is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?		
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7):		
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bird species:		
	By-catch		
	Habitat destruction		
	Pollution		
	Other (please provide details)		
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?		
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.		
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?		
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bird species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?		
	Illegal trade Poaching		
	Other (please specify)		
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger bird species beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?		
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.		
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:		
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?		

1.2	Questions	on specific	Appendix	I bird	species

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ries name – Common Name(s)			
1	Please provide published distribution reference:			
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):			
	increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☐ unclear ☒			
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):			
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear			
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):			
	Research			
	Identification and establishment of protected areas			
	Monitoring			
	Education/awareness rising			
	Species protection			
	Control hunting / poaching			
	Species restoration			
	Habitat protection			
	Habitat restoration			
	Other			
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?			
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:			

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:

Appendix 1 birds only occur as rare vagrants or escapees. The Manx Bird Atlas was published in 2007, with records of breeding and wintering birds in all terrestrial 1km squares and shows the distributions of resident species and regularly occurring visitors. A database of records to within 100m is maintained. Historical records are summarised in Cullen and Jennings (1986).

Cullen, JP & PP Jennings (1986). Birds of the Isle of Man. Bridgeen.

Sharpe, CM, JP Bishop, JP Cullen, PG Giovannini, JP Thorpe & P Weaver (2007). Manx Bird Atlas. Liverpool University Press.

	2. MARINE MAMMALS
2.1	General questions on Appendix I marine mammals

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine mammals prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine mammals is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified
2	to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)): Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine mammals:
2	By-catch Collision with fishing traffic
	Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	WiSe training for Wildlife Friendly boat operation undertaken in 2006 and 2008 to encourage responsible marine ecotourism amongst commercial boat operators. See www.wisescheme.org
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine mammal species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution By-catch
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine mammal beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
	WiSe course as above
	Marine mammal strandings are monitored and full post-mortems have been done on 3 harbour porpoises stranded. No strandings of listed species recorded.
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

2.2 Questions on specific Appendix I marine mammals

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine mammal species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Species name – Common Name(s) Fin whales				
1	Please provide published distribution reference:			
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known	ı):		
	increasing decreasing stable	not known 🖂 unclear 🗌		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):			
	increasing decreasing stable	not known 🛛 unclear 🗌		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the proj	vities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the ect and contact details, where available):		
	Research verification and dedicated ceteacean surveys. At least	Manx Whale and Dolphin Watch public sightings t 10 fin whales sightings since 2005		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas			
	Monitoring			
	Education / awareness rising education programme	Manx Whale and Dolphin Watch public		
	Species protection	Under Manx Wildlife Act		
	Control hunting / poaching			
	Species restoration			
	Habitat protection			
	Habitat restoration			
	Other			
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	s in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for thi	s species:		
	Continued public sighting scheme by Manx Whale a	nd Dolphin Watch		
	Dedicate ceteacean survey programme summer 2008			
Misc	cellaneous information or comments on Appendix I m	arine mammals in general:		
sight	Humpback and Sei whales have also been recorded. They are rarities but there have been a couple of confirmed sightings of both in Manx waters over the past 3 years and photographs that have been externally verified. See the Manx Whale and Dolphin Watch website for details.			

	3 MARINE TURTLES
3.1	General questions on Appendix I marine turtles

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine turtles prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine turtles:
	By-catch Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Collection of eggs Predation of eggs
	Destruction of nesting beaches
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine turtles beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3с	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

3.2	Ouestions	on specific	Appendix 1	[marine	turtles

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine turtle species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Specie	es name - Common Name(s) Leatherback turtle		
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known): increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐ Travers (2005) summarised the Manx records. There were 9 records from Manx waters between 1963 and 2004, and 7 of them were in the last 4 years. Travers, S (2005). Isle of Man Marine Health Check. Unpublished MSc thesis. University of Hull.		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known): increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research Identification and establishment of protected areas Monitoring Education / awareness rising Species protection Control hunting / poaching Species restoration Habitat protection Habitat restoration Other If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
	Continuing public awareness and encouraging reporting of sightings		
Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine turtles in general: Public awareness raising on turtles carried out and public asked to report sightings.			

4 TERRESTRIAL MAMMALS	(OTHER THAN BATS)
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4.1 General questions on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?			
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:			
	Note: no Appendix 1 terrestrial mammals.			
1a	If the taking of Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) is prohibited by Yes No law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?			
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):			
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats):			
	Lack of information By-catch			
	Habitat fragmentation			
	Wind turbines Doaching			
	Insufficient legislation			
	Poor communication amongst Range States			
	Climate change and drought			
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)			
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?			
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?			
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?			
	Lack of information Habitat fragmentation			
	Poaching Insufficient legislation			
	Illegal trade			
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of terrestrial mammal (other than bats) beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?			
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
3c	Describe any factors which limit action being taken in this regard:			
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?			

4.2	Questions on s	pecific Ap	pendix I	terrestrial	mammals (other	than	bats)
T.= \	Zuconono on o	pecific rip	pendix	cer i esti iai	illullilliais (Other	uiuii	Due

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I terrestrial mammal species (other than bats) for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	cies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other \square
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species?
Misc	rellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

	5.	BATS
5.1	General ques	tions on Appendix I bats

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bats prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
	Note: no Appendix 1 bats
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bats is prohibited by law, have any exceptions
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bats:
	Vandalism of bat caves
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bats (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution Habitat fragmentation and loss
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of bats beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

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5.2	Juestions (on specific	Abbendix	l bat species
	Z			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bat species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2c	Summarise information on trends (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear
2	
2c	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the
3	reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
	taken:
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:
	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species.
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

6	OTHER	TAYA
11.	l / I mr.k	

6.1 General questions on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

1	Identify the Ministry, agency/department, or organisation responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I listed species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry
2	Is the taking of all Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, prohibited by the national legislation listed as being implementing legislation in Table I(a) (General Information)? If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
2a	If the taking of Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
3	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Lack of legislation
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) Basking sharks – more international co-operation needed
3a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
4	What are the major threats to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Other (please specify) Basking sharks – ship strikes and disturbance
4a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species belonging to taxa not included in section 1-5 above beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
	Public awareness raising, training of commercial boat operators in wildlife friendly boat operation.
4b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
4c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
4d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

6.2 Questions on specific Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s) Basking shark
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known): increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known): increasing ☐ decreasing ☐ stable ☐ not known ☒ unclear ☐
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research
	taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species: More tagging is planned for 2008 by Manx Basking Shark Watch. The public sightings scheme will continue. Photo-identification of basking sharks is also planned for 2008. More collaboration with researchers elsewhere. We now have 3 years of sightings data and one year of dedicated survey. This should allow us to determine whether numbers visiting the Island are increasing or decreasing. Basking sharks appear to be using Manx waters for courtship and possible breeding (a number of young have been found in Manx waters). More research on behaviour this summer will help us to determine important breeding sites.
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I bats in general:

7	I ISTING OF OTHER ENDANGEDED MICRATORY SPECIES IN	A DDENIDIV I
/	LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATORY SPECIES IN A	APPENDIX I

1	Is your country a Range State for any other endangered migratory species ¹ Yes No not currently listed in Appendix I?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated
	as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose listing any of these species?
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of these species?

¹ according to the latest IUCN red data list

III. Appendix II Species

1. INFORMATION ON APPENDIX II SPECIES

Information pertaining to the conservation of Appendix II species that are the object of CMS Agreements will have been provided in periodic Party reports to those instruments. It will suffice therefore to reference (below), and preferably append, a copy of the latest report that has been submitted to the Secretariat of each of the Agreement/MoUs to which your country is a Party.

WADDEN SEA SEALS (1991)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
EUROBATS (1994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ASCOBANS (1994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW MoU (19	994)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MARINE TURTLES - AFRICA MoU (1	999)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AEWA (1999)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ACCOBAMS (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
GREAT BUSTARD MoU (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MARINE TURTLES – INDIAN OCEAN	N/SOUTHEAST ASIA MoU (2001)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ALBATROSSES AND PETRELS (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
BUKHARA DEER MoU (2002)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AQUATIC WARBLER MoU (2003)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AFRICAN ELEPHANT MoU (2005)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
PACIFIC ISLANDS CETACEANS (200	6)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MEDITERRANEAN MONK SEAL (200	7)
Date of last report:	Period covered:

2. QUESTIONS ON CMS AGREEMENTS

2.1 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to birds

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	⊠ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, please provide details: There has been liaison regarding a raptors agreement.	X Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or instrument's development? See UK report.		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for birds, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
2.2	Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to) marine	mammals
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, please provide details:		
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or painstrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine mammals, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, please provide details:		
2	Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating	to mari	ne turtles
	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, please provide details:	∐ Yes	⊠ No
		mont c: 1	Mamarandura of
	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreer Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initi instrument's development?		
	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine turtles, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	☐ Yes	☑ No

	(other than bats)		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	⊠ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for terrestrial mammals (other than bats), including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
	2.5 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relati	ing to hats	
	210 Questions on the development of new Civis rigitediments remain	ing to buts	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	⊠ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiat instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for bats, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No
2.0	6 QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CMS AGREEMENTS RELATIN	G ТО ОТНЕ	R TAXA
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above?	Yes	⊠ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		— N.
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above? If Yes, please provide details:	☐ Yes	⊠ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or M Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or part instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for other taxa, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	⊠ No

Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to terrestrial mammals

2.4

3. LISTING OF MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX II ☐ Yes No No Is your country a Range State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable conservation status, but is not currently listed in Appendix II and could benefit from the conclusion of an Agreement for its conservation? If Yes, please provide details: N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification. 1a If Yes, please provide details: 1b What assistance, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of this/these species? IV. National and Regional Priorities Low What priority does your country assign to the conservation and, Medium Migh High where applicable, sustainable use of migratory species in comparison to other biodiversity-related issues 2 Are migratory species and their habitats addressed by your country's national ☐ Yes □ No biodiversity strategy or action plan? They will be. Strategy being drafted. If Yes, please indicate and briefly describe the extent to which it addresses the following issues: Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of migratory species Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of the habitats of migratory species, including protected areas Actions to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger migratory species (e.g. alien invasive species or by-catch) П Minimizing or eliminating barriers or obstacles to migration П Research and monitoring of migratory species Transboundary co-operation 3 Does the conservation of migratory species currently feature in any other national \square Yes ☐ No or regional policies/plans (apart from CMS Agreements) If Yes, please provide details: Department of Local Government & the Environment (2007). The Isle of Man Strategic Plan - towards a sustainable island. Government Report 023/07. Isle of Man Government. Department of Agriculture, Fisheries & Forestry (2008). Guidelines for the selection of biological Areas of Special Scientific Interest (ASSIs) on the Isle of Man. Isle of Man Government. 3a Do these policies/plans cover the following areas (if Yes, please provide details): Yes П Exploitation of natural resources (e.g. fisheries, hunting, etc.) Economic development \boxtimes Land-use planning Planning strategy and policy. Pollution control M Designation and development of protected areas П Development of ecological networks ☐ Planning of power lines

	☐ Planning of fences
	☐ Planning of dams
	☐ Other
4	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	V. Protected Areas
1	Are migratory species taken into account in the selection, establishment and management of protected areas in your country?
	If Yes, please provide details: Migratory birds have been taken into account in designating sites, but site consideration and designation is not complete. There are Bird Sanctuaries and an Area of Special Protection for Birds, Areas of Special Scientific Interest, a National Nature Reserve and a Ramsar Site.
1a	Please identify the most important national sites for migratory species and their protection status: Langness, Sandwick & Derbyhaven ASSI – key site for migratory waterfowl. Central Ayres ASSI and Ayres National Nature Reserve – little tern colony and other coastal bird interest. Calf of Man bird observatory – Manx National Heritage land. Ballaugh Curraghs ASSI and Ramsar site (Ramsar confirmed 2006) – the largest hen harrier winter roost. Protected under both the Wildlife Act 1990 and the Curraghs Acquisition Act 1963. Ayres Pits Area of Special Protection for Birds – open water, a rare freshwater habitat on the IoM.
1b	Do these protected areas cover the following areas? (If Yes, please provide details and include the amount of protected areas coverage and the number of protected areas): Areas not currently available in this form. Yes No Terrestrial Aquatic Marine
1c	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country: Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	VI. Policies on Satellite Telemetry
1	In the current reporting period, has your country undertaken
2	Are any future conservation/research projects planned that will use Yes No satellite telemetry? If Yes, please provide details (including the expected timeframe for these projects): 5 satellite tags to be deployed on basking sharks 2008. Results expected early 2009. If No, please explain any impediments or requirements in this regard:
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

	VII. Membership
1	Have actions been taken by your country to encourage non- Parties
	If Yes, please provide details. (In particular, describe actions taken to recruit the non-Parties that have been identified by the Standing Committee as high priorities for recruitment.)
1a	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	VIII. Global and National Importance of CMS
1	Have actions been taken by your country to increase national, regional Yes No and/or global awareness of the relevance of CMS and its global importance in the context of biodiversity conservation?
	If Yes, please provide details: On the IoM, within press releases, displays, talks and reports as the opportunity arises.
2	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
	The Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry is responsible for this on the IoM but the UK government takes responsibility for foreign affairs.
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	IX. Mobilization of Resources
1	Has your country made financial resources available for conservation activities having Yes No
	direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities): The
	government has provided funding support for bird surveys, research and surveys of cetacea and basking sharks, the development of education and recording facilities for basking sharks, and training and education for boat operators and for the public regarding marine issues.
2	Has your country made voluntary contributions to the CMS Trust Fund to support Yes No requests from developing countries and countries with economies in transition? Not that I am aware of. If Yes, please provide details:
3	Has your country made other voluntary financial contributions to support
	countries (particularly developing countries)? Not that I am aware of. If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
4	Has your country provided technical and/or scientific assistance to developing countries to facilitate initiatives for the benefit of migratory species? Not that I am aware of.
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
i	The government is not involved in such work, but Chris Sharpe has trained Ugandans in bird survey techniques.

	using knowledge acquired in the production of the Manx Bird Atlas.
5	Has your country received financial assistance/support from the CMS Trust Fund, via the CMS Secretariat, for national conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country? Not that I am aware of. If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
6	Has your country received financial assistance/support from sources other

X. Implementation of COP Resolutions and Recommendations

Please provide information about measures undertaken by your country relating to recent Resolutions and Recommendations since the last Report. For your convenience please refer to the list of COP Resolutions and Recommendations listed below.

