

CMS



CONVENTION ON MIGRATORY SPECIES

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NINTH MEETING OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES Rome, 1-5 December 2008 Agenda Item 10a

REVIEW OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION

National Reports Submitted by Contracting Parties

Report of: Kenya (received: 12.06.2008)

The Secretariat is making available, for the information of participants in the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Migratory Species, the national reports provided by Contracting Parties. For the most part, the national reports have been reproduced in the form in which they were received, apart from minor formatting.

REVUE DE L'APPLICATION DE LA CONVENTION

Rapports nationaux soumis aux parties contractantes

Rapport de: Kenya (reçu: 12.06.2008)

Pour l'information des participants à la Neuvième Réunion de la Conférence des Parties à la Convention sur les Espèces migratrices, le Secrétariat met à leur disposition des rapports nationaux fournis par les parties contractantes. Dans la plupart des cas, les rapports nationaux ont été reproduits dans la forme même sous laquelle nous les avons reçus, abstraction faite de formatages miners.

REVISION DE LA APLICACION DE LA CONVENCION

Reportes Nacionales Enviados por los Miembros del Acuerdo

Reporte de: Kenya (recibido: 12.06.2008)

Los reportes nacionales enviados por los Miembros del Acuerdo están a disposición de los participantes del Novena Reunión de la Conferencia de los Miembros de la Convención sobre Especies Migratorias en la Secretaría. La mayoría de ellos se encuentran en la versión original en la que se enviaron, con excepción de pequeños ajustes de formato.

For reasons of economy, documents are printed in a limited number, and will not be distributed at the meeting. Delegates are kindly requested to bring their copy to the meeting and not to request additional copies.



Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species Of Wild Animals



FORMAT FOR NATIONAL REPORT OF PARTIES ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF MIGRATORY SPECIES OF WILD ANIMALS

Reporting format agreed by the Standing Committee at its 32nd Meeting (Bonn, November 2007) for mandatory use by Parties, for reports submitted to the Ninth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (COP9) (Rome, 2008).

The questions below combine elements of Resolution 4.1 (Party Reports) adopted by the Fourth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi, June 1994) and Resolution 6.4 (Strategic Plan for the Convention on Migratory Species 2000-2005), adopted by the Sixth Meeting of the Conference of the Parties (Cape Town, November 1999), the COP8 Strategic Plan 2006-2011 and Resolution 8.24 adopted by the Conference of the Parties (Nairobi 2005), as well as commitments arising from other operational Resolutions and Recommendations of the Conference of the Parties.

Parties are encouraged to respond to all questions. Parties are also requested to provide comprehensive answers, including, where appropriate, a summary of activities, information on factors limiting action and details of any assistance required.

This document has been designed with semi-automated text-form fields. Please double click on the grey boxes to enter the field. You can then enter the required information. Continue to do so with each text-field or jump to the next field directly by using the tab key. Where checkboxes are available you might check these with a single click.

Please enter here the name of your country: KENYA

Which agency has been primarily responsible for the preparation of this report? *KENYA WILDLIFE SERVICE* Please list any other agencies that have provided input: National Museums of Kenya Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute

I(a). General Information

Please enter the required information in the table below:

Party	Kenya			
Date of entry into force of the Convention in [<i>KENYA</i>]	May 1999			
Period covered	2005 - 2008			
Territories to which the Convention applies	Kenya			
DESIG	NATED NATIONAL FOCAL POINT			
Full name of the institution	Kenya Wildlife Service			
Name and title of designated Focal Point	Julius Kipng'etich - (Director) Alternates: 1. James Njogu - (Head, Conventions) Alternate: 2.Richard Odongo (Scientist Information)			
Mailing address	PO Box 40241			
Telephone	+254 20 600 800			
Fax	+254 20 603 792			
E-mail	Director@kws.org jgichiah@kws.org oluoch@kws.org			
APPOINT	AENT TO THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL			
Full name of the institution	Kenya Wildlife Service			
Name and title of contact officer	Dr. Samuel Kasiki, Deputy Director Biodiversity Research and Monitoring			
Mailing address	Po Box, 40241, 00100, Nairobi			
Telephone	254-20-600800			
Fax	+254 20 603 792			
E-mail	skasiki@kws.org			
SUBMISSION				
Name and Signature of officer responsible for submitting national report	Name:Dr. James NjoguAddress:Po Box, 40241, 00100, NairobiTel.:254-20-600800Fax:N/AE-mail:jgichiah@kws.org			
Date of submission				
Membership of the Standing Committee (if applicable):	Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			
Competent Authority:	Kenya wildlife Service			
Relevant implemented legislation:	Wildlife Act 1998			
Other relevant Conventions/ Agreements (apart from CMS) to which <i>country name</i> is a Party:	African-Eurasian Waterbird Agreement (AEWA), Convention on Biodiversity (CBD), Convention of International Trade on Endangered Species (CITES), Ramsar Convention on Wetlands,			
National policy instruments (e.g. national biodiversity conservation strategy, etc.):	National Biodiversity Action Plan 1999, KWS Strategic Plan 2005-2010			

Please indicate whether your country is part of the following Agreements/MoU. If so, please indicate the competent national institution

Wadden Sea Seals:	Party	/		Non-party Range State
	🗌 Sign	ed but not yet entered force	\boxtimes	Non Range State
National Focal Point/Competent author Name: Address:	ity	Membership of the Trilateral Name: Address:	Seal	Expert Group
Tel: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Eurobats	Party Sign	ed but not yet entered force		Non-party Range State Non Range State
Competent authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	<u> </u>	Appointed member of the Ad Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		-
ASCOBANS	□ Party □ Sign			Non-party Range State Non Range State
Co-ordinating authority Name: Address:		Appointed member of the Advisory Committee Name: Address:		
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
Membership of other committees or wor groups:	rking			
AEWA:	⊠ Party □ Sign	/ ed but not yet entered force	_	Non-party Range State Non Range State
Admin istrative AuthorityName:Kenya Wildlife ServiceAddress:Po Box 40241, 00100, NairobiTel.:254-20-600800Fax:254-20-603792		Appointed member of the TecName:Dr. James NjoguAddress:Po Box, 40241, 00Tel.:254-20-600800Fax:254-20-603792Fax:254-20-603792		
E-mail: director@kws.org				
National Focal Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail: Membership of committees or working		ed but not yet entered force Appointed member of the Sci Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		-

АСАР	Party	7			Non-party Range State	
		ed but not yet entered force 🛛 Non Range State				
Designated Authority		National (National Contact Point			
Name:		Name:				
Address:		Address:				
Tel.:		Tel.:				
Fax:		Fax:				
E-mail:		E-mail:				
Membership of Advisory Committee		Name: Address:				
		Address.				
		Tel.:				
		Fax: E-mail:				
Siberian Crane MoU:	Signatory		n-signatory Range S	tate	Non Range State	
Competent authority	Signatory	Name:				
		Address:				
		TT 1				
		Tel.: Fax:				
		E-mail:				
Slender-billed Curlew MoU:	Signatory	🗌 Nor	n-signatory Range S	tate	Non Range State	
Competent Authority		Name:				
		Address:				
		Tel.:				
		Fax:				
		E-mail:				
Marine Turtle – Africa MoU:	Signatory	Nor	n-signatory Range S	tate	□ Non Range State	
National Contact Point		Name:	Dr. Samuel Kasiki		NT ' 1'	
Kenya Wildlife Service		Address:	Po Box 40241, 001	100,	Nairobi	
		Tel.:	254-20-600800			
		Fax: E-mail:	254-20-603792 director@kws.org			
Great Bustard MoU:	Signatory		n-signatory Range S	toto	Non Range State	
Competent Authority	Signatory		Contact Point	ale		
Name:		National V Name:	Jonaci F Unit			
Name: Address:		Address:				
		Tel.:				
Tel.: Fax:		Fax:				
E-mail:		E-mail:				
Marine Turtle MoU - IOSEA:	Signatory	🗌 Nor	n-signatory Range S	tate	□ Non Range State	
Competent national authority	_ •	Name:	Kenya Wildlife Ser		-	
		Address:	Po Box 40241, 001			
		Tel.:	254-20-600800			
		Fax:	254-20-603792			
		E-mail:	director@kws.org			

