









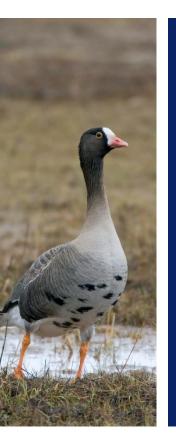
Meeting of the Range States of the Central Asian Flyway

2-4 May 2023, New Delhi, India







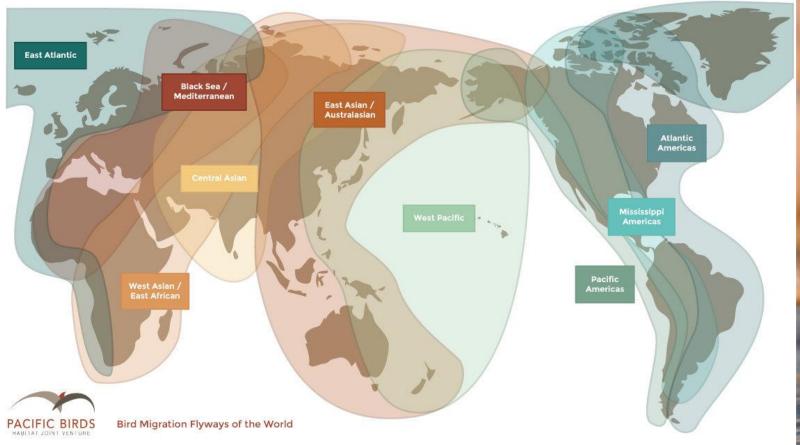


The African-Eurasian waterbird conservation Agreement - AEWA

Dr Jacques Trouvilliez – UNEP/AEWA Executive Secretary



AEWA and CAF among the 9 major flyways : an overlap



As stated in the Agreement, the AEWA scope concerns 3 major flyways (East Atlantic + Black Sea/Mediterranean + West Africa/East Africa)





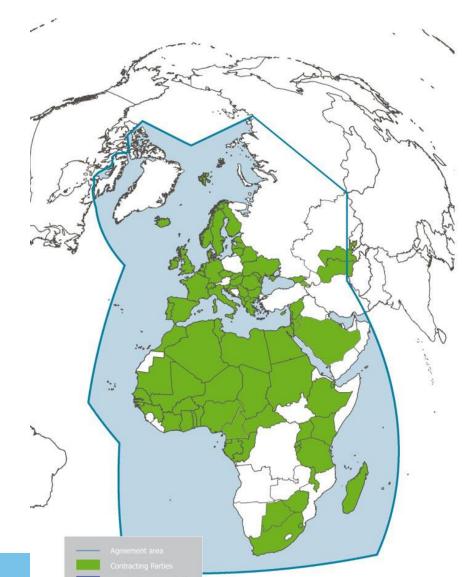
The AEWA Agreement

Aim of AEWA: To create a legal basis for concerted conservation and management policy by the Range States for migratory waterbird species.

Concluded on 16 June 1995 in the Hague, NL, entered into force on 1 November 1999

119 Range States – 85 Parties as of 1 July 2023

255 waterbird species belonging to **28 families** and represented by **554 populations**



Three main bodies

Meeting of the Parties (MOP): Governing body of AEWA, every 3 years



Standing Committee (StC):

Steers operations between sessions of the MOPs





Implementation tools

- AEWA Action Plan and Strategic Plan (2019-2027);
- African Initiative (2019-2027)
- Conservation guidelines (14) (Adaption to Climate Change, Sustainable Harvest of & Regulation of Trade in Migratory Waterbirds, Avoidance of Introductions of non-native Waterbird Species etc.)

• 30 International Single **Species Management & Action Plans** as well as Species Working Groups;





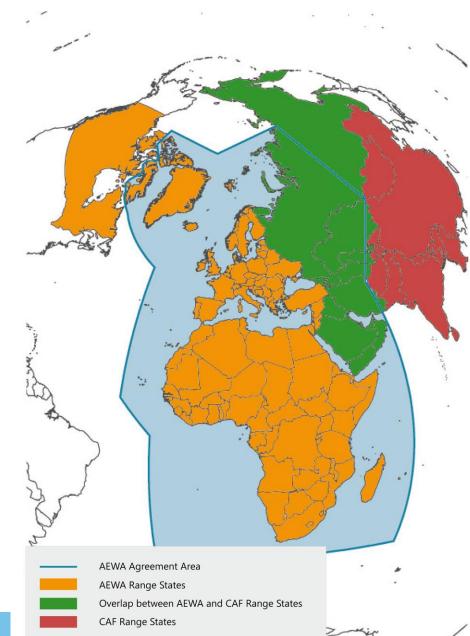


- Implementation Review Process (IRP)
- A Global Campaign: World Migratory Bird Day



Geographical areas for AEWA and CAF share 17 Range States. How to collaborate?

- Some species are using the two flyways, even some populations which face same pressures. So, some individual species actions plans can be developed together.
- AEWA has 24 years of implementation/experience, a wide network of scientists, UICN, CIC, Wetlands International. These experience and collaborations can be shared with CAF
- Recommendation from the AEWA Parties:
 whatever the format adopted to develop the CAF
 Action plan, the two instruments are not competing.
 In particular, being a Party to AEWA or a member
 of the CAF should not prevent the relevant Range
 States to join the two instruments.







For more information please visit: www.unep-aewa.org