Resolutions

Resolution 6.2 - By-catch, and Recommendation 7.2 - Implementation of Resolution 6.2 on By-catch

Resolution 6.3 – Southern Hemisphere Albatross Conservation

Resolution 7.2 – Impact Assessment and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.3 – Oil Pollution and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.4 – Electrocution of Migratory Birds

Resolution 7.5 – Wind Turbines and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.9 – Cooperation with Other Bodies and Processes

Resolution 7.15 – Future Action on the Antarctic Minke, Bryde's and Pygmy Right Whales under the Convention on Migratory Species

Resolution 8.1 – Sustainable Use

Resolution 8.2 – CMS Strategic Plan 2006-2010

Resolution 8.5 - Implementation of Existing Agreements and Development of Future Agreements

Resolution 8.7 - Contribution of CMS in Achieving the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Resolution 8.9 - Review of GROMS (Global Register on Migratory Species)

Resolution 8.11 - Co-operation with other Conventions

Resolution 8.13 - Climate Change and Migratory Species

 $Resolution\ 8.14-By\text{-}Catch$

Resolution 8.22 - Adverse Human Induced Impacts on Cetaceans

Resolution 8.24 - National Reports for the Eight and Ninth Meetings of the Conference of the Parties

Resolution 8.27 - Migratory Species and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

Resolution 8.29 - Concerted Actions for Appendix I Species

Recommendations

Recommendation 7.5 – Range State Agreement for Dugong (Dugong dugon) Conservation

Recommendation 7.6 - Improving the Conservation Status of the Leatherback Turtle (Dermochelys coriacea)

Recommendation 7.7 – America Pacific Flyway Programme

Recommendation 8.12 - Improving the conservation status of raptors and owls in the African Eurasian region

Recommendation 8.16 – Migratory Sharks

Recommendation 8.17 – Marine Turtles

Recommendation 8.23 - Central Eurasian and Aridland Mammals

Recommendation 8.26 - Grassland Bird Species and their Habitats in Southern South America

Recommendation 8.28 - Cooperative Actions for Appendix II Species

Other resolutions/recommendations:

Other remarks:

Annex: Updating Data on Appendix II Species

The tables below contain the list of all species listed in Appendix II.

New Parties which have acceded since COP8 in 2005 and Parties which did not submit a National Report in 2005 are requested to complete the entire form.

Parties that did submit a report in 2005 need only which information has changed (e.g. new published distribution references and details concerning species added to Appendix II at COP8).

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	CE	ГАСЕА		
Rhinolophus ferrumequinum			П	
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus hipposideros				
(only European populations)	<u>—</u>	_		
Rhinolophus euryale				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus mehelyi				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus blasii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis bechsteini				
(only European populations)				
Myotis blythi				
(only European populations)				
Myotis brandtii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis capaccinii				
(only European populations)	<u> </u>			
Myotis dasycneme				
(only European populations)				
Myotis daubentoni				
(only European populations)				
Myotis emarginatus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis myotis (only European populations)				
Myotis mystacinus				
(only European populations)			Ш	
Myotis nattereri				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus kuhli				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus nathusii				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus pipistrellus				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus savii		П		
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus lasiopterus		П		
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus leisleri				
(only European populations)]	

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Nyctalus noctula				
(only European populations) Eptesicus nilssonii				
(only European populations)	Ш			
Eptesicus serotinus				
(only European populations)				
Vespertilio murinus (only European populations)				
Barbastella barbastellus	П	П	П	
(only European populations)		_		
Plecotus auritus				
(only European populations) Plecotus austriacus				
(only European populations)				
Miniopterus schreibersii				
(only European populations)				
Tadarida teniotis				
	CE'	ГАСЕА		
Physeter macrocephalus				
Platanista gangetica gangetica				
Pontoporia blainvillei				
Inia geoffrensis				
Delphinapterus leucas				
Monodon monoceros				
Phocoena phocoena (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Phocoena phocoena (western North Atlantic population)				
Phocoena phocoena (Black Sea population)				
Neophocaena phocaenoides				
Phocoenoides dalli				
Phocoena spinipinnis				
Phocoena dioptrica				
Sousa chinensis				
Sousa teuszii				
Sotalia fluviatilis				
Lagenorhynchus albirostris (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus acutus (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus australis				
Lagenorhynchus obscurus				
Grampus griseus				
(only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops aduncus (Arafura/Timor Sea populations)				
Tursiops truncatus (North and Baltic Sea populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
Tursiops truncatus (western Mediterranean population)						
Tursiops truncatus (Black Sea population)						
Stenella attenuata (eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella attenuata						
(Southeast Asian populations) Stenella longirostris						
(eastern tropical Pacific populations) Stenella longirostris						
(Southeast Asian populations) Stenella coeruleoalba						
(eastern tropical Pacific population) Stenella coeruleoalba	 П	П	П			
(western Mediterranean population) Delphinus delphis						
(North and Baltic Sea populations) Delphinus delphis						
(western Mediterranean population) Delphinus delphis						
(Black Sea population)						
Delphinus delphis (eastern tropical Pacific population)	<u> </u>					
Lagenodelphis hosei (Southeast Asian populations)			Ш			
Orcaella brevirostris Cephalorhynchus commersonii						
(South American population) Cephalorhynchus eutropia						
Cephalorhynchus heavisidii						
Orcinus orca						
Globicephala melas (only North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Berardius bairdii						
Hyperoodon ampullatus Balaenoptera bonaerensis						
Balaenoptera edeni						
Balaenoptera borealis						
Balaenoptera physalus						
Caperea marginata						
Arctocephalus australis						
Otaria flavescens						
Phoca vitulina (only Baltic and Wadden Sea populations)			Ш			
Halichoerus grypus (only Baltic Sea populations)						
Monachus monachus	Dnor	POSCUPEA				
PROBOSCIDEA						

Coxodonta africana	Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
Trichechus manatus	Loxodonta africana						
(populations between Honduras and Panama)		SII	RENIA				
Trichechus senegalensis							
Dugong dugon		П		П			
Dugong dugon	Trichechus inunguis						
PERISSODACTYLA							
Equus hemionus		Proves		Ш			
Includes Equus hemionus, Equus onager and Equus kiang)	Equip hamianus	PERISSO	DDACIYLA				
Vicugna vicugna	(includes Equus hemionus, Equus onager and						
Oryx dammah		ARTIO	DACTYLA				
Gazella gazella	Vicugna vicugna						
Conly Asian populations Cazella stabgutturosa Cazella stabgutturosa Cazella stabgutturosa Cayia staturica tatarica Cavia stellata Cayia stellata Cayia arctica arctica Cayia arctica arctica Cayia arctica arctica Cayia arctica suschkini Cayia arctica suschkini Cayia arctica suschkini Cayia aimmer immer Civontwes European population Cayia adamsii Cayia adamsii Cyestem Palearctic population Cayia adamsii Cyestem Palearctic populations Cyestem Palearctic populations Cyestem Palearctic populations Cyestem Palearctic populations Ciconiformes Ciconi	Oryx dammah						
Gazella subgutturosa	_						
Gavia stellata							
Gavia stellata	-						
Gavia stellata (Westem Palearctic populations)	Saiga tatarica tatarica						
(Western Palearctic populations)		GAVII	FORMES				
Gavia arctica arctica							
Gavia immer immer (Northwest European population) Gavia adamsii (Western Palearctic population) PODICIPEDIFORMES Podiceps grisegena grisegena Podiceps auritus (Western Palearctic populations) PELECANIFORMES Phalacrocorax nigrogularis Phalacrocorax pygmeus Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris							
(Northwest European population)	Gavia arctica suschkini						
Gavia adamsii (Western Palearctic population) PODICIPEDIFORMES Podiceps grisegena grisegena Podiceps auritus (Western Palearctic populations) PELECANIFORMES Phalacrocorax nigrogularis Phalacrocorax pygmeus Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris							
Podiceps grisegena grisegena Podiceps auritus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus Ciconiiformes Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris	Gavia adamsii						
Podiceps grisegena grisegena Podiceps auritus (Western Palearctic populations) PELECANIFORMES Phalacrocorax nigrogularis Phalacrocorax pygmeus Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris		PODICIP	EDIFORMES				
Ciconiiformes Ciconiiforme	Podiceps grisegena grisegena						
Phalacrocorax nigrogularis Phalacrocorax pygmeus Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris	•						
Phalacrocorax nigrogularis							
Phalacrocorax pygmeus Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris	Phalacrocorax nigrogularis						
(Western Palearctic populations) Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris							
Pelecanus crispus CICONIIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii Ardeola rufiventris							
CICONIFORMES Botaurus stellaris stellaris							
Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations) Ixobrychus sturmii	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Ixobrychus minutus minutus							
Ixobrychus sturmii	Ixobrychus minutus minutus						
Ardeola rufiventris			П	П			
Egretta vinaceigula							
Casmerodius albus	Casmerodius albus albus						
Ardea purpurea purpurea (populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)	Ardea purpurea purpurea						

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
	State	National	information	reference
		level	available	
Mycteria ibis				
Ciconia nigra				
Ciconia episcopus microscelis				
Ciconia ciconia				
Plegadis falcinellus				
Geronticus eremita				
Threskiornis aethiopicus aethiopicus				
Platalea alba				
(excluding Malagasy population)				
Platalea leucorodia	Ш			
Phoenicopterus ruber	Ш			
Phoenicopterus minor				
	ANSER	IFORMES		
Dendrocygna bicolor				
Dendrocygna viduata				
Thalassornis leuconotus				
Oxyura leucocephala				
Cygnus olor				
Cygnus cygnus				
Cygnus columbianus				
Anser brachyrhynchus				
Anser fabalis				
Anser albifrons				
Anser erythropus				
Anser anser				
Branta leucopsis				
Branta bernicla				
Branta ruficollis				
Alopochen aegyptiacus				
Tadorna ferruginea				
Tadorna cana				
Tadorna tadorna				
Plectropterus gambensis				
Sarkidiornis melanotos				
Nettapus auritus				
Anas penelope				
Anas strepera				
Anas crecca				
Anas capensis				
Anas platyrhynchos				
Anas undulata				
Anas acuta				
Anas erythrorhyncha				
Anas hottentota				
Anas querquedula				
Anas clypeata				
Marmaronetta angustirostris				
Netta rufina				
Netta erythrophthalma				
Aythya ferina				
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V			<u> </u>	

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference	
		level	available		
Aythya nyroca					
Aythya fuligula					
Aythya marila					
Somateria mollissima					
Somateria spectabilis					
Polysticta stelleri					
Clangula hyemalis					
Melanitta nigra					
Melanitta fusca					
Bucephala clangula		Ш	Ш		
Mergellus albellus		Ш	Ш		
Mergus serrator					
Mergus merganser					
	FALCO	NIFORMES			
Pandion haliaetus					
	GALL	IFORMES			
Coturnix coturnix coturnix					
Columna Columna Columna					
	SPHENIS	SCIFORMES			
Spheniscus demersus					
	PROCELL	ARIIFORMES			
Diomedea exulans					
Diomedea epomophora					
Diomedea irrorata					
Diomedea nigripes					
Diomedea immutabilis					
Diomedea melanophris					
Diomedea bulleri					
Diomedea cauta					
Diomedea chlororhynchos					
Diomedea chrysostoma					
Phoebetria fusca					
Phoebetria palpebrata					
Macronectes giganteus					
Macronectes halli					
Procellaria cinerea					
Procellaria aequinoctialis					
Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata					
Procellaria parkinsoni					
Procellaria westlandica					
GRUIFORMES					
Porzana porzana					
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)					
Porzana parva parva					
Porzana pusilla intermedia					
Fulica atra atra					
(Mediterranean and Black Sea populations)					
Aenigmatolimnas marginalis					
Sarothrura boehmi					
Sarothrura ayresi					
Crex crex					
5.2.0.0.					