Bukhara Deer MoU:	□ Signatory	🗌 No	on-signatory Range State 🛛 Non Range State		
Competent national authority		Name: Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			
Aquatic Warbler MoU:	□ Signatory	No:	n-signatory Range State 🛛 🛛 Non Range State		
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address:		
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		
African Elephant MoU:	Signatory		n-signatory Range State 🛛 Non Range State		
Competent national authority Name: Kenya Wildlife S Address: Tel.: Fax: E-mail:	Service		National Contact PointName:Patrick OmondiAddress:Po Box 40241, 00100-NairobiTel.:254-20-600800Fax:254-20-603792E-mail:pomondi@kws.org		
Pacific Islands Cetaceans MoU:	□ Signatory	□ No:	n-signatory Range State 🛛 Non Range State		
Competent national authority Name: Address: Tel.: Fax:			National Contact Point Name: Address: Tel.: Fax:		
E-mail:			E-mail:		
Mediterranean Monk Seal MoU	: Signatory	🗌 No	n-signatory Range State 🛛 Non Range State		
Competent national authority Name: Address:			National Contact Point Name: Address:		
Tel.: Fax: E-mail:			Tel.: Fax: E-mail:		

1	Which other government departments are involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country? (Please list.)
	National Museums of Kenya-Research and monitoring on migratory birds, Fisheries Department-Fish species, Cetaceans and other marine Wildlife species Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research institute – marine life Kenya Wildlife service all wildlife and focal point
2	If more than one government department is involved, describe the interaction/relationship between these government departments: The government bodies work through MOUs and committees with representation from all the departments dealing
	with conservation of migratory species. The National Important Bird Areas deals with conservation of birds including migratory species. The Kenya Sea Turtle Conservation Committee (KESCOM) which draws its membership from various government institutions addresses the plight of marine turtles and other marine animals including fish cetaceans, birds and mammals. Kenya marine and Fisheries Research Institute deals with research on fisheries and marine mammals
3	Has a national liaison system or committee been established in your country? Please provide contact information
	X Yes I No
	The liaisons system is coordinated by Kenya Wildlife Service which acts as the secretariat.
4	List the main non-governmental organizations actively involved in activities/initiatives for the conservation of migratory species in your country, and describe their involvement:
	 East African Wildlife Society (EAWL): Through its programme "Conservation and Sustainable Management of Wetlands In Kenya" the NGO works to ensure provision of support and assistance for the development of proper policy, legislative and management regimes to secure a sustainable future and functionality of Kenyan Wetlands which are important feeding, spawning and refuge sites for a number of migratory birds. International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN): support conservation partnerships for regional marine turtle conservation efforts e.g. sponsors baseline inventory activities, mapping of nesting beaches, feeding grounds for marine turtles and identification of migratory species under threat through the specialist groups. Nature-Kenya: support in monitoring the status of Important Bird Areas (IBA) and key bird species. Promotion of awareness and education on IBA conservation among different communities in the country. Birdlife International: Through Nature Kenya, the organization provides funding for IBA conservation work and education programmes. World Wildlife Fund (WWF): Provide financial and technical support towards research and conservation of marine turtles. Promotes information exchange with other countries through development and maintenance of a regional web-based database on marine turtles.
4a	Please provide detail on any devolved government/overseas territory authorities involved.
	Lake Basin authority and Coast development authorities including the local government authorities also contribute to the conservation and management of migratory species. The lake basin and coastal development authorities manage basins and regions important for sustainable development. The local authorities manage protected areas as conservation reserves.
5	Describe any involvement of the private sector in the conservation of migratory species in your country:
	Conservation of migratory species in Kenya has so far benefited little from the support of private companies. However, few NGOs working along the Kenyan coast benefit from sponsorship from tourism based companies towards conservation of marine turtles, dugongs and other marine recourses.
6	Note any interactions between these sectors in the conservation of migratory species in your country:
	Funding for education and awareness creation activities/events on conservation of marine resources.

I(b). Information about involved Authorities

Identify the ministry, agency/department or organization that is responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I species

1	Birds	National Museums of Kenya
		Kenya Wildlife Service
		Nature Kenya (BirdLife International Partner)
2	Marine Mammals	Kenya Marine & Fisheries Research Institute
		Kenya Wildlife Service
3	Marine Turtles	Kenya Marine & Fisheries Research Institute
		Kenya Wildlife Service
		Fisheries department
4	Terrestrial Mammals	Kenya Wildlife Service
5	Bats	National Museums of Kenya
		Kenya Wildlife Service
6	Other Taxa	Kenya Wildlife Service
		National Museums of Kenya

II. Appendix I species

1. BIRDS

1.1 General questions on Appendix I bird species

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bird species prohibited by the national implementing X Yes No Legislation cited in Table I (a) (General Information)? If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bird species is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bird species:
	By-catch 🗌 Electrocution
	Habitat destruction 🛛 Wind turbines
	Pollution 🛛
	Other (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	Habitat rehabilitation and enhanced education and awareness creation on sustainable utilization of wetlands and other IBA sites.
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	Closed fishing season in Lake Naivasha has improved food supply for migratory species of birds. The loosed fishing period in lake Victoria reduce exploitation pressure on some species.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
	Funding to monitor impacts of management activities.
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bird species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Illegal trade Deaching
	Other (please specify) loss of habitat through conversion and encroachment
За	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger bird species beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
	Education and awareness, increased security of important bird areas especially those surrounding protected areas.
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	Increased awareness has seen members of the community participate in the identification of the species hence reduced killings.
3с	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?
	support for monitoring of the species and habitat protection especially in forest and wetland areas

1.2 Questions on specific Appendix I bird species

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bird species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

1 Please provide published distribution reference: Kenya IBA Directory of Kenya Birds, Northern Bird Atla 2a Summarise information on population size (if known): increasing □ decreasing ⊠ stable □ not known □ unclear □ This decrease is mainly caused by habitat loss 2b Summarise information on distribution (if known): increasing □ decreasing ⊠ stable □ not known □ unclear □ 3 Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this spectre reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research 3 Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this spectre period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research Identification and establishment of protected areas Wildlife Act 1998 Monitoring ⊠ Bi annual water bird counts Education/awareness rising Nature Kenya, National Museums of Ken Species protection ⊠ Wildlife Act 1998	
increasing decreasing stable not known unclear This decrease is mainly caused by habitat loss 2b Summarise information on distribution (if known): increasing decreasing stable not known unclear 3 Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this spectre reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available): Research Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available): Research Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available): Monitoring Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available is annual water bird counts Identification and establishment of protected areas Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available is annual water bird counts Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available is annual water bird counts Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available is annual water bird counts Identification and establishment of protected areas Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available is annual water bird counts Image: Contact of the project and contact details Image: Contact of the project and contact details, where available is annual water bird counts Image: Contact of the project and contact of the project and con	s of
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increasing decreasing stable not known unclear 3 Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this spectre reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research Identification and establishment of protected areas Wildlife Act 1998 Monitoring Image: Stable Image: Stable Education/awareness rising Image: Stable Nature Kenya, National Museums of Ken	
3 Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this spectroporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available): Research Identification and establishment of protected areas Monitoring Is annual water bird counts Education/awareness rising Nature Kenya, National Museums of Ken	
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Identification and establishment of protected areasIdentificationWildlife Act 1998MonitoringIdentificationBi annual water bird countsEducation/awareness risingIdentificationNature Kenya, National Museums of Ken	cies in the
Monitoring Image: State of the state	
Education/awareness rising	
Species protection Wildlife Act 1998	ya , KWS
Control hunting / poaching	
Species restoration	
Habitat protection	
Habitat restoration	
Other 🗆	
4 If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such a taken?	ction being
5 Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:	
continued monitoring of the species and encouraging continuous research	

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:

Important bird areas have been identified and special emphasis on areas with bird species in appendix I

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s) Larus saundersi				
1	Please provide published distribution reference: Kenya	IBA D	irectory of Kenya Birds, Northern Bird Atlas of		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if know	'n):			
	increasing \Box decreasing \Box stable \boxtimes	not k	nown 🗌 unclear 🗌		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
20	increasing \Box decreasing \Box stable \boxtimes	not k	nown 🗌 unclear 🗌		
		not k			
2					
3	reporting period. (Please provide the title of the pro-		at have been carried out in favour of this species in the l contact details, where available):		
	Research				
	Identification and establishment of protected areas	\boxtimes	Wildlife Act 1998		
	Monitoring	\boxtimes	Nature Kenya, National Museums of Kenya , KWS		
	Education/awareness rising				
	Species protection	\boxtimes	Wildlife Act 1998		
	Control hunting / poaching	\boxtimes	no hunting and poaching is prohibited		
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this specie taken?	es in the	reporting period, what has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for the	his spec	ies:		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I -birds in general:

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s) Hirundo atrocaerulea				
1	Please provide published distribution reference: Kenya	IBA Dir	ectory of Kenya Birds, Northern Bird Atlas of		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if know	n):			
	increasing \Box decreasing \boxtimes stable \Box	not kno	wn 🗌 unclear 🗌		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
	increasing \Box decreasing \boxtimes stable \Box	not kno	own 🗌 unclear 🗌		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the pro		t have been carried out in favour of this species in the contact details, where available):		
	Research		National Museums of Kenya, KWS		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas	\boxtimes	protected area system		
	Monitoring	\boxtimes	Nature Kenya, National Museums of Kenya , KWS		
	Education/awareness rising	\boxtimes	Kenya Wildlife Service and Nature Kenya		
	Species protection	\boxtimes	Wildlife Act 1998		
	Control hunting / poaching	\boxtimes	Wildlife Act 1998		
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this specie taken?	es in the r	eporting period, what has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for the	nis specie	s:		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s) Acrocephalus griseldis				
1	Please provide published distribution reference:				
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known	n):			
	increasing 🗌 decreasing 🛛 stable 🗌	not kr	nown 🗌	unclear	
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):				
	increasing \Box decreasing \boxtimes stable \Box	not kr	nown 🗌	unclear	
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activ reporting period. (Please provide the title of the proj				
	Research	\boxtimes	Nature	Kenya, National Museums of Kenya , KWS	
	Identification and establishment of protected areas	\boxtimes	KWS p	rotected areas	
	Monitoring	\boxtimes	Nature	Kenya, National Museums of Kenya , KWS	
	Education/awareness rising		Ν	ature Kenya, KWS	
	Species protection				
	Control hunting / poaching	\boxtimes	within _J	protected areas	
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this specie taken?	s in the	reporting	period, what has prevented such action being	
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for th	is speci	es:		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:

Spec	cies name – Common Name(s) Zoothera guttata					
1	Please provide published distribution reference:					
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):					
	increasing \Box decreasing \Box stable \boxtimes not known \Box unclear \Box					
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):					
	increasing 🗋 decreasing 🖾 stable 🖾 not known 🗆 unclear 🗆					

3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):				
	Research 🛛 Nature Kenya, National Museums of				
	Identification and establishment of protected areas	\boxtimes	National Museums of Kenya, KWS		
	Monitoring	\boxtimes	Nature Kenya, National Museums of Kenya , KWS		
	Education/awareness rising	\boxtimes	Nature Kenya, National Museums of Kenya , KWS		
	Species protection				
	Control hunting / poaching				
	Species restoration				
	Habitat protection				
	Habitat restoration				
	Other				
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species taken?	in the r	eporting period, what has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for thi	s species	5:		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I birds in general:

2. MARINE MAMMALS

2.1 General questions on Appendix I marine mammals

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine mammals prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)? If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:			
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine mammals is prohibited by law, have any exceptions Yes No been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):			
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine mammals:			
	By-catch 🛛 Collision with fishing traffic 🖾			
	Pollution 🗌 Illegal hunting			
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)			
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?			
	Education and awareness			
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
	Communities now aware of the need to protect marine mammals			
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?			
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine mammal species (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?			
	Pollution Dy-catch			
	Other (please specify) illegal hunting			
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine mammal beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?			
	security patrols along the cost, enlisting of support from local fisher men, publishing importance of protecting marine mamals			
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.			
	Local communities now take keen interest in marine mammak as they also attract tourists			
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:			
	Limited funding to educate communities and increased poverty levels, stutus of some marine mammals not known, research and monitoring required for the dugong.			
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?			
	funding for community enterprise for local communities and reseach and monitoring funding			

2.2 Questions on specific Appendix I marine mammals

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine mammal species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spe	Species name – Common Name(s) Dugong dugon			
1	Please provide published distribution reference:			
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known):			
	increasing \Box decreasing \boxtimes stable \Box	not known unclear		
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):			
	increasing \Box decreasing \boxtimes stable \Box	not known unclear		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the proj	vities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the ject and contact details, where available):		
	Research	☑ distribution in the western Indian ocean		
	Identification and establishment of protected areas			
	Monitoring reporting period	\boxtimes one monitoring activities undertaken during the		
	Education / awareness rising boat operators, hoteliers and fishermen	Community awareness undertaken in the coast to		
	Species protection			
	Control hunting / poaching	awareness undertaken		
		_		
	Species restoration			
	Habitat protection adequate	Marine protected areas provide protection but not		
	Habitat restoration	\boxtimes		
	Other			
4	If no activities have been carried out for this specie undertaken?	s in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for th	is species:		
5	Describe any future activities that are plained for th	is species.		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine mammals in general:

3 MARINE TURTLES

3.1 General questions on Appendix I marine turtles

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I marine turtles prohibited by the national implementing Xes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?				
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:				
1a	If the taking of Appendix I marine turtles is prohibited by law, have any exceptions \[Yes \] No been granted to the prohibition? If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified				
	to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):				
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I marine turtles:				
	By-catch Pollution				
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) Trawling and illegal fishing gear, fishing nets entangle turtles and consumption of plastic bags by the turtles				
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?				
	Education awareness to local communities targeting fisher men, Legal enforcement and patrols to stop killing of turtles and use of appropriate fishing nets. Collection and reduction of use of plastic bags				
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.				
	Few cases are being reported meaning there is compliance to enforcement and increased voluntary				
	reporting of any killing of turtle				
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?				
	lobbying for the players to reduce or ban the use of plastic bags				
3	What are the major pressures on Appendix I marine turtles (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?				
	Collection of eggs Predation of eggs				
	Destruction of nesting beaches				
	Other (please specify) Poaching for meat and by-catch				
За	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of marine turtles beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?				
	Community education, security patrols and enforcement, publication of mortality reports.				
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.				
	Community is more aware and are reporting illegal cases.				
3c	Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:				
	Limited funding to facilitate community education programmes, alternative livelihoods to reduce the dependency on fishing. Increasing poverty levels making communities more dependant on fishing.				
3d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?				

3.2 Questions on specific Appendix I marine turtles

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I marine turtle species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Chelo Eretm Derm Lepid	ies nameCommon Name(s)lonia mydas-Green turtlemochelys imbricate-Hawksbillnochelys coriaccea-Leatherbackdochelys kempii-Kemps ridleydochelys olivace-Olive ridley	
1	Please provide published distribution reference:	
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known): increasing ⊠ decreasing □ stable □ no	ot known unclear
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known): increasing □ decreasing ⊠ stable □ no	ot known 🗆 unclear 🗆
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activitie reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project	es that have been carried out in favour of this species in the and contact details, where available):
	<u>Research</u>	Nest relocation
	Identification and establishment of protected areas protection planned	additional nesting beach have been identified and
	Monitoring the coast line including Government institutions, NGOs	
	Education / awareness raising turtle	beach operators awareness for the conservation of
	Species protection	wildlife act enforced through security patrols
	Control hunting / poaching units report all the cases to security patrol teams who ac	- 8 1
	Species restoration nests are not safe. Hatchlings release and turtle release	
	Habitat protection	Regular beach cleanups.
	Habitat restoration As been done with and in conjunction with local community nesting beaches	- 8 1 8
	Other]
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in taken?	the reporting period, what has prevented such action being
5		pecies: along the coastline. Consultative meetings and workshops pulation. Erection of signages in all the nesting beaches.