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Grus leucogeranus				
Grus virgo (Syn. Anthropoides virgo)				
Grus paradisea				
Grus carunculatus				
Grus grus				
Chlamydotis undulata				
(only Asian populations)				
Otis tarda				
	CHARAI	DRIIFORMES		
Himantopus himantopus				
Recurvirostra avosetta				
Dromas ardeola				
Burhinus oedicnemus				
Glareola pratincola				
Glareola nordmanni				
Pluvialis apricaria				
Pluvialis squatarola				
Charadrius hiaticula				
Charadrius dubius				
Charadrius pecuarius				
Charadrius tricollaris				
Charadrius forbesi				
Charadrius pallidus				
Charadrius alexandrinus				
Charadrius marginatus				
Charadrius mongulus				
Charadrius leschenaultii				
Charadrius asiaticus				
Eudromias morinellus				
Vanellus vanellus				
Vanellus spinosus				
Vanellus albiceps				
Vanellus senegallus				
Vanellus lugubris				
Vanellus melanopterus				
Vanellus coronatus				
Vanellus superciliosus				
Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia				
gregaria)				
Vanellus leucurus	П	П		
Gallinago media				
Gallinago gallinago				
Lymnocryptes minimus				
Limosa limosa				
Limosa lapponica				
Numenius phaeopus		 		
Numenius pideopus Numenius tenuirostris		 		
Numenius arquata				
Tringa erythropus		+		
Tringa erythropus Tringa totanus				
		$+$ \dashv		
Tringa stagnatilis				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference
	State	level	available	reference
Tringa nebularia				
Tringa ochropus				
Tringa glareola	$\overline{\Box}$			
Tringa cinerea				
Tringa hypoleucos				
Arenaria interpres				
Calidris tenuirostris				
Calidris canutus				
Calidris alba	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Calidris minuta				
Calidris temminckii				
Calidris maritima				
Calidris alpina				
Calidris ferruginea				
Limicola falcinellus				
Philomachus pugnax				
Phalaropus lobatus				
Phalaropus fulicaria				
Larus hemprichii				
Larus leucophthalmus				
Larus ichthyaetus				
(West Eurasian and African population)	_			
Larus melanocephalus				
Larus genei				
Larus audouinii				
Larus armenicus				
Sterna nilotica nilotica				
(West Eurasian and African populations)	_			
Sterna caspia				
(West Eurasian and African populations)				
Sterna maxima albidorsalis				
Sterna bergii				
(African and Southwest Asian populations)				
Sterna bengalensis				
(African and Southwest Asian populations)				
Sterna sandvicensis sandvicensis				
Sterna dougallii	Ш			
(Atlantic population)				
Sterna hirundo hirundo	Ш			
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Sterna paradisaea				
(Atlantic populations) Sterna albifrons		 		
ř				
Sterna saundersi				
Sterna balaenarum				
Sterna repressa		\bot		
Chlidonias niger niger				
Chlidonias leucopterus				
(West Eurasian and African population)	~			
G	COLUN	MBIFORMES		
Streptopelia turtur turtur	⊔		<u> </u>	

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Merops apiaster				
Coracias garrulus	- 			
Coracias garraius	Регта	CIFORMES		
Amazona tucumana				
muzona tacamana				
	PASSEI	RIFORMES		
Hirundo atrocaerulea				
Pseudocolopteryx dinellianus				
Polystictus pectoralis pectoralis				
Sporophila ruficollis				
Acrocephalus paludicola	<u> </u>			
	TEST	UDINATA		
Chelonia depressa				
Chelonia mydas				
Caretta caretta				
Eretmochelys imbricata				
Lepidochelys kempii				
Lepidochelys olivacea				
Dermochelys coriacea				
Podocnemis expansa			Ш	
	CROC	CODYLIA		
Crocodylus porosus				
	ACIPENS	ERIFORMES		
Huso huso				
Huso dauricus				
Acipenser baerii baicalensis				
Acipenser fulvescens				
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii				
Acipenser medirostris				
Acipenser mikadoi				
Acipenser naccarii				
Acipenser nudiventris				
Acipenser persicus				
Acipenser ruthenus				
(Danube population)				
Acipenser schrenckii				
Acipenser sinensis				
Acipenser stellatus				
Acipenser sturio				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus kaufmanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus hermanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus fedtschenkoi				
Psephurus gladius				
	ORECTOL	OBIFORMES		T
Rhincodon typus				
I	AMNIFORMES	BASKING SHAI	RK?	
Carcharodon carcharias				
	I EDIL	OPTERA	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Danaus plexippus				
=				

All species of each of the Families below are listed in Appendix II. If your country is a Range State for any of the species in these Families, please enter the species name in the first column, under the relevant Family heading. Please indicate (with a 'X') whether your country is a Range State or the species is extinct and, where appropriate, please provide published distribution references. (Space is provided for ten species in each Family. If additional lines are required, please attach the information as an annex).

Species	Range State	Extinct	Published distribution reference			
Order FALCONIFORMES, Family Cathartidae						
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Order FALCONI	FORMES, Famil	y Accipitridae			
	RangeState	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Order FALCON	IFORMES, Fami	ly Falconidae			
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Range State	Extinct				
	Range State	☐ Extinct				
	Order PASSERIE	ORMES, Family	Muscicapidae			
	Range State	Extinct				

Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	

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Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals



NATIONAL REPORT OF PARTIES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Reporting format agreed by the Standing Committee at its 32nd Meeting (Bonn, November 2007) for mandatory use by Parties, for reports submitted to the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP9) (Rome, 2008).

The questions below combine elements of Resolution 4.1 (Party Reports) adopted by the Fourth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi, June 1994) and Resolution 6.4 (Strategic Plan for the Convention on Migratory Species 2000-2005), adopted by the Sixth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Cape Town, November 1999), the COP8 Strategic Plan 2006-2011 and Resolution 8.24 adopted by the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi 2005), as well as commitments arising from other operational Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties.

Parties are encouraged to respond to all questions. Parties are also requested to provide comprehensive answers, including, where appropriate, a summary of activities, information on factors limiting action and details of any assistance required.

This document has been designed with semi-automated text-form fields. Please double click on the grey boxes to enter the field. You can then enter the required information. Continue to do so with each text-field or jump to the next field directly by using the tab key. Where checkboxes are available you might check these with a single click.

Please enter here the name of your country: Falkland Islands

Which agency has been primarily responsible for the preparation of this report?

Environmental Planning Department, Falkland Islands Government
Please list any other agencies that have provided input:

I(a). General Information

Please enter the required information in the table below:

Party				
Date of entry into force of the Convention in [country name]				
Period covered				
Territories to which the Convention applies				
DESIG	NATED NATIONAL FOCAL POINT			
Full name of the institution	Falkland Islands Government			
Name and title of designated Focal Point	Helen Otley, Environmental Officer			
Mailing address	PO Box 611, Stanley, Falkland Islands			
Telephone	+500 27390			
Fax	+500 27391			
E-mail	hotley.planning@taxation.gov.fk			
APPOINT	MENT TO THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL			
Full name of the institution				
Name and title of contact officer				
Mailing address				
Telephone				
Fax				
E-mail				
SUBMISSION				
Name and Signature of officer responsible for submitting national report	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			
Date of submission	April 3 rd 2008			
Membership of the Standing Committee (if applicable):	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			
Competent Authority:				
Relevant implemented legislation:				
Other relevant Conventions/ Agreements (apart from CMS) to which <i>country name</i> is a Party:				
National policy instruments (e.g. national biodiversity conservation strategy, etc.):	Falkland Islands Biodiversity Strategy (draft)			

Please indicate whether your country is part of the following Agreements/MoU. If so, please indicate the competent national institution

Wadden Sea Seals:	☐ Party	y		Non-party Range State
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
National Focal Point/Competent author	ity	Membership of the Trilateral	Seal	Expert Group
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel:		Tel.:		
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
	l — -		_	
Eurobats	Party			Non-party Range State
	∐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force	Ш	Non Range State
Competent authority		Appointed member of the Ad	lviso	ry Committee
Name: Address:		Name: Address:		
Tel.: Fax:		Tel.: Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
ASCOBANS	☐ Party	<i>y</i>		Non-party Range State
	1	ed but not yet entered force	$ \Box$	Non Range State
Co-ordinating authority		Appointed member of the Ad	lviso	
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
Membership of other committees or wo groups:	rkıng			
AEWA:	☐ Party	J	Ιп	Non-party Range State
	l '	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
Administrative Authority		Appointed member of the Te	ت دchni	
Name:		Name:	CIIIII	cui Committee
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:	1	E-mail:		
ACCOBAMS	☐ Party	y		Non-party Range State
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
National Focal Point		Appointed member of the Sc	ienti	fic Committee
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
Membership of committees or working	groups:	D man.		
Membership of commutees of working	groups:			

ACAP	X □ Par	rty	☐ Non-party Range State	
	Sign	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State	
Designated Authority		National Contact Point		
Name: Falkland Islands Governm Address:	ent	Name: Helen Otley Address: PO Box 611, Stanle	ey, Falkland Islands	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: +500 27390 Fax: +500 27391 E-mail: hotley.planning@ta	axation.gov.fk	
Membership of Advisory Committee		Name: Address:		
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Siberian Crane MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range St	tate Non Range State	
Competent authority		Name: Address:		
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Slender-billed Curlew MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State	
Competent Authority		Name: Address:		
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Marine Turtle – Africa MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State	
National Contact Point		Name: Address:		
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Great Bustard MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State	
Competent Authority		National Contact Point	•	
Name: Address:		Name: Address:		
Tel.: Fax:		Tel.: Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
Marine Turtle MoU - IOSEA:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State	
Competent national authority		Name: Address:		
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
		I		

Bukhara Deer MoU:	Signatory		Non-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority		Name: Address Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Aquatic Warbler MoU:	Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
E-mail: African Elephant MoU:	Signatory	Пи	on-signatory Range State	Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		_	National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	<u> </u>
Pacific Islands Cetaceans MoU:	Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.:	
Fax: E-mail:			Fax: E-mail:	
Mediterranean Monk Seal MoU	: Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address:	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	

1	Which other government departments are involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country? (Please list.)			
	Falkland Islands Fisheries Department			
2	If more than one government department is involved, describe the interaction/relationship between these government departments:			
	Falkland Islands Government work together well.			
3	Has a national liaison system or committee been established in your country? Please provide contact information			
	☐ Yes X☐ No			
4	List the main non-governmental organizations actively involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country, and describe their involvement:			
	Falklands Conservation, BirdLife International partner, research and advocacy for birds and cetaceans			
4a	Please provide detail on any devolved government/overseas territory authorities involved.			
5	Describe any involvement of the private sector in the conservation of migratory species in your country:			
	Fishing companies actively involved in protection of seabirds at sea			
6	Note any interactions between these sectors in the conservation of migratory species in your country:			

I(b). Information about involved Authorities

Identify the ministry, agency/department or organization that is responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I species

1	Birds	FIG Environmental Planning Department
2	Marine Mammals	FIG Environmental Planning Department
3	Marine Turtles	
4	Terrestrial Mammals	
5	Bats	
6	Other Taxa	

II. Appendix I species			
	1. BIRDS		
1.1	General questions on Appendix I bird species		

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bird species prohibited by the national implementing X Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?		
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:		
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bird species is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes X No been granted to the prohibition?		
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7):		
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bird species:		
	By-catch		
	Habitat destruction		
	Pollution		
	Other (please provide details)		
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?		
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.		
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?		
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bird species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?		
	Illegal trade Poaching		
	Other (please specify)		
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further		
	endanger bird species beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?		
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.		
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:		
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?		