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I marine turtles in general:

4 TERRESTRIAL MAMMALS (OTHER THAN BATS)

4.1 General questions on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

1	Is the taking of all Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) prohibited by the national implementing legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) is prohibited by Iaw, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats):
2	Lack of information 🗌 By-catch
	Habitat fragmentationImage: Constraint of the second s
	Wind turbines Insufficient logislation Insufficient logislation
	Insufficient legislationImage: Lack of trans-boundary managementPoor communication amongst Range StatesMan-made barriers
	Climate change and drought
	Other threats to migration (please provide details)
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	Education and awareness among local communities on the need to allow migration routes for wildlife.
	Identification and demarcation of migratory corridors and dispersal areas. Lease of land to allow migratory
	species to migrate to important feeding and breeding sites
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	Migratory corridors and dispersal areas have been identified in key conservation areas, critical migratory
	routes have been identified and negotiations done to allow migration of species. In other areas land leasing has
	been employed to allow the movement of the species into certain critical areas.
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
	Assistance to lobby for enactment of land use policy that provides for migratory corridors and dispersal
	areas. A land policy already developed and requires political good will to en act.
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I terrestrial mammals (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Lack of informationInsufficient legislationPoachingInsufficient legislation
	Illegal trade Other (please specify) bush meat
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further
	endanger species of terrestrial mammal (other than bats) beyond actions to that prevent disruption to migratorying
	behaviour?
	Identification of migratory species for intensive management programmes which conservation strategies
	have been developed to guide the management of the species inside and outside protected areas. The actions in
	these strategies include winning more land for migratory species through education and partnerships with land
	owners. Development of benefit sharing mechanisms that encourage conservation of the species. Development of intensive breeding programmes for those populations that are too low or isolated.
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	Species such and the African wild dog, the Grevy's zebra have been put under intensive management leading to more awareness on the need to conserve the species. Communities have appreciated the importance of
	some of the migratory species and have set aside corridors and dispersal areas for the species.
3c	Describe any factors which limit action being taken in this regard:
	limited funding and expanding land use systems not compatible with migrating species
3d	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?
	Funding to conserve threatened migratory species

4.2 Questions on specific Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I terrestrial mammal species (other than bats) for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spee	cies name – Common Name(s)	Equus	s grevyi (Grevy's Zebra)
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
2a	Summarise information on popula increasing decreasing	tion size (stable □	
2b	Summarise information on distribu		
	increasing \Box decreasing \boxtimes	stable [not known unclear
3			any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the f the project and contact details, where availabe):
	Research	\boxtimes	conservation genetics and ecology of Grevy's zebra
	Identification and establishment of outside protected areas	f 🛛	public and private protected areas, most distribution areas protected
	Monitoring	\boxtimes	Two monitoring activities undertaken during the reporting period
	Education / awareness rising establishment of a community same	⊠ ctuary	Community awareness undertaken in the area and has led to the
	Species protection	\boxtimes	protection provided by local communities and private ranchers
	Control hunting / poaching a community sanctuary awareness sanctuary	⊠ undertake	Awareness undertaken in the area and has led to the establishment of en in the range area and has lead to the establishment of community
	Species restoration against anthrax	\boxtimes	translocation to restock other areas within the range and immunization
	Habitat protection	\boxtimes	provision of security in range areas
	Habitat restoration	\boxtimes	Exclusion of domestic stock from Grevy's zebra grazing areas
	Other		
4	If no activities have been carried o taken?	out for this	s species in the reporting period, what has prevented such action being
5			ed for this species? increase awareness among communities, monitor intain a long term surveillance of anthrax and other relevant diseases

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I terrestrial mammals (other than bats) in general:

5. BATS

5.1 General questions on Appendix I bats

-	
1	Is the taking of all Appendix I bats prohibited by the national implementing Xes No legislation cited in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If other legislation is relevant, please provide details:
1a	If the taking of Appendix I bats is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
2	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I bats:
	Vandalism of bat caves 🛛
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) Killing of bat as a traditional belief that they are evil
2a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	Education and awareness on the need to keep the caves and not to kill them especially fruit bats
2b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
-	
2c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
	more research funding for bats within Kenya
3	What are the major threats to Appendix I bats (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Pollution Habitat fragmentation and loss
	Other (please specify)
3a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species of bats beyond actions to prevent disruption to migrating behaviour?
	Protection of Cave within protected areas and outside, education and awareness to local community on the need for conservation of bats and their importance.
3b	
3b	need for conservation of bats and their importance.
3b 3c	need for conservation of bats and their importance. Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	need for conservation of bats and their importance. Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken. caves in protected areas and forest reserves have remained good habitats for the bats.
	need for conservation of bats and their importance. Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken. caves in protected areas and forest reserves have remained good habitats for the bats. Describe any factors that may limit action being taken in this regard:

5.2 Questions on specific Appendix I bat species

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I bat species for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	Species name – Common Name(s)		
1	Please provide published distribution reference:		
2a	Summarise information on population size (if known): increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
2c	Summarise information on trends (if known): increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
2c	Summarise information on distribution (if known): increasing decreasing stable not known unclear		
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any activities that have been carried out in favour of this species in the reporting period. (Please provide the title of the project and contact details, where available):Research		
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species in the reporting period, what has prevented such actions from being undertaken?		
5	Describe any future activities that are planned for this species:		

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I bats in general :

6. OTHER TAXA

6.1 General questions on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

1	Identify the Ministry, agency/department, or organisation responsible for leading actions relating to Appendix I listed species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
2	Is the taking of all Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, prohibited by the national legislation listed as being implementing legislation in Table I(a) (General Information)?
	If <i>other</i> legislation is relevant, please provide details: all wild animals in Kenya are protected by the wildlife act of 1998.
2a	If the taking of Appendix I (species belonging to taxa not included in Sections 1-5 above) is prohibited by law, have any exceptions been granted to the prohibition?
	If Yes, please provide details (Include the date on which the exception was notified to the CMS Secretariat pursuant to CMS Article III(7)):
3	Identify any obstacles to migration that exist in relation to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above:
	Lack of legislation
	Other threats to migration (please provide details) lack of knowledge about the status of such species hence provisions for listing and conservation not identified
3a	What actions are being undertaken to overcome these obstacles?
	Increased research and monitoring of important migratory species
3b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
	Monitoring of birds and reptile have improved, monitoring of large marine mammals such as the whales and the sharks has been initiated.
3c	What assistance, if any, does your country require in order to overcome these obstacles?
	Migratory species in marine systems difficult to monitor support needed to identify and monitor important migratory species in the Kenyan coast.
4	What are the major threats to Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above (transcending mere obstacles to migration)?
	Other (please specify)
4a	What actions have been taken to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger species (belonging to taxa not included in section 1-5 above) beyond actions that prevent disruption to migratory behaviour?
4b	Please report on the progress / success of the actions taken.
4c	Describe any factors that may limit actions being undertaken in this regard:
4d	What assistance, if any, does your country require to overcome these factors?

6.2 Questions on specific Appendix I species belonging to other taxa

In the following section, using the table format below, please fill in each Appendix I species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above, for which your country is considered to be a Range State. Please complete each table as appropriate, providing information in summary form. Where appropriate, please cross-reference to information already provided in national reports that have been submitted under other conventions (e.g. Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar Convention, CITES). (Attach annexes as necessary.)

Spec	<i>pecies name</i> – Common Name(s)			
1	Please provide published distribution reference:			
2a	Summarise information on population size (if know	n):		
	increasing \Box decreasing \Box stable \Box	not known 🗌	unclear	
2b	Summarise information on distribution (if known):			
	increasing \Box decreasing \Box stable \Box	not known 🗆	unclear	
3	Indicate (with an 'X') and briefly describe any active reporting period. (Please provide the title of the pro-			
	Research			
	Identification and establishment of protected areas			
	Monitoring			
	Education / awareness raising			
	Species protection			
	Control hunting / poaching			
	Species restoration			
	Habitat protection			
	Habitat restoration			
	Other			
4	If no activities have been carried out for this species being taken?	in the reporting	period, what has prevented such actions from	
5	Describe any future activities that have been planne	d for this species	:	

Miscellaneous information or comments on Appendix I species belonging to other taxa in general bats in general:

7 LISTING OF OTHER ENDANGERED MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX I

1	Is your country a Range State for any other endangered migratory species ¹ Yes No not currently listed in Appendix I?
	If Yes, please provide details:some of the species include (Anas sparsa(African Back Duck), Anas erythrorhyncha (Red-Billed Duck), Anas undulate, (Yellow-Billed Duck) Rynchops flavirostris (African Skimmer) Accipiter tachiro (African Goshawk)N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose listing any of these species?
	If Yes, please provide details:
1b	What assistance/measures, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of these species?

¹ according to the latest IUCN red data list

III. Appendix II Species

1. INFORMATION ON APPENDIX II SPECIES

Information pertaining to the conservation of Appendix II species that are the object of CMS Agreements will have been provided in periodic Party reports to those instruments. It will suffice therefore to reference (below), and preferably append, a copy of the latest report that has been submitted to the Secretariat of each of the Agreements/MoUs to which your country is a Party.

WADDEN SEA SEALS (1991)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
SIBERIAN CRANE MoU (1993/1999)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
EUROBATS (1994)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
ASCOBANS (1994)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW MoU (19	994)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
MARINE TURTLES – AFRICA MoU (1	999)	
Date of last report: 2008	Period covered: 2005-2008	
AEWA (1999)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
ACCOBAMS (2001)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
GREAT BUSTARD MoU (2001)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
MARINE TURTLES – INDIAN OCEAN	V / SOUTHEAST ASIA MoU (2001)	
Date of last report: 2006	Period covered: 2004-2006	
ALBATROSSES AND PETRELS (2001)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
BUKHARA DEER MoU (2002)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
AQUATIC WARBLER MoU (2003)		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
AFRICAN ELEPHANT MoU <mark>(</mark> 2005 <mark>)</mark>		
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
PACIFIC ISLANDS CETACEANS (200	6)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:	
MEDITERRANEAN MONK SEAL (200	(7)	
Date of last report:	Period covered:	

2. QUESTIONS ON CMS AGREEMENTS

2.1 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to birds

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bird species? If Yes, please provide details:
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require on initiating or participating in the instrument's development?
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for birds, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:

2.2 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to marine mammals

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine mammal species? If Yes, please provide details:
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine mammals, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details:

2.3 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to marine turtles

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any Xes No new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, what is the current state of development? agreement and MoU is completed
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II marine turtles? If Yes, please provide details: agreement and MoU is completed
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for marine turtles, including Yes No Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details: Kenya has developed and signed MoU on conservation and management of marine turtles of the Indian ocean and South East Asia

2.4 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to terrestrial mammals (other than bats)

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)?
	If Yes, what is the current state of development? Kenya is proposing the listing of African Wild dog with the aim of developing MOUs with range countries and implementation of the national strategy. The proposal is considering Target 4.4, which proposes to develop a framework to co-ordinate management and conservation of transboundary cheetah and wild dog populations within one to three years.
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development Xes No of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II terrestrial mammal species (other than bats)? If Yes, please provide details: Listing of the Cheetah
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development? Technical assistance and support
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for terrestrial mammals (other than bats), Xes No including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future? If Yes, please provide details: African Wild dog MoU and possibly the Cheetah MoU within the range states

2.5 Questions on the development of new CMS Agreements relating to bats

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	☐ Yes	🛛 No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of Appendix II bat species? If Yes, please provide details:	Yes	🛛 No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreemen Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate instrument's development?		
4	Is the development of any CMS Agreement for bats, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the future? If Yes, please provide details:	□ Yes	🛛 No

2.6 QUESTIONS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CMS AGREEMENTS RELATING TO OTHER TAXA

1	In the current reporting period, has your country initiated the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, to address the conservation needs of Appendix II species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5 above? If Yes, what is the current state of development?	Yes	No No
2	In the current reporting period, has your country participated in the development of any new CMS Agreements, including Memoranda of Understanding, which address the conservation needs of species belonging to taxa not included in sections 1-5above? If Yes, please provide details:	☐ Yes	🛛 No
3	If your country has initiated or is participating in the development of a new Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding, what assistance, if any, does your country require in order to initiate or participate in the instrument's development?		ſ

🗌 Yes

4 Is the development of any CMS Agreement for other taxa, including Memoranda of Understanding, planned by your country in the foreseeable future?If Yes, please provide details:

3. LISTING OF MIGRATORY SPECIES IN APPENDIX II

1	Is your country a Range State for any migratory species that has an unfavourable conservation status, but is <u>not</u> currently listed in Appendix II and could benefit from the conclusion of an Agreement for its conservation?
	If Yes, please provide details: (Anas sparsa(African Back Duck), Anas erythrorhyncha (Red-Billed Duck), Anas undulate,(Yellow-Billed Duck) Rynchops flavirostris (African Skimmer) Accipiter tachiro (African Goshawk)
	N.B.: States in which a species occurs as a vagrant (i.e. not "on its normal migration route") should not be treated as Range States. Please refer to Article 1 of the Convention for clarification.
1a	Is your country taking any steps to propose the listing of this/these species in Appendix II? \square Yes \square No
	If Yes, please provide details: discussions to develop proposals for listing have been initiated
1b	What assistance, if any, does your country require to initiate the listing of this/these species?

IV. National and Regional Priorities

1	What priority does your country assign to the conservation and, where applicable, sustainable use of migratory species in comparison to other biodiversity-related issues
2	Are migratory species and their habitats addressed by your country's national Yes No biodiversity strategy or action plan?
	If Yes, please indicate and briefly describe the extent to which it addresses the following issues:
	Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of migratory species Kenya has ratified most of the international agreements, treaties, conventions, and protocols that are considered to be in harmony with the country's plans for sustainable development. Migratory species are given special emphasis in the implementation of the treaties and agreements.
	Conservation, sustainable use and/or restoration of the habitats of migratory species, including protected areas Areas important for conservation in Kenya are also key areas for migratory species. Special emphasis is given to the highland and tropical forest areas, the riftvalley wetlands and the coastal strip that are critical for migratory species. Kenya has 63 protected areas; the protected area system covers a reasonable area important for migratory species.
	Actions to prevent, reduce or control factors that are endangering or are likely to further endanger migratory species (e.g. alien invasive species or by-catch) Kenya has identified specific alien species that may affect the migratory species. Kenya has established an invasive species monitoring and control programme coordinated by KWS and involves key stakeholders in conservation. Kenya has awareness programmes that ensure that by-catch is reduced significantly .It has advocated for the modification of fishing net to allow turtles to escape. During fishing and extensive turtle monitoring, a programme has been established supported by development partners
	Minimizing or eliminating barriers or obstacles to migration Effective environmental impact assessment programmes have been established supported by national environmental coordination act of 1999 that gives emphasis to fragile ecosystems and migratory corridors. These EIA programmes aim at minimising barriers to migration.
	Research and monitoring of migratory species Kenya has a number of monitoring programmes that support the monitoring of migratory species some include bi-annual water bird monitoring, turtle monitoring programmes (using satellite), aerial and ground wildlife counts. Research has been undertaken on the migratory species and their habitats some include research on the dugong, sea turtle, water bird migration in Rift valley and the wildebeest migration to mention a few.
	Transboundary co-operation Within the east African region Kenya has imitated Trans-boundary programmes geared towards enhancing the conservation of migratory species these include the wildebeest migration research programme bird ringing programme, elephant assessment programme and satellite turtle monitoring programmes.
3	Does the conservation of migratory species currently feature in any other national X Yes No or regional policies/plans (apart from CMS Agreements)
	If Yes, please provide details: AEWA, Lusaka Agreement, NEPAD, WIOMSA and the Nile Basin agreement, East African Community under the Lake basin commission
3a	Do these policies/plans cover the following areas (if Yes, please provide details):
	Yes No
	Exploitation of natural resources (e.g. fisheries, hunting, etc.)
	 Economic development Land-use planning
	 Land-use planning Pollution control
	Designation and development of protected areas
	 Development of ecological networks
	Planning of power lines