1.2 Questions on specific Appendix I bird spe	ecies
---	-------

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name Chloephaga rubidiceps – Common Name(s) Ruddy-headed goose		
1	Please provide published distribution reference: Woods RW and Woods A. 1997. Atlas of breeding birds of the		
	Falkland Islands. Anthony Nelson, Oswestry, England.		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable X not known X unclear		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing \square decreasing \square stable $X\square$ not known $X\square$ unclear \square		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education/awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other \square		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
Misc	cellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:		

	2. MARINE MAMMALS
2.1	General questions on Appendix I marine mammals

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine mammals prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:	
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine mammals is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes XNo been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):	
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine mammals:	
	By-catch Collision with fishing traffic	
	Pollution	
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)	
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?	
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.	
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?	
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine mammal species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?	
	Pollution By-catch	
	Other (please specify)	
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine mammal beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?	
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.	
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:	
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?	

2.2	Questions on	specific Appendix 1	[marine mammals
	Quebulonio on	specific rippellant	

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine mammal species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Species name Physeter macrocephalus – Common Name(s) Sperm Whale			
1	Please provide published distribution reference: White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The		
	distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falklan	nd Island waters. JNCC,	Peterborough
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable no	ot known X	unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable no	ot known X	unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activitied reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project		
	Research X longline fishing method to avoid sperm whales taken fish		on work from fishing boats, trial of
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in taken?	n the reporting period, wh	nat has prevented such action being
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this s	pecies:	
Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:			
		-	

Spe	Species name Balaenoptera borealis – Common Name(s) Sei Whale		
1	Please provide published distribution reference: White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The		
	distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known X unclear		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known X unclear		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research X Sighting data collated by Falklands Conservation		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
Mise	cellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:		

Spe	Species name Balaenoptera physalus – Common Name(s) Fin Whale		
1	Please provide published distribution reference: White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The		
	distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known X unclear		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing adecreasing atable not known X unclear unclear		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research X Sighting data collated by Falklands Conservation		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
	<u> </u>		
Mis	cellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:		

Spe	Species name Eubalaena australis - Common Name(s) Southern Right Whale		
1	Please provide published distribution reference: White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The		
	distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known X unclear		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known X unclear		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research X Sighting data collated by Falklands Conservation		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
Mis	cellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:		

	3 MARINE TURTLES
3.1	General questions on Appendix I marine turtles

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine turtles prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine turtles:
	By-catch Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Collection of eggs Predation of eggs
	Destruction of nesting beaches
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine turtles beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3с	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

3.2	Ouestions	on specific	Appendix 1	[marine	turtles

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine turtle species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Specia	es name – Common Name(s)		
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known	n).	
Za	increasing decreasing stable	not known	unclear
	micreasing stable	not known	uncicai
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
20	increasing decreasing stable	not known	unclear
	mercasing accreasing saure	not known	uncicar
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activi reporting period. (Please provide the title of the proj		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	in the reporting period, wh	at has prevented such action being
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for thi	s species:	
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I mar	ine turtles in general:	

4 TERRESTRIAL MAMMALS	(OTHER THAN BATS)
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4.1 General questions on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mamm the national implementing legislation cited in Ta			s
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide de		,	
1a	If the taking of Appendix I terrestrial mammals law, have any exceptions been granted to the pro-		bats) is prohibited by	s No
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date of to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article		e exception was notified	
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in	relation to A	Appendix I terrestrial mammals (ot	her than bats):
	Lack of information		By-catch	
	Habitat fragmentation		Electrocution	
	Wind turbines		Poaching	
	Insufficient legislation		Lack of trans-boundary managem	ent
	Poor communication amongst Range States		Man-made barriers	
	Climate change and drought			
	Other threats to migration (please provide detail	ls)		
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome	these obsta	icles?	
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the act	tions taken.		
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country requi	ire in order	to overcome these obstacles?	
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terrest	rial mamma	als (transcending mere obstacles to	migration)?
	Lack of information Habitat frag	mentation		
	Poaching Insufficient	legislation		
	Illegal trade	se specify)		
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, redu endanger species of terrestrial mammal (othe behaviour?			
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the act	tions taken.		
3c	Describe any factors which limit action being ta	ken in this	regard:	
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your cou	ıntry requir	e to overcome these factors?	

4.2	Questions on s	pecific Api	pendix I te	errestrial ma	ammals (oth	er than	bats)
T.#	Questions on s	pecific rip	pcnuix i u	ci i coti iai iiit		CI man	Daw

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I terrestrial mammal species (other than bats) for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	cies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing not known unclear unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species?
Misc	rellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

	5.	BATS
5.1	General ques	tions on Appendix I bats

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bats prohibited by the national implementing Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bats is prohibited by law, have any exceptions
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bats:
	Vandalism of bat caves
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bats (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution Habitat fragmentation and loss
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of bats beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

E 2 (7	<u>- • • • -</u>	A 12 1	「 1L - 4 º
5.2	Juestions (on specific	Abbendix	l bat species
	Z			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bat species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2c	Summarise information on trends (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear
2	
2c	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the
3	reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
	taken:
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:
	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species.
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

6	OTHER	TAVA
U.	UTIHEK	IAXA

6.1 General questions on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

1	Identify the Ministry, agency/department, or organisation responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I listed species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
2	Is the taking of all Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, prohibited by the national legislation listed as being implementing legislation in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
2a	If the taking of Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
3	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Lack of legislation
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
3a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
4	What are the major threats to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Other (please specify)
4a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species belonging to taxa not included in section 1-5 above beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
4b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
4c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
4d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

6.2	Questions on	specific A	opendix I s	pecies bel	onging to	other taxa
·	Z		P P 0	P	~ 	O

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:
2 51	
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I bats in general:

7	I ISTING OF OTHER ENDANGEDED MICRATORY SPECIES IN	A DDENIDIV I
/	LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATORY SPECIES IN A	APPENDIX I

1	Is your country a Range State for any other endangered migratory species ¹ Yes No not currently listed in Appendix I?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated
	as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose listing any of these species?
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of these species?

¹ according to the latest IUCN red data list

III. Appendix II Species

1. INFORMATION ON APPENDIX II SPECIES

Information pertaining to the conservation of Appendix II species that are the object of CMS Agreements will have been provided in periodic Party reports to those instruments. It will suffice therefore to reference (below), and preferably append, a copy of the latest report that has been submitted to the Secretariat of each of the Agreement/MoUs to which your country is a Party.

WADDEN SEA SEALS (1991)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
EUROBATS (1994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ASCOBANS (1994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW MoU (19	994)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MARINE TURTLES – AFRICA MoU (1	999)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AEWA (1999)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ACCOBAMS (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
GREAT BUSTARD MoU (2001)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MARINE TURTLES – INDIAN OCEAN	N/SOUTHEAST ASIA MoU (2001)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
ALBATROSSES AND PETRELS (2001)	
Date of last report: April 2008	Period covered: 2006 - 2008
BUKHARA DEER MoU (2002)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AQUATIC WARBLER MoU (2003)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
AFRICAN ELEPHANT MoU (2005)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:
PACIFIC ISLANDS CETACEANS (200	6)
Date of last report:	Period covered:
MEDITERRANEAN MONK SEAL (200	7)
Date of last report:	Period covered:

2. QUESTIONS ON CMS AGREEMENTS

2.1 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to birds

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development Yes X No of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, please provide details:
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for birds, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:
2.	2 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to marine mammals
_	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species? If Yes, please provide details:
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine mammals, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:
	2.3 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to marine turtles
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, what is the current state of development?
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine turtles, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:

	(other than bats)		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	□ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for terrestrial mammals (other than bats), including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
	2.5 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relati	ng to bats	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species?	Yes	□ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for bats, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
2.0	6 QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CMS AGREEMENTS RELATIN	C TO OTHE	D TAVA
2.0	QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOTMENT OF NEW CIMS AGREEMENTS RELATIV	GIOOIIE	K IAAA
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new No CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	Χ□
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development No of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	Χ□
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or M Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or part instrument's development?		

Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to terrestrial mammals

2.4

4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for other taxa, including Memoranda of No Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:
	3. LISTING OF MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX II
1	Is your country a Range State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable Yes XNO conservation status, but is <u>not</u> currently listed in Appendix II and could benefit from the conclusion of an Agreement for its conservation? If Yes, please provide details: N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose the listing of this/these species in Appendix II? Yes No If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of this/these species?

IV. National and Regional Priorities

1	What priority does your country assign to the conservation and, where applicable, sustainable use of migratory species in comparison to other biodiversity-related issues
2	Are migratory species and their habitats addressed by your country's national X Yes No biodiversity strategy or action plan?
	If Yes, please indicate and briefly describe the extent to which it addresses the following issues:
	X Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of migratory species
	Covered under Falkland Islands Biodiversity Strategy, to be adopted 2008
	Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of the habitats of migratory species, including protected areas
	X Actions to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger migratory species (e.g. alien invasive species or by-catch)
	Part of the FIG Albatross and Petrels Species Action Plan
	Minimizing or eliminating barriers or obstacles to migration
	X Research and monitoring of migratory species
	X Transboundary co-operation
	Falklands works where possible with Brazil, Uruguay and Argentina in relation to albatrosses. Part of the FIG Albatross and Petrels Species Action Plan
3	Does the conservation of migratory species currently feature in any other national Yes or regional policies/plans (apart from CMS Agreements)
	If Yes, please provide details:
3a	Do these policies/plans cover the following areas (if Yes, please provide details):
	Yes No
	Exploitation of natural resources (e.g. fisheries, hunting, etc.)
	Economic development
	☐ ☐ Land-use planning
	Pollution control
	Designation and development of protected areas
	Development of ecological networks
	☐ Planning of power lines
	☐ Planning of fences
	☐ Planning of dams
	☐ Other
4	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

	V. Protected Areas
1	Are migratory species taken into account in the selection, establishment and X Yes No management of protected areas in your country? If Yes, please provide details: Some breeding sites for albatrosses are protected areas
1a	Please identify the most important national sites for migratory species and their protection status: This is a huge piece of work, which I don't wish to do.
1b	Do these protected areas cover the following areas? (If Yes, please provide details and include the amount of protected areas coverage and the number of protected areas): Yes No Terrestrial Aquatic Marine
1c	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country: FIG Environmental Planning Department
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	VI. Policies on Satellite Telemetry
1	In the current reporting period, has your country undertaken X Yes No conservation/research projects that use satellite telemetry? In preparation on-going completed
2	Are any future conservation/research projects planned that will use X Yes No satellite telemetry? If Yes, please provide details (including the expected timeframe for these projects): Albatrosses If No, please explain any impediments or requirements in this regard:
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	Has identified migratory route and foraging ranges during breeding
	VII. Membership
1	Have actions been taken by your country to encourage non- Parties to join CMS and its related Agreements? Yes No
	If Yes, please provide details. (In particular, describe actions taken to recruit the non-Parties that have been identified by the Standing Committee as high priorities for recruitment.)
1a	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VIII. Global and National Importance of CMS

1	Have actions been taken by your country to increase national, regional and/or global awareness of the relevance of CMS and its global importance in the context of biodiversity conservation? If Yes, please provide details:
2	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

IX. Mobilization of Resources

1	Has your country made financial resources available for conservation activities having X Yes No direct benefits for migratory species in your country?
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
	Funding spent on albatrosses, petrels, Commerson's dolphin, Peale's dolphin, Rufous-chested dotterel, striated caracara, turkey vulture, two-banded plover. Research of biology and for seabirds, fisheries mitigation measures
2	Has your country made voluntary contributions to the CMS Trust Fund to support requests from developing countries and countries with economies in transition? If Yes, please provide details:
3	Has your country made other voluntary financial contributions to support Conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in other countries (particularly developing countries)? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
4	Has your country provided technical and/or scientific assistance to
5	Has your country received financial assistance/support from the CMS Trust Fund, via the CMS Secretariat, for national conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
6	Has your country received financial assistance/support from sources other than the CMS Secretariat for conservation activities having direct benefit for migratory species in your country?
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
	Yes but it is too complicated to explain.

X. Implementation of COP Resolutions and Recommendations

Please provide information about measures undertaken by your country relating to recent Resolutions and Recommendations since the last Report. For your convenience please refer to the list of COP Resolutions and Recommendations listed below.

Resolutions

Resolution 6.2 - By-catch, and Recommendation 7.2 - Implementation of Resolution 6.2 on By-catch

Resolution 6.3 – Southern Hemisphere Albatross Conservation

Please see our ACAP information - ask Mark Tasker or Anton Wolfaart.