		Planning of fences
		Planning of dams
		Other environmental management strategies and invasive species
4	Results	s – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

V. Protected Areas

1	Are migratory species taken into account in the selection, establishment and Yes No management of protected areas in your country? If Yes, please provide details: Protected area system has identified the migratory and dispersal areas of species conservation efforts outside protected areas are aimed at maintaining these routes and ensuring that that species migration processes area sustained. The protected area planning process considers an ecosystem approach that integrates the protected areas and the processes that support the species within the protected area.
1a	Please identify the most important national sites for migratory species and their protection status:
1b	Do these protected areas cover the following areas? (If Yes, please provide details and include the amount of protected areas coverage and the number of protected areas): Yes No Image: Comparison of the protected areas covering 46,898 sq kilometres Image: Comparison of the protected areas covering 46,898 sq kilometres Image: Comparison of the protected areas covering 140 sq kilometres
1c	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country: Kenya Wildlife Service
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VI. Policies on Satellite Telemetry

1	In the current reporting period, has your country undertaken conservation/research projects that use satellite telemetry? In preparation On-going completed
2	Are any future conservation/research projects planned that will use Image: Yes Image: No Satellite telemetry? If Yes, please provide details (including the expected timeframe for these projects): 2008 december If No, please explain any impediments or requirements in this regard: Image: Head State St
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VII. Membership

1	Have actions been taken by your country to encourage non-Parties to join CMS and its related Agreements?
	If Yes, please provide details. (In particular, describe actions taken to recruit the non-Parties that have been identified by the Standing Committee as high priorities for recruitment.)
1a	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
	Kenya Wildlife Service
2	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

VIII. Global and National Importance of CMS

1	 Have actions been taken by your country to increase national, regional Yes No and/or global awareness of the relevance of CMS and its global importance in the context of biodiversity conservation? If Yes, please provide details: When Kenya hosted the last COP it created awareness in the country and the region on CMS this awareness has been maintained by involving government and non governmental institutions in the conservation of migratory species and subsequent report on progress. Implementation of projects that focus on migratory species such as the turtle, grevy's zebra and the African wild dog
2	Identify the agency, department or organization responsible for leading on this action in your country:
3	Results – please describe the positive outcomes of any actions taken

IX. Mobilization of Resources

1	Has your country made financial resources available for conservation activities having Yes No direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities): Kenya has invented resource in the implementation of sea Turtle conservation in the protection of turtle nesting sites the removal of barriers at the beach, relocation of beech traders away from turtle nesting sites and the monitoring of turtle.
2	Has your country made voluntary contributions to the CMS Trust Fund to support Image: Yes Yes No requests from developing countries and countries with economies in transition? If Yes, please provide details: Kenya is a developing country and requires support in conservation of migratory species
3	Has your country made other voluntary financial contributions to support Conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in other countries (particularly developing countries)? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
4	Has your country provided technical and/or scientific assistance to Image: Yes Yes No developing countries to facilitate initiatives for the benefit of migratory species? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities): Image: Yes Image: Yes
5	Has your country received financial assistance/support from the CMS Trust Fund, via the CMS Secretariat, for national conservation activities having direct benefits for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities):
6	Has your country received financial assistance/support from sources other Xes No than the CMS Secretariat for conservation activities having direct benefit for migratory species in your country? If Yes, please provide details (Indicate the migratory species that have benefited from these activities): the US government has supported the conservation of sea turtle in the Kenyan coast and the programme runs from 2006 to 2010. The Grevy Zebra has also received support from local and international NGO the programme runs from 2007 -2009.

X. Implementation of COP Resolutions and Recommendations

Please provide information about measures undertaken by your country relating to recent Resolutions and Recommendations since the last Report. For your convenience please refer to the list of COP Resolutions and Recommendations listed below.

Resolutions

 $Resolution\ 6.2-By\mbox{-catch}, and\ Recommendation\ 7.2-Implementation\ of\ Resolution\ 6.2\ on\ By\mbox{-catch}$

In the year 2006 the year of the turtle Kenya initiated an expanded education and awareness amid at reducing by catch while encouraging ocean trawlers to have turtle exclusion devises on their nets. Significant fisher forks awareness has been achieved and fisher men report reduced by catch shipped into the shores.

Resolution 6.3 – Southern Hemisphere Albatross Conservation

Resolution 7.2 - Impact Assessment and Migratory Species

Under the environmental management Act of 1999 the government of Kenya has provided a requirement for impact assessment for all developments that may affect migratory species. Emphasis have been on maintenance of the migration corridors of birds and their habitats along the rift valley, the restoration of forest in the highlands especially the Mau forest which from the catchment of the Masai Mara river and rehabilitation of Mt. Kenya forest . At the coast the government has identified lead agencies dealing with the environment to over see the environmental protection and promotion of environmental management systems that reduce impacts on migratory species.

Resolution 7.3 – Oil Pollution and Migratory Species

Kenya has taken action on oil pollution by developing partnerships with other developed courtiers in the methodologies of reducing oil pollution. Kenya has developed and GIS data base on oil spill sensitivity that would guide clean up of spills. Coastal areas management programmes have been developed that guide mechanisms and strategies for reducing pollution. These are implemented by a number of agencies in the coastal area. Kenya has also established mechanism to implement the polluter pays principle and is in the process of claiming 1 million USD for the clean up of oil spill

Resolution 7.4 – Electrocution of Migratory Birds

Resolution 7.5 - Wind Turbines and Migratory Species

Kenya has maintained its coastal area free of turbines

Resolution 7.9 - Cooperation with Other Bodies and Processes

Resolution 7.15 – Future Action on the Antarctic Minke, Bryde's and Pygmy Right Whales under the Convention on Migratory Species

Kenya is a member of the International Whaling Commission (IWC) and is against commercial whaling. Kenya has not licensed any commercial whaling and is keen to maintain the whale population at the Kenyan coast.

Resolution 8.1 – Sustainable Use

Kenya advocates for the sustainable use of resources and dose not licence the use of migratory species and advocates to sustainable use of resource that migratory species depend on. The recreantly developed notional policies such as the fisheries policy, the water policy the environmental management and coordination act, the forest master plan and policy advocate for sustainable development. Kenya has incorporated sustainable development issues in the development of its policy. The draft wildlife policy and the land tenure policy before parliament and cabinet include sustainable use of those recourses

Resolution 8.2 - CMS Strategic Plan 2006-2010

Kenya has taken into consideration the CMS strategic plan and has incorporated targets on migratory species into its national work programme and institutional programmes that deal with environmental protection and wildlife management.

Resolution 8.5 - Implementation of Existing Agreements and Development of Future Agreements

Kenya is implementing the MoU on conservation and management of Marine Turtle of the Indian Ocean and South– East Asia. And effective Turtle conservation project has been initiated the awareness and the profile of the Marine turtle is high in Kenya, it has attracted a lot of national and international support. Kenya is also implementing the African elephant MoU. The Kenyan elephant population has grown steadily, with the support of other nations also managed to secure a 9 year monitorium on ivory trade. Kenya is proposing the listing of the African wild dog for listing in Appendix II and supporting the listing of the cheetah by the republic of Tanzania. These two steps are expected to enhance the conservation of the wild dog and the Cheetah. Kenya has developed the Cheetah and the African wild dog strategic plan and is currently under implementation.

Resolution 8.7 - Contribution of CMS in Achieving the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Kenya has put in place several strategies to significantly reduce biodiversity loss by 2010 at the policy level several legislations have been revised to address issue related to the loss of biodiversity these include the new wetland policy, the NEAP, the forest master plan and the new forest act, the environmental and the wildlife policy and the land policy drafts provide legal frameworks that lay emphasis on sustainable development with conservation directions that aims at reducing biodiversity loss. A number of strategies have been developed to effectively manage the species and their habitats that are threatened some of the strategies include the African wild dog and cheetah conservation and management strategy, the Lion and Hyena conservation strategy, the African elephant conservation strategy (under development) the Grevy's Zebra conservation strategy is under development. Regular monitoring programmes have been developed to identify problems that may lead to loss of biodiversity, these programmes shape the direction of interventions where priorities are laid on the most pressing and urgent biodiversity concern.

Resolution 8.9 - Review of GROMS (Global Register on Migratory Species)

Resolution 8.11 - Co-operation with other Conventions

Resolution 8.13 - Climate Change and Migratory Species

Resolution 8.14 - By-Catch

See resolution 6.2 and recommendation 7.2 above

Resolution 8.22 - Adverse Human Induced Impacts on Cetaceans

Resolution 8.24 - National Reports for the Eight and Ninth Meetings of the Conference of the Parties

Resolution 8.27 - Migratory Species and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

Resolution 8.29 - Concerted Actions for Appendix I Species

Recommendations

Recommendation 7.5 – Range State Agreement for Dugong (Dugong dugon) Conservation

Kenya has taken action on creating awareness on the conservation of the dugong mainly aimed discouraging hunting, reducing accidental drowning by fishing nets and reducing pollution especially in areas identified to have suitable habitats for the dugong.

Recommendation 7.6 – Improving the Conservation Status of the Leatherback Turtle (Dermochelys coriacea)

Recommendation 7.7 – America Pacific Flyway Programme

Recommendation 8.12 - Improving the conservation status of raptors and owls in the African Eurasian region

The conservation of owls and Raptors has been identified as one of the areas that require urgent attention by government institutions responsible for wildlife conservation. The two groups of species have been identified to need critical conservation intervention. Management structures are being develop to address their conservation.

Recommendation 8.16 - Migratory Sharks

Recommendation 8.17 - Marine Turtles

Kenya has a well established sea turtle conservation programme that aims at ensuring the survival of the species the activities undertaken include protection of identified important nesting areas, identification and implementing mechanism of protecting important foraging habitats, security patrols with the aim of eliminating poaching of eggs and adult nesting turtles, education and awareness to reduce capture by fishermen, strict enforcement of fisheries regulations, has established elaborate tagging programme among other activities.

Recommendation 8.23 - Central Eurasian and Aridland Mammals

Recommendation 8.26 - Grassland Bird Species and their Habitats in Southern South America

Recommendation 8.28 - Cooperative Actions for Appendix II Species

Other resolutions/recommendations:

Other remarks:

Annex: Updating Data on Appendix II Species

The tables below contain the list of all species listed in Appendix II.

New Parties which have acceded since COP8 in 2005 and Parties which did not submit a National Report in 2005 are requested to complete the entire form.

Parties that did submit a report in 2005 need only which information has changed (e.g. new published distribution references and details concerning species added to Appendix II at COP8).

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
	СЕ	ТАСЕА		
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Rhinolophus euryale</i> (only European populations)				
Rhinolophus mehelyi (only European populations)				
Rhinolophus blasii (only European populations)				
Myotis bechsteini (only European populations)				
Myotis blythi (only European populations)				
<i>Myotis brandtii</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Myotis capaccinii</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Myotis dasycneme</i> (only European populations)				
Myotis daubentoni (only European populations)				
<i>Myotis emarginatus</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Myotis myotis</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Myotis mystacinus</i> (only European populations)				
Myotis nattereri (only European populations)				
Pipistrellus kuhli (only European populations)				
Pipistrellus nathusii (only European populations)				
Pipistrellus pipistrellus (only European populations)				
Pipistrellus savii (only European populations)				
Nyctalus lasiopterus (only European populations)				
Nyctalus leisleri (only European populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference
Nyctalus noctula (only European populations)				
<i>Eptesicus nilssonii</i> (only European populations)				
<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i> (only European populations)				
Vespertilio murinus (only European populations)				
Barbastella barbastellus (only European populations)				
Plecotus auritus (only European populations)				
Plecotus austriacus (only European populations)				
Miniopterus schreibersii (only European populations)				
Tadarida teniotis				
Physeter macrocephalus				
Platanista gangetica gangetica				
Pontoporia blainvillei				
Inia geoffrensis				
Delphinapterus leucas				
Monodon monoceros				
Phocoena phocoena (North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Phocoena phocoena (western North Atlantic population)				
Phocoena phocoena (Black Sea population)				
Neophocaena phocaenoides				
Phocoenoides dalli				
Phocoena spinipinnis				
Phocoena dioptrica				
Sousa chinensis				
Sousa teuszii				
Sotalia fluviatilis				
<i>Lagenorhynchus albirostris</i> (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
<i>Lagenorhynchus acutus</i> (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
Lagenorhynchus australis				
Lagenorhynchus obscurus				
<i>Grampus griseus</i> (only North and Baltic Sea populations)				
<i>Tursiops aduncus</i> (Arafura/Timor Sea populations)				
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i> (North and Baltic Sea populations)				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
Tursiops truncatus (western Mediterranean population)						
Tursiops truncatus (Black Sea population)						
Stenella attenuata (eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella attenuata (Southeast Asian populations)						
Stenella longirostris (eastern tropical Pacific populations)						
Stenella longirostris (Southeast Asian populations)						
Stenella coeruleoalba (eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Stenella coeruleoalba (western Mediterranean population)						
Delphinus delphis (North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Delphinus delphis (western Mediterranean population)						
Delphinus delphis (Black Sea population)						
Delphinus delphis (eastern tropical Pacific population)						
Lagenodelphis hosei (Southeast Asian populations)						
Orcaella brevirostris						
<i>Cephalorhynchus commersonii</i> (South American population)						
Cephalorhynchus eutropia						
Cephalorhynchus heavisidii						
Orcinus orca						
<i>Globicephala melas</i> (only North and Baltic Sea populations)						
Berardius bairdii						
Hyperoodon ampullatus						
Balaenoptera bonaerensis						
Balaenoptera edeni						
Balaenoptera borealis						
Balaenoptera physalus						
Caperea marginata						
Arctocephalus australis		NIVORA				
Otaria flavescens						
Phoca vitulina						
(only Baltic and Wadden Sea populations)						
Halichoerus grypus (only Baltic Sea populations)						
Monachus monachus	<u> </u>					
PROBOSCIDEA						

Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
State	National level	information available	reference
SI	RENIA		
PERISS			
ARTIO	DACTYLA		
GAVI	FORMES		
PODICIP	EDIEODMES		
PELECA	NIFORMES		
\square			
			Zimmerman D. A.,
			D.A. turner and D.J Pearson 1999. Birds of Kenya and northern Tanzania
			1999. Birds of Kenya and
	State State	StateNational levelIISIRENIAII<	StateNational levelinformation availableII <trt< td=""></trt<>

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
Species	State	National	information	reference
	State	level	available	
Ardea purpurea purpurea				IBA Directory of
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				Kenya Birds, Northern
				Bird Atlas of Kenya
Mycteria ibis	\square			IBA Directory of
				Kenya Birds, Northern Bird Atlas of Kenya
Ciconia nigra				IBA Directory of
Ciconia nigra				Kenya Birds, Northern
				Bird Atlas of Kenya
Ciconia episcopus microscelis				IBA Directory of
				Kenya Birds, Northern
Circuita di cata				Bird Atlas of Kenya
Ciconia ciconia				
Plegadis falcinellus				
Geronticus eremita				
Threskiornis aethiopicus aethiopicus				
Platalea alba (excluding Malagasy population)				
Platalea leucorodia				
Phoenicopterus ruber				
Phoenicopterus minor				
	ANSER	IFORMES		
Dendrocygna bicolor				
Dendrocygna viduata				
Thalassornis leuconotus				
Oxyura leucocephala				
Cygnus olor				
Cygnus cygnus				
Cygnus columbianus				
Anser brachyrhynchus				
Anser fabalis				
Anser albifrons				
Anser erythropus				
Anser anser				
Branta leucopsis				
Branta bernicla				
Branta ruficollis				
Alopochen aegyptiacus	\boxtimes			
Tadorna ferruginea				
Tadorna cana				
Tadorna tadorna				
Plectropterus gambensis				
Sarkidiornis melanotos	\boxtimes			
Nettapus auritus				
Anas penelope	\square			
Anas strepera	\boxtimes			
Anas crecca	\boxtimes			
Anas capensis	\boxtimes			
Anas platyrhynchos	\boxtimes			
Anas undulata	\boxtimes			
Anas acuta				
Anas erythrorhyncha	\boxtimes			
	I —	I —		1