Resolution 7.2 – Impact Assessment and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.3 – Oil Pollution and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.4 – Electrocution of Migratory Birds

Resolution 7.5 – Wind Turbines and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.9 - Cooperation with Other Bodies and Processes

Resolution 7.15 – Future Action on the Antarctic Minke, Bryde's and Pygmy Right Whales under the Convention on Migratory Species

I have no idea what this one is about but we do have the Antarctic Minke

Resolution 8.1 – Sustainable Use

Resolution 8.2 – CMS Strategic Plan 2006-2010

Resolution 8.5 - Implementation of Existing Agreements and Development of Future Agreements

Resolution 8.7 - Contribution of CMS in Achieving the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Resolution 8.9 - Review of GROMS (Global Register on Migratory Species)

Resolution 8.11 - Co-operation with other Conventions

Resolution 8.13 - Climate Change and Migratory Species

Resolution 8.14 – By-Catch

Resolution 8.22 - Adverse Human Induced Impacts on Cetaceans

Resolution 8.24 - National Reports for the Eight and Ninth Meetings of the Conference of the Parties

Resolution 8.27 - Migratory Species and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

Resolution 8.29 - Concerted Actions for Appendix I Species

Recommendations

Recommendation 7.5 – Range State Agreement for Dugong (Dugong dugon) Conservation

Recommendation 7.6 – Improving the Conservation Status of the Leatherback Turtle (*Dermochelys coriacea*)

Recommendation 7.7 – America Pacific Flyway Programme

Recommendation 8.12 - Improving the conservation status of raptors and owls in the African Eurasian region

Recommendation 8.16 – Migratory Sharks

Recommendation 8.17 – Marine Turtles

Recommendation 8.23 - Central Eurasian and Aridland Mammals

Recommendation 8.26 - Grassland Bird Species and their Habitats in Southern South America

Recommendation 8.28 - Cooperative Actions for Appendix II Species

Other resolutions/recommendations:

Other remarks:

Annex: Updating Data on Appendix II Species

The tables below contain the list of all species listed in Appendix II.

New Parties which have acceded since COP8 in 2005 and Parties which did not submit a National Report in 2005 are requested to complete the entire form.

Parties that did submit a report in 2005 need only which information has changed (e.g. new published distribution references and details concerning species added to Appendix II at COP8).

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	CE	ГАСЕА		
Rhinolophus ferrumequinum			П	
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus hipposideros				
(only European populations)	<u>—</u>	_		
Rhinolophus euryale				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus mehelyi				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus blasii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis bechsteini				
(only European populations)				
Myotis blythi				
(only European populations)				
Myotis brandtii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis capaccinii				
(only European populations)	<u> </u>			
Myotis dasycneme				
(only European populations)				
Myotis daubentoni				
(only European populations)				
Myotis emarginatus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis myotis (only European populations)				
Myotis mystacinus				
(only European populations)			Ш	
Myotis nattereri				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus kuhli				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus nathusii				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus pipistrellus				
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus savii		П		
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus lasiopterus		П		
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus leisleri				
(only European populations)]	

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Nyctalus noctula				
(only European populations)				
Eptesicus nilssonii (only European populations)				
Eptesicus serotinus				
(only European populations)				
Vespertilio murinus				
(only European populations)				
Barbastella barbastellus				
(only European populations) Plecotus auritus				
(only European populations)				
Plecotus austriacus				
(only European populations)				
Miniopterus schreibersii				
(only European populations)				
Tadarida teniotis				
	CE	ГАСЕА		
Physeter macrocephalus				
Platanista gangetica gangetica		П	П	
Pontoporia blainvillei				
_				
Inia geoffrensis	Ш	Ш	Ш	
Delphinapterus leucas				
Monodon monoceros				
Phocoena phocoena (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Phocoena phocoena (western North Atlantic population)				
Phocoena phocoena (Black Sea population)				
Neophocaena phocaenoides				
Phocoenoides dalli				
Phocoena spinipinnis				
Phocoena dioptrica				
Sousa chinensis				
Sousa teuszii				
Sotalia fluviatilis				
Lagenorhynchus albirostris (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus acutus				
(only North and Baltic Sea populations) Lagenorhynchus australis	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Lagenorhynchus obscurus	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW,

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
				Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Grampus griseus (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops aduncus				
(Arafura/Timor Sea populations)				
Tursiops truncatus				
(North and Baltic Sea populations)		_	_	
Tursiops truncatus				
(western Mediterranean population)				
Tursiops truncatus (Black Sea population)				
Stenella attenuata				
(eastern tropical Pacific population)				
Stenella attenuata			П	
(Southeast Asian populations)				
Stenella longirostris				
(eastern tropical Pacific populations)				
Stenella longirostris (Southeast Asian populations)				
Stenella coeruleoalba				
(eastern tropical Pacific population)				
Stenella coeruleoalba		П	П	
(western Mediterranean population)				
Delphinus delphis				
(North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Delphinus delphis				
(western Mediterranean population)				
Delphinus delphis (Black Sea population)		Ш		
Delphinus delphis				
(eastern tropical Pacific population)				
Lagenodelphis hosei				
(Southeast Asian populations)	_	_	_	
Orcaella brevirostris				
Cephalorhynchus commersonii (South American population)	х□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Cephalorhynchus eutropia	П	П	П	
Cephalorhynchus heavisidii				
				White RW, Gillon KW,
Orcinus orca	Χ□			Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC,

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
				Peterborough		
Globicephala melas (only North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Berardius bairdii						
Hyperoodon ampullatus						
Balaenoptera bonaerensis	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough		
Balaenoptera edeni						
Balaenoptera borealis						
Balaenoptera physalus						
Caperea marginata						
	CAR	NIVORA				
Arctocephalus australis	х□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough		
Otaria flavescens	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough Thompson D, Strange I, Riddy M and Duck CD. 2005. The size and status of the population of southern sea lions <i>Otaria flavescens</i> in the Falkland Islands. Biological Conservation 121: 357-367.		
Phoca vitulina (only Baltic and Wadden Sea populations)						
Halichoerus grypus (only Baltic Sea populations)						
Monachus monachus						
PROBOSCIDEA						
Loxodonta africana						
	SII	RENIA				
Trichechus manatus (populations between Honduras and Panama)						
Trichechus senegalensis						

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference			
Trichechus inunguis							
Dugong dugon	П	П	П				
	PERISSO	DDACTYLA					
Equus hemionus							
(includes Equus hemionus, Equus onager and							
Equus kiang)							
ARTIODACTYLA							
Vicugna vicugna	Ш	Ш					
Oryx dammah							
Gazella gazella							
(only Asian populations)							
Gazella subgutturosa							
Procapra gutturosa							
Saiga tatarica tatarica							
	GAVI	IFORMES					
Gavia stellata							
(Western Palearctic populations)							
Gavia arctica arctica							
Gavia arctica suschkini							
Gavia immer immer (Northwest European population)							
Gavia adamsii							
(Western Palearctic population)							
Control of the Contro	PODICIP	EDIFORMES					
Podiceps grisegena grisegena							
Podiceps auritus							
(Western Palearctic populations)							
	PELECA	NIFORMES					
Phalacrocorax nigrogularis							
Phalacrocorax pygmeus							
Pelecanus onocrotalus							
(Western Palearctic populations)							
Pelecanus crispus	Craox						
Botaurus stellaris stellaris	CICON	IIFORMES					
(Western Palearctic populations)							
Ixobrychus minutus minutus							
(Western Palearctic populations)		_					
Ixobrychus sturmii							
Ardeola rufiventris							
Ardeola idae							
Egretta vinaceigula							
Casmerodius albus albus							
(Western Palearctic populations)							
Ardea purpurea purpurea							
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)							
Mycteria ibis							
Ciconia nigra							
Ciconia episcopus microscelis							
Ciconia ciconia							
Plegadis falcinellus							
Geronticus eremita							

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Threskiornis aethiopicus aethiopicus				
Platalea alba				
(excluding Malagasy population)				
Platalea leucorodia				
Phoenicopterus ruber				
Phoenicopterus minor				
	ANSEI	RIFORMES		
Dendrocygna bicolor				
Dendrocygna viduata				
Thalassornis leuconotus				
Oxyura leucocephala				
Cygnus olor		Ш		
Cygnus cygnus				
Cygnus columbianus				
Anser brachyrhynchus				
Anser fabalis				
Anser albifrons				
Anser erythropus				
Anser anser				
Branta leucopsis				
Branta bernicla				
Branta ruficollis				
Alopochen aegyptiacus				
Tadorna ferruginea				
Tadorna cana				
Tadorna tadorna				
Plectropterus gambensis				
Sarkidiornis melanotos				
Nettapus auritus				
Anas penelope				
Anas strepera				
Anas crecca				
Anas capensis				
Anas platyrhynchos				
Anas undulata				
Anas acuta				
Anas erythrorhyncha				
Anas hottentota				
Anas querquedula				
Anas clypeata				
Marmaronetta angustirostris				
Netta rufina				
Netta erythrophthalma				
Aythya ferina				
Aythya nyroca				
Aythya fuligula				
Aythya marila				
Somateria mollissima				
Somateria spectabilis				
Polysticta stelleri				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Clangula hyemalis				
Melanitta nigra				
Melanitta fusca				
Bucephala clangula				
Mergellus albellus				
Mergus serrator				
Mergus merganser				
	FALCO	NIFORMES		
Pandion haliaetus				
	GALL	IFORMES		T
Coturnix coturnix				
	SPHENIS	SCIFORMES		
Spheniscus demersus				
		ARIIFORMES		
Diomedea exulans	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Diomedea epomophora	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Diomedea irrorata				
Diomedea nigripes				
Diomedea immutabilis				
Diomedea melanophris This is not the correct species name!	Χ□			Huin N and Reid T. 2007. Census of the black-browed albatross population of the Falkland Islands. Falklands Conservation, Stanley.
Diomedea bulleri				
Diomedea cauta	X			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Diomedea chlororhynchos				
Diomedea chrysostoma This is not the correct species name!	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
				Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Phoebetria fusca				
Phoebetria palpebrata				
Macronectes giganteus				White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Macronectes halli				White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough
Procellaria cinerea				
Procellaria aequinoctialis	Χ□			White RW, Gillon KW, Black AD and Reid JB. 2002. The distribution of seabirds and marine mammals in Falkland Island waters. JNCC, Peterborough Reid T, LeCoq M and Catry P. 2007. The white-chinned petrel <i>Procellaria aequinoctialis</i> population of the Falkland Islands. Marine Ornithology 35: 57 – 60.
Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata		П	П	
Procellaria parkinsoni				
Procellaria westlandica				
	GRIJI	FORMES	<u> </u>	
Porzana porzana (populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Porzana parva parva				
Porzana pusilla intermedia				
Fulica atra atra				
(Mediterranean and Black Sea populations)		<u> </u>		
Aenigmatolimnas marginalis				
Sarothrura boehmi				
Sarothrura ayresi				
Crex crex				
Grus leucogeranus				
Grus virgo (Syn. Anthropoides virgo)				
Grus paradisea				
Grus carunculatus				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Grus grus				
Chlamydotis undulata (only Asian populations)				
Otis tarda				
	CHARAI	DRIIFORMES		
Himantopus himantopus				
Recurvirostra avosetta				
Dromas ardeola				
Burhinus oedicnemus				
Glareola pratincola				
Glareola nordmanni				
Pluvialis apricaria				
Pluvialis squatarola				
Charadrius hiaticula				
Charadrius dubius				
Charadrius pecuarius				
Charadrius tricollaris				
Charadrius forbesi				
Charadrius pallidus				
Charadrius alexandrinus				
Charadrius marginatus				
Charadrius mongulus				
Charadrius leschenaultii				
Charadrius asiaticus				
Eudromias morinellus				
Vanellus vanellus				
Vanellus spinosus				
Vanellus albiceps				
Vanellus senegallus				
Vanellus lugubris				
Vanellus melanopterus				
Vanellus coronatus				
Vanellus superciliosus				
Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia				
gregaria) Vanellus leucurus				
Gallinago media		 		
Gallinago gallinago				
Lymnocryptes minimus				
Limosa limosa				
Limosa timosa Limosa lapponica		 		
Numenius phaeopus		 		
Numenius tenuirostris				
Numenius arquata				
Tringa erythropus				
Tringa totanus				
Tringa totanus Tringa stagnatilis				
Tringa siagnanis Tringa nebularia				
Tringa nebularia Tringa ochropus		$+$ \dashv		
Tringa ochropus Tringa glareola		 		
		 		