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
Species	State	National	information	reference
	2.000	level	available	
Anas hottentota				
Anas querquedula	\boxtimes			
Anas clypeata	\boxtimes			
Marmaronetta angustirostris				
Netta rufina				
Netta erythrophthalma				
Aythya ferina	\boxtimes			
Aythya nyroca				
Aythya fuligula				
Aythya marila				
Somateria mollissima				
Somateria spectabilis				
Polysticta stelleri				
Clangula hyemalis				
Melanitta nigra				
Melanitta fusca				
Bucephala clangula				
Mergellus albellus				
Mergus serrator				
Mergus merganser		NIFORMES		
Pandion haliaetus				
1 unation naturetus				
		IFORMES		[
Coturnix coturnix coturnix				
	SPHENIS	SCIFORMES		
Spheniscus demersus				
	PROCELL	ARIIFORMES		
Diomedea exulans				
Diomedea epomophora				
Diomedea irrorata				
Diomedea nigripes				
Diomedea immutabilis				
Diomedea melanophris				T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
Diomedea bulleri				
Diomedea cauta				
Diomedea chlororhynchos				
Diomedea chrysostoma				
Phoebetria fusca				
Phoebetria palpebrata				
Macronectes giganteus				
Macronectes halli				
Procellaria cinerea				
Procellaria aequinoctialis				
Procellaria aequinoctialis conspicillata				T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
Procellaria parkinsoni				
Procellaria westlandica				

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
-	State	National	information	reference
		level	available	
	GRUI	FORMES		
Porzana porzana				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Porzana parva parva				
Porzana pusilla intermedia				
Fulica atra atra				
(Mediterranean and Black Sea populations)				
Aenigmatolimnas marginalis				
Sarothrura boehmi				
Sarothrura ayresi				
Crex crex				
Grus leucogeranus				
Grus virgo (Syn. Anthropoides virgo)				
Grus paradisea				
Grus carunculatus				
Grus grus				
Chlamydotis undulata				
(only Asian populations)				
Otis tarda				
		RIIFORMES		
Himantopus himantopus				
Recurvirostra avosetta				
Dromas ardeola				
Burhinus oedicnemus				
Glareola pratincola				
Glareola nordmanni				
Pluvialis apricaria				
Pluvialis squatarola				
Charadrius hiaticula				
Charadrius dubius				
Charadrius pecuarius				
Charadrius tricollaris				
Charadrius forbesi				
Charadrius pallidus				
Charadrius alexandrinus				
Charadrius marginatus				
Charadrius mongulus				
Charadrius leschenaultii				
Charadrius asiaticus				
Eudromias morinellus	\boxtimes			
Vanellus vanellus				
Vanellus spinosus	\square			
Vanellus albiceps				
Vanellus senegallus				
Vanellus lugubris	\square			
Vanellus melanopterus				
Vanellus coronatus	X			
Vanellus superciliosus				
Vanellus gregarius (Syn Chettusia				
gregaria) Vanellus leucurus				
vunettus teucutus				

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
-	State	National	information	reference
		level	available	
Gallinago media				
Gallinago gallinago	\square			
Lymnocryptes minimus				
Limosa limosa	\square			
Limosa lapponica	\square			
Numenius phaeopus				
Numenius tenuirostris				
Numenius arquata				
Tringa erythropus	\square			
Tringa totanus	\square			
Tringa stagnatilis	\square			
Tringa nebularia	\square			
Tringa ochropus				
Tringa glareola				
Tringa cinerea				
Tringa hypoleucos				
Arenaria interpres				
Calidris tenuirostris				
Calidris canutus				
Calidris alba				
Calidris minuta	\square			
Calidris temminckii	\boxtimes			
Calidris maritima				
Calidris alpina				
Calidris ferruginea				
Limicola falcinellus				
Philomachus pugnax	\boxtimes			
Phalaropus lobatus				
Phalaropus fulicaria				
Larus hemprichii	\square			
Larus leucophthalmus				
Larus ichthyaetus				
(West Eurasian and African population)				
Larus melanocephalus	\boxtimes			
Larus genei				
Larus audouinii				
Larus armenicus				
Sterna nilotica nilotica	\boxtimes			
(West Eurasian and African populations)				
Sterna caspia	\boxtimes			
(West Eurasian and African populations)	\square			
Sterna maxima albidorsalis	\boxtimes			
Sterna bergii (African and Southwest Asian populations)				
Sterna bengalensis				
(African and Southwest Asian populations)				
Sterna sandvicensis sandvicensis	\boxtimes			
Sterna dougallii				
(Atlantic population)				
Sterna hirundo hirundo				
(populations breeding in the Western Palearctic)				
Sterna paradisaea				

Species	Range	Extinct at	No	Published distribution
Species	State	National	information	reference
	State	level	available	Tererenee
(Atlantic populations)				
Sterna albifrons	\boxtimes			
Sterna saundersi	\boxtimes			
Sterna balaenarum				
Sterna repressa				
Chlidonias niger niger	\square			
Chlidonias leucopterus	\square			
(West Eurasian and African population)				
		BIFORMES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Streptopelia turtur turtur	\boxtimes			
	CORAC	IIFORMES		
Merops apiaster	\square			
Coracias garrulus				
	PSITTA	CIFORMES		
Amazona tucumana				
	DASSEI	RIFORMES		
Hirundo atrocaerulea				
Pseudocolopteryx dinellianus				
Polystictus pectoralis pectoralis				
Sporophila ruficollis				
Acrocephalus paludicola				
		UDINATA		
Chelonia depressa				
Chelonia mydas				
Caretta caretta				
Eretmochelys imbricata				
Lepidochelys kempii				
Lepidochelys olivacea				
Dermochelys coriacea				
Podocnemis expansa				
		CODYLIA		
Crocodylus porosus				
	ACIPENS	ERIFORMES	<u></u>	
Huso huso				
Huso dauricus				
Acipenser baerii baicalensis				
Acipenser fulvescens				
Acipenser gueldenstaedtii				
Acipenser medirostris				
Acipenser mikadoi				
Acipenser naccarii				
Acipenser nudiventris				
Acipenser persicus				
Acipenser ruthenus				
(Danube population)				
Acipenser schrenckii				
Acipenser sinensis				
Acipenser stellatus				
Acipenser sturio				
Pseudoscaphirhynchus kaufmanni				

Species	Range State	Extinct at National level	No information available	Published distribution reference		
Pseudoscaphirhynchus hermanni						
Pseudoscaphirhynchus fedtschenkoi						
Psephurus gladius						
	ORECTOL	OBIFORMES				
Rhincodon typus						
	LAMNIFORMES					
Carcharodon carcharias						
LEPIDOPTERA						
Danaus plexippus						

All species of each of the Families below are listed in Appendix II. If your country is a Range State for any of the species in these Families, please enter the species name in the first column, under the relevant Family heading. Please indicate (with a 'X') whether your country is a Range State or the species is extinct and, where appropriate, please provide published distribution references. (Space is provided for ten species in each Family. If additional lines are required, please attach the information as an annex).

Species	Range State	Extinct	Published distribution reference
	Order FALCON	FORMES, Fami	ly Cathartidae
Stercorarius parasiticus	Range State	Extinct	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
Catharacta antacrctica	Range State	Extinct	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
Stercorarius longicaudus	Range State	Extinct	
	Order FALCON	FORMES, Famil	ly Accipitridae
Accipiter nisus	RangeState	Extinct	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
Accipiter brevipes	Range State	Extinct	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
	Range State	Extinct	
	Order FALCON	IFORMES, Fami	ily Falconidae
Falco vespertinus	Range State	Extinct	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
Falco cherrug	Range State	Extinct	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
	Range State	Extinct	
	Order PASSERIF	ORMES, Family	/ Muscicapidae

Muscicapa striata	Range State	Extinct 🗌	T. Stevenson and J. Fanshawe 2006 Birds of E. Africa
	Range State	Extinct	
	Range State	Extinct	