Tringa cinerea			Ш	

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference	
Tringa hypoleucos					
Arenaria interpres					
Calidris tenuirostris					
Calidris canutus					
Calidris alba					
Calidris minuta					
Calidris temminckii					
Calidris maritima					
Calidris alpina					
Calidris ferruginea					
Limicola falcinellus					
Philomachus pugnax					
Phalaropus lobatus					
Phalaropus fulicaria					
* *					
Larus hemprichii		\vdash \vdash			
Larus leucophthalmus Larus ichthyaetus		+			
(West Eurasian and African population)					
Larus melanocephalus					
Larus genei					
Larus audouinii					
Larus armenicus					
Sterna nilotica nilotica					
(West Eurasian and African populations)					
Sterna caspia					
(West Eurasian and African populations)					
Sterna maxima albidorsalis					
Sterna bergii					
(African and Southwest Asian populations)					
Sterna bengalensis					
(African and Southwest Asian populations)					
Sterna sandvicensis sandvicensis					
Sterna dougallii					
(Atlantic population)					
Sterna hirundo hirundo					
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)		 			
Sterna paradisaea (Atlantic populations)					
Sterna albifrons					
Sterna aungrons Sterna saundersi					
Sterna saunaerst Sterna balaenarum		 			
		\vdash			
Sterna repressa					
Childonias niger niger					
Chlidonias leucopterus (West Eurasian and African population)					
(West Eurasian and African population) COLUMBIFORMES					
Streptopelia turtur turtur					
	CORAC	CIIFORMES			
Merops apiaster		 			
Coracias garrulus	_ Ц				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	PSITTA	ACIFORMES		
Amazona tucumana				
-	DACCE	CRIFORMES		
Hirundo atrocaerulea	T ASSE	RIFORNIES		
Pseudocolopteryx dinellianus				
Polystictus pectoralis pectoralis				
Sporophila ruficollis		 		
Acrocephalus paludicola	$+$ \dashv	$+$ \dashv		
Acrocephaius painaicoia	Тъст	TUDINATA		
Chelonia depressa		UDINATA		
Chelonia mydas				
Caretta caretta	$+$ \dashv	$+$ \dashv		
Eretmochelys imbricata				
Lepidochelys kempii				
Lepidochelys olivacea		 		
Dermochelys coriacea				
Podocnemis expansa	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	CRO	CODYLIA		
Crocodylus porosus				
	ACIPEN	SERIFORMES		
Huso huso				
Huso dauricus				
Acipenser baerii baicalensis				
Acipenser fulvescens				
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii				
Acipenser medirostris				
Acipenser mikadoi				
Acipenser naccarii				
Acipenser nudiventris				
Acipenser persicus				
Acipenser ruthenus				
(Danube population)				
Acipenser schrenckii				
Acipenser sinensis				
Acipenser stellatus				
Acipenser sturio				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus kaufmanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus hermanni				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus fedtschenkoi				
Psephurus gladius				
	ORECTO	LOBIFORMES	·	
Rhincodon typus				
**	TANO	NIFORMES		
Carcharodon carcharias	LAMI	TEURIVES		
Carcharoaon carcharias				
	LEPI	DOPTERA		
Danaus plexippus				

All species of each of the Families below are listed in Appendix II. If your country is a Range State for any of the species in these Families, please enter the species name in the first column, under the relevant Family heading. Please indicate (with a 'X') whether your country is a Range State or the species is extinct and, where appropriate, please provide published distribution references. (Space is provided for ten species in each Family. If additional lines are required, please attach the information as an annex).

Species	Range State	Extinct	Published distribution reference
	Order FALCONI	FORMES, Famil	y Cathartidae
Cathartes aura falklandica	X□ Range State	☐ Extinct	Breen BM and Bildstein KL. 2008. Distribution and abundance of the turkey vulture in the Falkland Islands, summer 2006-2007 and autumn – winter 2007. Hawk Mountain Sanctuary and Falklands Conservation.
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Order FALCONI	FORMES, Famil	y Accipitridae
Buteo polyosoma	X RangeState	☐ Extinct	Woods RW and Woods A. 1997. Atlas of breeding birds of the Falkland Islands. Anthony Nelson, Oswestry, England.
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Order FALCON	IFORMES, Fami	
Caracara plancus	X Range State	☐ Extinct	Woods RW and Woods A. 1997. Atlas of breeding birds of the Falkland Islands. Anthony Nelson, Oswestry, England.
Phalcoboenus australis	X Range State	Extinct	Woods RW. 2007a. Distribution and abundance of the striated caracara <i>Phalcoboenus australis</i> in the Falkland Islands 2006. Falklands Conservation, Stanley.
Falco peregrinus cassini	X Range State	Extinct	Woods RW and Woods A. 1997. Atlas of breeding birds of the Falkland Islands. Anthony Nelson, Oswestry, England.
	Range State	☐ Extinct	
	Range State	☐ Extinct	

Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Order Passerif	ORMES, Family	Muscicapidae
Range State	Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	



Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals



NATIONAL REPORT OF PARTIES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Reporting format agreed by the Standing Committee at its 32nd Meeting (Bonn, November 2007) for mandatory use by Parties, for reports submitted to the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP9) (Rome, 2008).

The questions below combine elements of Resolution 4.1 (Party Reports) adopted by the Fourth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi, June 1994) and Resolution 6.4 (Strategic Plan for the Convention on Migratory Species 2000-2005), adopted by the Sixth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Cape Town, November 1999), the COP8 Strategic Plan 2006-2011 and Resolution 8.24 adopted by the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi 2005), as well as commitments arising from other operational Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties.

Parties are encouraged to respond to all questions. Parties are also requested to provide comprehensive answers, including, where appropriate, a summary of activities, information on factors limiting action and details of any assistance required.

This document has been designed with semi-automated text-form fields. Please double click on the grey boxes to enter the field. You can then enter the required information. Continue to do so with each text-field or jump to the next field directly by using the tab key. Where checkboxes are available you might check these with a single click.

Please enter here the name of your country: British Indian Ocean Territory

Which agency has been primarily responsible for the preparation of this report?

BIOT Administration

Please list any other agencies that have provided input:

I(a). General Information

Please enter the required information in the table below:

Party	
Date of entry into force of the Convention in [country name]	1985 (for UK)
Period covered	2007-2008
Territories to which the Convention applies	ВІОТ
DESIG	NATED NATIONAL FOCAL POINT
Full name of the institution	BIOT Administration
Name and title of designated Focal Point	BIOT Administration
Mailing address	FCO, King Charles Street London SW1A 2AH
Telephone	020 72008 2890
Fax	020 72008 1589
E-mail	
APPOINT	MENT TO THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL
Full name of the institution	
Name and title of contact officer	
Mailing address	
Telephone	
Fax	
E-mail	
	SUBMISSION
Name and Signature of officer responsible for submitting national report	Name: Joanne Yeadon Address: as above Tel.: As above Fax: E-mail:
Date of submission	27 March 2008
Membership of the Standing Committee (if applicable):	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:
Competent Authority:	
Relevant implemented legislation:	
Other relevant Conventions/ Agreements (apart from CMS) to which <i>country name</i> is a Party:	
National policy instruments (e.g. national biodiversity conservation strategy, etc.):	

Please indicate whether your country is part of the following Agreements/MoU. If so, please indicate the competent national institution

Wadden Sea Seals: no	☐ Party	y		Non-party Range State
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
National Focal Point/Competent author	ity	Membership of the Trilateral	Seal	Expert Group
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel:		Tel.:		
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
			_	
Eurobats no	Party			Non-party Range State
	∐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
Competent authority		Appointed member of the Ad	lviso	ry Committee
Name: Address:		Name: Address:		
Tel.: Fax:		Tel.: Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
ASCOBANS no	☐ Party	ý		Non-party Range State
	1	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
Co-ordinating authority		Appointed member of the Ad	lviso	-
Name:		Name:		,
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:		E-mail:		
Membership of other committees or wo groups:	rking			
AEWA: no	☐ Party	J		Non-party Range State
122 ((120 20)	l '	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
Administrative Authority		Appointed member of the Te	chnic	
Name:		Name:	CIIIII	our Committee
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax:		Fax:		
E-mail:	1	E-mail:	,	
ACCOBAMS no	☐ Party	y		Non-party Range State
	☐ Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non Range State
National Focal Point		Appointed member of the Sc	ientif	Tic Committee
Name:		Name:		
Address:		Address:		
Tel.:		Tel.:		
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:		
Membership of committees or working	groups.			
membership of committees of working	Stoups.			

ACAP no	☐ Party	7	☐ Non-party Range State
	Signe	ed but not yet entered force	☐ Non Range State
Designated Authority		National Contact Point	
Name: Address:		Name: Address:	
Tel.:		Tel.:	
Fax: E-mail:		Fax: E-mail:	
Membership of Advisory Committee		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Siberian Crane MoU: no	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	ate Non Range State
Competent authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Slender-billed Curlew MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent Authority no		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Marine Turtle – Africa MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
National Contact Point		Name: Address:	
		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
Great Bustard MoU:	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent Authority		National Contact Point	
Name: Address:		Name: Address:	
Tel.:		Tel.: Fax:	
Fax: E-mail:		E-mail:	
	Signatory	☐ Non-signatory Range S	tate Non Range State
Competent national authority		Name: Address:	
		Tel.:	
		Fax: E-mail:	

Bukhara Deer MoU:	Signatory		Non-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority		Name: Address Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Aquatic Warbler MoU:	Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	
E-mail: African Elephant MoU:	Signatory	Пи	on-signatory Range State	Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		_	National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	<u> </u>
Pacific Islands Cetaceans MoU:	Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.:	
Fax: E-mail:			Fax: E-mail:	
Mediterranean Monk Seal MoU	: Signatory	□ N	on-signatory Range State	☐ Non Range State
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address:	
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	

1	Which other government departments are involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country? (Please list.)
	none
2	If more than one government department is involved, describe the interaction/relationship between these government departments:
3	Has a national liaison system or committee been established in your country? Please provide contact information
	☐ Yes x☐ No
4	List the main non-governmental organizations actively involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country, and describe their involvement:
	Chagos Conservation Trust
4a	Please provide detail on any devolved government/overseas territory authorities involved.
5	Describe any involvement of the private sector in the conservation of migratory species in your country:
	none
6	Note any interactions between these sectors in the conservation of migratory species in your country:
	n/a

I(b). Information about involved Authorities

Identify the ministry, agency/department or organization that is responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I species

1	Birds	BIOT Administration
2	Marine Mammals	BIOT Administration
3	Marine Turtles	BIOT Administration
4	Terrestrial Mammals	BIOT Administration
5	Bats	
6	Other Taxa	BIOT Administration

	II. Appendix I species
	1. BIRDS
1.1	General questions on Appendix I bird species

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bird species prohibited by the national implementing x Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:					
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bird species is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes x No been granted to the prohibition?					
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7):					
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bird species:					
	By-catch					
	Habitat destruction					
	Pollution					
	Other (please provide details) none					
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?					
	n/a					
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.					
	n/a					
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?					
	n/a					
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bird species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?					
	Illegal trade Poaching					
	Other (please specify) none					
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger bird species beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?					
	n/a					
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.					
30	n/a					
3c						
30	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard: n/a					
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?					
34	n/a					

1.2	Questions of	specific :	Appendix	I bird s	species

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s)					
1	Please provide published distribution reference:					
2a	a Summarise information on population size (if known):					
	increasing decreasing stable not known	unclear 🗌				
2b	b Summarise information on distribution (if known):					
	increasing decreasing stable not known	unclear				
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact					
	Research					
	Identification and establishment of protected areas					
	Monitoring					
	Education/awareness rising					
	Species protection					
	Control hunting / poaching					
	Species restoration					
	Habitat protection					
	Habitat restoration					
	Other					
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reportitaken?	ng period, what has prevented such action being				
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:					
Misc	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:					

	2. MARINE MAMMALS	
2.1	General questions on Appendix I marine mammals	

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine mammals prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine mammals is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes x No been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine mammals:
	By-catch Collision with fishing traffic
	Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) none known or reported
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	n/a
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	n/a
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles? n/a
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine mammal species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution By-catch
	Other (please specify) n/a
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine mammal beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

2.2 Questions on specific Appendix I marine mammals

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine mammal species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spe	cies name – Common Name(s)				
1	Please provide published distribution reference:				
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known	n):			
	increasing decreasing stable	not known 🗌	unclear		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable	not known 🗌	unclear 🗌		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the projection)				
	Research				
	Identification and establishment of protected areas				
	Monitoring				
	Education / awareness rising				
	Species protection				
	Control hunting / poaching				
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	s in the reporting period, v	vhat has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this	is species:			
Miso	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:				

	3 MARINE TURTLES	
3.1	General questions on Appendix I marine turtles	_

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine turtles prohibited by the national implementing x Yes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes x No been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine turtles:
	By-catch Pollution
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) illegal poaching only
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	capture occasionally successful – proportion of total is unknown
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Collection of eggs Predation of eggs
	Destruction of nesting beaches
	Other (please specify) poaching only
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine turtles beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

3.2	Ouestions	on specific	Appendix 1	marine	turtles
~	V CLUSTONIO	OII SPECIALE	TEPPOLIGIZE		COL CLOS

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine turtle species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Specie	Species name – Common Name(s) hawksbill and Greens only				
1	Please provide published distribution reference: Liean Society, London, 1999.	Mortimer J 1999. In Ecology of the Chagos Archipelago,			
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):			
	increasing decreasing stable	not known x unclear			
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
	increasing decreasing stable x	not known unclear unclear			
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activi reporting period. (Please provide the title of the projection)	ties that have been carried out in favour of this species in the ect and contact details, where available):			
	Not in this reporting period				
	Research				
	Identification and establishment of protected areas				
	Monitoring				
	Education / awareness rising				
	Species protection				
	Control hunting / poaching	this is ongoing			
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being			
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this	s species:			
	'				
Misce	Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine turtles in general:				

4 TERRESTRIAL MAMMALS (OTHE	R THAN BATS)
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4.1 General questions on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) is prohibited by I Yes No law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats):
2	Lack of information By-catch
	Habitat fragmentation
	Wind turbines Poaching
	Insufficient legislation Lack of trans-boundary management Managemen
	Poor communication amongst Range States Man-made barriers
	Climate change and drought
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Lack of information Habitat fragmentation
	Poaching Insufficient legislation
	Illegal trade
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of terrestrial mammal (other than bats) beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	Describe any factors which limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

4.2 Questions on specific Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than l	oats
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In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I terrestrial mammal species (other than bats) for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	cies name – Common Name(s)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):
	Research
	Identification and establishment of protected areas
	Monitoring
	Education / awareness rising
	Species protection
	Control hunting / poaching
	Species restoration
	Habitat protection
	Habitat restoration
	Other
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species?
Misc	cellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

	5. BATS
	5.1 General questions on Appendix I bats
1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bats prohibited by the national implementing
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bats is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bats:
	Vandalism of bat caves
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bats (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution Habitat fragmentation and loss
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of bats beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?

3b

3c

3d

Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.

Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:

What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

<i>-</i> ~	A	• 6• •	10 T I	
5.2	()iiections on	specific An	nendiy I ha	t cneciec
J.4	Questions on	specific 11p	penuia i ba	t species

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bat species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Species name – Common Name(s)			
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
2c	Summarise information on trends (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
2c	Summarise information on distribution (if known):		
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear unclear		
_			
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):		
	Research		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas		
	Monitoring		
	Education / awareness rising		
	Species protection		
	Control hunting / poaching		
	Species restoration		
	Habitat protection		
	Habitat restoration		
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		
	Describe any ration and ratios that the planned for this species.		
Misce	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:		

	6. OTHER TAXA
6.1	General questions on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

1	Identify the Ministry, agency/department, or organisation responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I listed species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
2	Is the taking of all Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, prohibited by the national legislation listed as being implementing legislation in Table I(a) (General Information)? If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
2a	If the taking of Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in Sections 1-5 above is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
3	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Lack of legislation
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
3a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
3c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
4	What are the major threats to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Other (please specify)
4a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species belonging to taxa not included in section 1-5 above beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
4b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
4c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
4d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

6.2 Questions on specific Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	ies name – Common Name(s)	
1	Please provide published distribution reference:	
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known): increasing decreasing stable not known unclear	
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear	
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):	
	increasing decreasing stable not known unclear	
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):	
	Research	
	Identification and establishment of protected areas	
	Monitoring	
	Education / awareness rising	
	Species protection	
	Control hunting / poaching	
	Species restoration	
	Habitat protection	
	Habitat restoration	
	Other	
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being taken?	
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:	
3.5		
Misc	ellaneous information or comments on Appendix I bats in general:	

7	I toming of omited fair angeled altonations operated in A	DDENIDIX I
/	LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATORY SPECIES IN A	PPENDIX I

1	Is your country a Range State for any other endangered migratory species ¹ Yes x No, but strays sometimes appear. BIOT is not a 'range state' for any known.
	not currently listed in Appendix I?
	If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose listing any of these species?
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of these species?

¹ according to the latest IUCN red data list

III. Appendix II Species

1. INFORMATION ON APPENDIX II SPECIES

Information pertaining to the conservation of Appendix II species that are the object of CMS Agreements will have been provided in periodic Party reports to those instruments. It will suffice therefore to reference (below), and preferably append, a copy of the latest report that has been submitted to the Secretariat of each of the Agreement/MoUs to which your country is a Party.

WADDEN SEA SEALS (1991)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
EUROBATS (1994)	EUROBATS (1994)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
ASCOBANS (1994)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW MoU (19	94)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
MARINE TURTLES – AFRICA MoU (1	999)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
AEWA (1999)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
ACCOBAMS (2001)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
GREAT BUSTARD MoU (2001)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
MARINE TURTLES – INDIAN OCEAN	I / SOUTHEAST ASIA MoU (2001)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
ALBATROSSES AND PETRELS (2001)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
BUKHARA DEER MoU (2002)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
AQUATIC WARBLER MoU (2003)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
AFRICAN ELEPHANT MoU (2005)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
PACIFIC ISLANDS CETACEANS (2000	5)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:		
MEDITERRANEAN MONK SEAL (2007)			
Date of last report:	Period covered:		

2. QUESTIONS ON CMS AGREEMENTS

2.1 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to birds

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species?		
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development Yes x No of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, please provide details:		
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for birds, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:		
2.	2.2 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to marine mammals		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species?		
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species? If Yes, please provide details:		
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine mammals, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:		
	2.3 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to marine turtles		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development		
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine turtles, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:		

	(other than bats)		
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	□ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for terrestrial mammals (other than bats), including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
	2.5 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relati	ing to bats	
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	□ No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreeme Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for bats, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
2.6	QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CMS AGREEMENTS RELATIN	G TO OTHE	R TAXA
1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above?	Yes	□ No
	If Yes, what is the current state of development?		
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-6 above? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or M Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or part instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for other taxa, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	□ No

Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to terrestrial mammals

2.4

3.	LISTING OF MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX I	I	
Range	State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable	Yes Yes	☐ No

1	Is your country a Range State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable conservation status, but is <u>not</u> currently listed in Appendix II and could benefit from the conclusion of an Agreement for its conservation? If Yes, please provide details:
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose the listing of this/these species in Appendix II? Yes No
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of this/these species?

1	What priority does your country assign to the conservation and, where applicable, sustainable use of migratory species in comparison to other biodiversity-related issues					
2	Are migratory species and their habitats addressed by your country's national x Yes No biodiversity strategy or action plan?					
	If Yes, please indicate and briefly describe the extent to which it addresses the following issues:					
	x Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of migratory species					
	Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of the habitats of migratory species, including protected areas					
	x Actions to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger migratory species (e.g. alien invasive species or by-catch)					
	Minimizing or eliminating barriers or obstacles to migration					
	x Research and monitoring of migratory species					
	☐ Transboundary co-operation					
3	Does the conservation of migratory species currently feature in any other national Yes x No or regional policies/plans (apart from CMS Agreements)					
	If Yes, please provide details:					
3a	Do these policies/plans cover the following areas (if Yes, please provide details):					
	Yes No					
	Exploitation of natural resources (e.g. fisheries, hunting, etc.)					
	Economic development					
	☐ ☐ Land-use planning					
	☐ Pollution control					
	Designation and development of protected areas					
	Development of ecological networks					
	☐ Planning of power lines					
	☐ Planning of fences					
	☐ Planning of dams					
	☐ Other					
4	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken					

	V. Protected Areas
1	Are migratory species taken into account in the selection, establishment and war an agement of protected areas in your country? If Yes, please provide details:
1a	Please identify the most important national sites for migratory species and their protection status:
1b	Do these protected areas cover the following areas? (If Yes, please provide details and include the amount of protected areas coverage and the number of protected areas): Yes No x
1c	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country: BIOT Administration
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	VI. Policies on Satellite Telemetry
1	In the current reporting period, has your country undertaken
2	Are any future conservation/research projects planned that will use
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken
	VII. Membership
	v 11. Membersinp
1	Have actions been taken by your country to encourage non- Parties Yes x No to join CMS and its related Agreements? If Yes, please provide details. (In particular, describe actions taken to recruit the non-Parties that have been identified by the Standing Committee as high priorities for recruitment.)
1a	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VIII. Global and National Importance of CMS

1	Have actions been taken by your country to increase national, regional and/or global awareness of the relevance of CMS and its global importance in the context of biodiversity conservation? If Yes, please provide details:
2	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

IX. Mobilization of Resources

1	Has your country made financial resources available for conservation activities having Yes x No direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
	if Tes, please provide details (indicate the inigratory species that have benefited from these activities).
2	Has your country made voluntary contributions to the CMS Trust Fund to support requests from developing countries and countries with economies in transition?
	If Yes, please provide details:
3	Has your country made other voluntary financial contributions to support conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in other countries (particularly developing countries)?
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
4	Has your country provided technical and/or scientific assistance to
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
5	Has your country received financial assistance/support from the CMS Trust Fund, via the CMS Secretariat, for national conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country?
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
6	Has your country received financial assistance/support from sources other than the CMS Secretariat for conservation activities having direct benefit for migratory species in your country?
	If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):

X. Implementation of COP Resolutions and Recommendations

Please provide information about measures undertaken by your country relating to recent Resolutions and Recommendations since the last Report. For your convenience please refer to the list of COP Resolutions and Recommendations listed below.

Resolutions

Resolution 6.2 - By-catch, and Recommendation 7.2 - Implementation of Resolution 6.2 on By-catch

Resolution 6.3 – Southern Hemisphere Albatross Conservation

Resolution 7.2 – Impact Assessment and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.3 – Oil Pollution and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.4 – Electrocution of Migratory Birds

Resolution 7.5 – Wind Turbines and Migratory Species

Resolution 7.9 – Cooperation with Other Bodies and Processes

Resolution 7.15 – Future Action on the Antarctic Minke, Bryde's and Pygmy Right Whales under the Convention on Migratory Species

Resolution 8.1 – Sustainable Use

Resolution 8.2 – CMS Strategic Plan 2006-2010

Resolution 8.5 - Implementation of Existing Agreements and Development of Future Agreements

Resolution 8.7 - Contribution of CMS in Achieving the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Resolution 8.9 - Review of GROMS (Global Register on Migratory Species)

Resolution 8.11 - Co-operation with other Conventions

Resolution 8.13 - Climate Change and Migratory Species

Resolution 8.14 – By-Catch

Resolution 8.22 - Adverse Human Induced Impacts on Cetaceans

Resolution 8.24 - National Reports for the Eight and Ninth Meetings of the Conference of the Parties

Resolution 8.27 - Migratory Species and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

Resolution 8.29 - Concerted Actions for Appendix I Species

Recommendations

Recommendation 7.5 - Range State Agreement for Dugong (Dugong dugon) Conservation

Recommendation 7.6 - Improving the Conservation Status of the Leatherback Turtle (Dermochelys coriacea)

Recommendation 7.7 – America Pacific Flyway Programme

Recommendation 8.12 - Improving the conservation status of raptors and owls in the African Eurasian region

Recommendation 8.16 – Migratory Sharks

Recommendation 8.17 – Marine Turtles

Recommendation 8.23 - Central Eurasian and Aridland Mammals

Recommendation 8.26 - Grassland Bird Species and their Habitats in Southern South America

Recommendation 8.28 - Cooperative Actions for Appendix II Species

Other resolutions/recommendations:

Other remarks:

Annex: Updating Data on Appendix II Species

The tables below contain the list of all species listed in Appendix II.

New Parties which have acceded since COP8 in 2005 and Parties which did not submit a National Report in 2005 are requested to complete the entire form.

Parties that did submit a report in 2005 need only which information has changed (e.g. new published distribution references and details concerning species added to Appendix II at COP8).

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	CE	TACEA	1	
Rhinolophus ferrumequinum	Тп			
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus hipposideros				
(only European populations)		_	_	
Rhinolophus euryale				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus mehelyi				
(only European populations)				
Rhinolophus blasii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis bechsteini				
(only European populations)				
Myotis blythi				
(only European populations)				
Myotis brandtii				
(only European populations)				
Myotis capaccinii				
(only European populations)	_	_		
Myotis dasycneme				
(only European populations)				
Myotis daubentoni				
(only European populations)				
Myotis emarginatus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis myotis (only European populations)				
Myotis mystacinus				
(only European populations)				
Myotis nattereri	+ -			
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus kuhli	\perp			
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus nathusii	\top			
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus pipistrellus	 			
(only European populations)				
Pipistrellus savii				
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus lasiopterus				
(only European populations)				
Nyctalus leisleri				
(only European populations)]	
Nyctalus noctula				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
(only European populations)				
Eptesicus nilssonii				
(only European populations)				
Eptesicus serotinus				
(only European populations)				
Vespertilio murinus (only European populations)				
Barbastella barbastellus				
(only European populations)				
Plecotus auritus			П	
(only European populations)				
Plecotus austriacus				
(only European populations)				
Miniopterus schreibersii				
(only European populations)				
Tadarida teniotis				
	CE	ГАСЕА		
Physeter macrocephalus				
Platanista gangetica gangetica	П	П	П	
Pontoporia blainvillei				
_				
Inia geoffrensis				
Delphinapterus leucas				
Monodon monoceros				
Phocoena phocoena				
(North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Phocoena phocoena				
(western North Atlantic population) Phocoena phocoena				
(Black Sea population)				
Neophocaena phocaenoides				
Phocoenoides dalli				
Phocoena spinipinnis	Ш			
Phocoena dioptrica				
Sousa chinensis				
Sousa teuszii				
Sotalia fluviatilis				
Lagenorhynchus albirostris (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus acutus (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus australis	П	П		
Lagenorhynchus obscurus				
Grampus griseus				
(only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops aduncus	П	П	П	
(Arafura/Timor Sea populations)				
Tursiops truncatus (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Tursiops truncatus				
2 stops it intomins				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
(western Mediterranean population)						
Tursiops truncatus (Black Sea population)						
Stenella attenuata						
(eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella attenuata (Southeast Asian populations)						
Stenella longirostris						
(eastern tropical Pacific populations) Stenella longirostris						
(Southeast Asian populations)	Ш		Ш			
Stenella coeruleoalba (eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella coeruleoalba						
(western Mediterranean population)						
Delphinus delphis (North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Delphinus delphis (western Mediterranean population)						
Delphinus delphis (Black Sea population)						
Delphinus delphis						
(eastern tropical Pacific population) Lagenodelphis hosei			П			
(Southeast Asian populations)						
Orcaella brevirostris						
Cephalorhynchus commersonii (South American population)						
Cephalorhynchus eutropia						
Cephalorhynchus heavisidii						
Orcinus orca						
Globicephala melas (only North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Berardius bairdii						
Hyperoodon ampullatus						
Balaenoptera bonaerensis						
Balaenoptera edeni						
Balaenoptera borealis						
Balaenoptera physalus						
Caperea marginata						
CARNIVORA						
Arctocephalus australis Otaria flavescens						
Phoca vitulina						
(only Baltic and Wadden Sea populations)						
Halichoerus grypus (only Baltic Sea populations)						
Monachus monachus						
PROBOSCIDEA						

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Loxodonta africana				
	SII	RENIA		
Trichechus manatus (populations between Honduras and Panama)				
Trichechus senegalensis				
Trichechus inunguis				
Dugong dugon				
- 13213 11321	Provess			
r 1 ·	PERISSO	DDACTYLA		
Equus hemionus (includes Equus hemionus, Equus onager and Equus kiang)				
	ARTIO	DACTYLA	T	
Vicugna vicugna				
Oryx dammah				
Gazella gazella (only Asian populations)				
Gazella subgutturosa				
Procapra gutturosa				
Saiga tatarica tatarica				
	GAVII	FORMES		
Gavia stellata (Western Palearctic populations)				
Gavia arctica arctica				
Gavia arctica suschkini				
Gavia immer immer (Northwest European population)				
Gavia adamsii (Western Palearctic population)				
	PODICIP	EDIFORMES		
Podiceps grisegena grisegena				
Podiceps auritus (Western Palearctic populations)				
	PELECA	NIFORMES		
Phalacrocorax nigrogularis				
Phalacrocorax pygmeus				
Pelecanus onocrotalus (Western Palearctic populations)				
Pelecanus crispus				
•	CICON	IIFORMES		
Botaurus stellaris stellaris (Western Palearctic populations)				
Ixobrychus minutus minutus (Western Palearctic populations)				
Ixobrychus sturmii				
Ardeola rufiventris				
Ardeola idae				
Egretta vinaceigula				
Casmerodius albus albus (Western Palearctic populations)				
Ardea purpurea purpurea (populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
	State	National	information	reference
		level	available	
Mycteria ibis				
Ciconia nigra				
Ciconia episcopus microscelis				
Ciconia ciconia				
Plegadis falcinellus				
Geronticus eremita				
Threskiornis aethiopicus aethiopicus				
Platalea alba				
(excluding Malagasy population)				
Platalea leucorodia	Ш			
Phoenicopterus ruber	Ш			
Phoenicopterus minor				
	ANSER	IFORMES		
Dendrocygna bicolor				
Dendrocygna viduata				
Thalassornis leuconotus				
Oxyura leucocephala				
Cygnus olor				
Cygnus cygnus				
Cygnus columbianus				
Anser brachyrhynchus				
Anser fabalis				
Anser albifrons				
Anser erythropus				
Anser anser				
Branta leucopsis				
Branta bernicla				
Branta ruficollis				
Alopochen aegyptiacus				
Tadorna ferruginea				
Tadorna cana				
Tadorna tadorna				
Plectropterus gambensis				
Sarkidiornis melanotos				
Nettapus auritus				
Anas penelope				
Anas strepera				
Anas crecca				
Anas capensis				
Anas platyrhynchos				
Anas undulata				
Anas acuta				
Anas erythrorhyncha				
Anas hottentota				
Anas querquedula				
Anas clypeata				
Marmaronetta angustirostris				
Netta rufina				
Netta erythrophthalma				
Aythya ferina				
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V			<u> </u>	

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference
		level	available	
Aythya nyroca				
Aythya fuligula				
Aythya marila				
Somateria mollissima				
Somateria spectabilis				
Polysticta stelleri				
Clangula hyemalis				
Melanitta nigra				
Melanitta fusca				
Bucephala clangula		Ш	Ш	
Mergellus albellus		Ш	Ш	
Mergus serrator				
Mergus merganser				
	FALCO	NIFORMES		
Pandion haliaetus				
	GALL	IFORMES		
Coturnix coturnix coturnix				
Columna Columna Columna				
	SPHENIS	SCIFORMES		
Spheniscus demersus				
	PROCELL	ARIIFORMES		
Diomedea exulans				
Diomedea epomophora				
Diomedea irrorata				
Diomedea nigripes				
Diomedea immutabilis				
Diomedea melanophris				
Diomedea bulleri				
Diomedea cauta				
Diomedea chlororhynchos				
Diomedea chrysostoma				
Phoebetria fusca				
Phoebetria palpebrata				
Macronectes giganteus				
Macronectes halli				
Procellaria cinerea				
Procellaria aequinoctialis				
Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata				
Procellaria parkinsoni				
Procellaria westlandica				
1 rocciuru westunutu	Сри	FORMES		
Porzana porzana				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Porzana parva parva				
Porzana pusilla intermedia				
Fulica atra atra				
(Mediterranean and Black Sea populations)				
Aenigmatolimnas marginalis				
Sarothrura boehmi				
Sarothrura ayresi				
Crex crex				
5.2.0.0.0.				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Grus leucogeranus				
Grus virgo (Syn. Anthropoides virgo)				
Grus paradisea				
Grus carunculatus				
Grus grus				
Chlamydotis undulata (only Asian populations)				
Otis tarda				
	CHARAD	RIIFORMES	1	
Himantopus himantopus				
Recurvirostra avosetta				
Dromas ardeola				
Burhinus oedicnemus				
Glareola pratincola				
Glareola nordmanni				
Pluvialis apricaria				
Pluvialis squatarola				
Charadrius hiaticula				
Charadrius dubius				
Charadrius pecuarius				
Charadrius tricollaris				
Charadrius forbesi				
Charadrius pallidus				
Charadrius alexandrinus				
Charadrius marginatus				
Charadrius mongulus				
Charadrius leschenaultii				
Charadrius asiaticus				
Eudromias morinellus				
Vanellus vanellus				
Vanellus spinosus				
Vanellus albiceps				
Vanellus senegallus				
Vanellus lugubris				
Vanellus melanopterus				
Vanellus coronatus				
Vanellus superciliosus				
Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia				
gregaria)				
Vanellus leucurus				
Gallinago media				
Gallinago gallinago				
Lymnocryptes minimus Limosa limosa				
Limosa lapponica				
Numenius phaeopus Numenius tenuirostris				
Numenius arquata				
Tringa erythropus				
Tringa totanus				
Tringa stagnatilis	_ ⊔			

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference	
	State	level	available	reference	
Tringa nebularia		П	П		
Tringa ochropus					
Tringa glareola	$\overline{\Box}$				
Tringa cinerea					
Tringa hypoleucos					
Arenaria interpres					
Calidris tenuirostris					
Calidris canutus					
Calidris alba	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Calidris minuta					
Calidris temminckii					
Calidris maritima					
Calidris alpina					
Calidris ferruginea					
Limicola falcinellus					
Philomachus pugnax					
Phalaropus lobatus					
Phalaropus fulicaria					
Larus hemprichii					
Larus leucophthalmus					
Larus ichthyaetus	$\overline{\Box}$				
(West Eurasian and African population)	_				
Larus melanocephalus					
Larus genei					
Larus audouinii					
Larus armenicus	$\overline{\Box}$				
Sterna nilotica nilotica					
(West Eurasian and African populations)	_				
Sterna caspia					
(West Eurasian and African populations)					
Sterna maxima albidorsalis					
Sterna bergii					
(African and Southwest Asian populations)					
Sterna bengalensis					
(African and Southwest Asian populations)					
Sterna sandvicensis sandvicensis					
Sterna dougallii	Ш				
(Atlantic population)					
Sterna hirundo hirundo	Ш				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)		 			
Sterna paradisaea					
(Atlantic populations) Sterna albifrons		 			
ř					
Sterna saundersi					
Sterna balaenarum					
Sterna repressa					
Chlidonias niger niger					
Chlidonias leucopterus					
(West Eurasian and African population)	~				
COLUMBIFORMES					
Streptopelia turtur turtur	⊔		<u> </u>		

Species	Range State	Extinct at National	No information	Published distribution reference	
		level	available		
Merops apiaster					
Coracias garrulus					
	PSITTA	CIFORMES	I		
Amazona tucumana					
	PASSEI	RIFORMES	I		
Hirundo atrocaerulea					
Pseudocolopteryx dinellianus					
Polystictus pectoralis pectoralis					
Sporophila ruficollis					
Acrocephalus paludicola					
	TEST	UDINATA			
Chelonia depressa					
Chelonia mydas					
Caretta caretta					
Eretmochelys imbricata					
Lepidochelys kempii					
Lepidochelys olivacea					
Dermochelys coriacea					
Podocnemis expansa					
	Croc	CODYLIA			
Crocodylus porosus					
	ACIPENS	ERIFORMES			
Huso huso					
Huso dauricus					
Acipenser baerii baicalensis					
Acipenser fulvescens					
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii					
Acipenser medirostris					
Acipenser mikadoi					
Acipenser naccarii					
Acipenser nudiventris					
Acipenser persicus					
Acipenser ruthenus					
(Danube population)					
Acipenser schrenckii					
Acipenser sinensis					
Acipenser stellatus					
Acipenser sturio					
Pseudoscaphirhynchus kaufmanni					
Pseudoscaphirhynchus hermanni					
Pseudoscaphirhynchus fedtschenkoi					
Psephurus gladius	0				
ORECTOLOBIFORMES Dhin and an times					
Rhincodon typus					
LAMNIFORMES					
Carcharodon carcharias	$oxed{oxed}$	$oxed{oxed}$			
LEPIDOPTERA					
Danaus plexippus					

All species of each of the Families below are listed in Appendix II. If your country is a Range State for any of the species in these Families, please enter the species name in the first column, under the relevant Family heading. Please indicate (with a 'X') whether your country is a Range State or the species is extinct and, where appropriate, please provide published distribution references. (Space is provided for ten species in each Family. If additional lines are required, please attach the information as an annex).

Species	Range State	Extinct	Published distribution reference				
Order FALCONIFORMES, Family Cathartidae							
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Order FALCONI	FORMES, Famil	y Accipitridae				
	RangeState	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Order FALCON	IFORMES, Fami	ly Falconidae				
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
	Range State	☐ Extinct					
Order PASSERIFORMES, Family Muscicapidae							
☐ Range State							

Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	
Range State	☐ Extinct	