



**Vulture Multi-species Action Plan  
European Regional Workshop**



## BEARDED VULTURE

(*GYPAETUS BARBATUS*)

## CINEREOUS (BLACK) VULTURE

(*AEGYPIUS MONACHUS*)

## EGYPTIAN VULTURE

(*NEOPHRON PERCNOPTERUS*)

## GRIFFON VULTURE

(*GYPUS FULVUS*)

**Four Vulture Species' Distribution Range, Trend,  
Threats and Conservation (questionnaire results)**

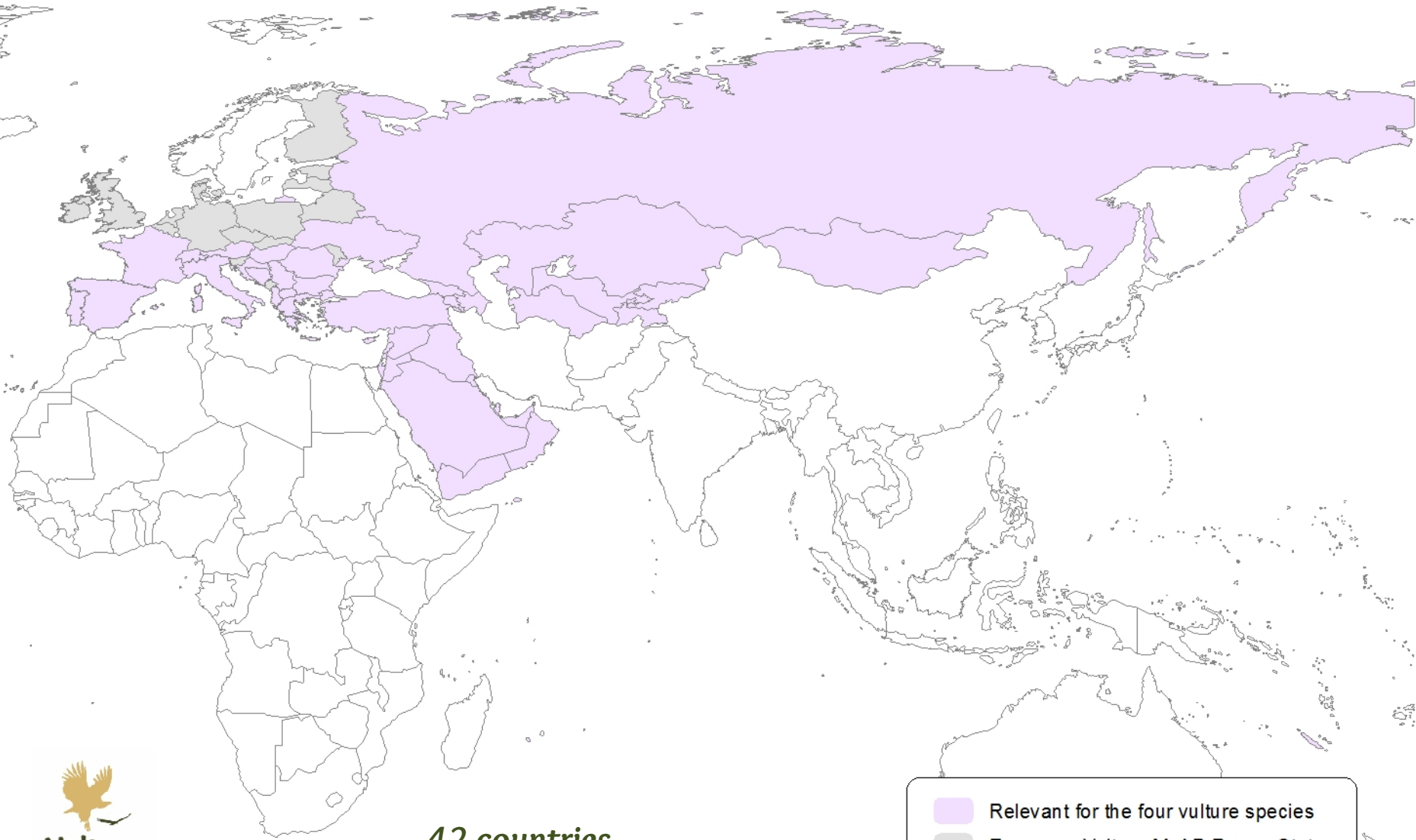
**Vulture Multi-species Action Plan**

# European Vulture MsAP range states



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# European Vulture MsAP Range States

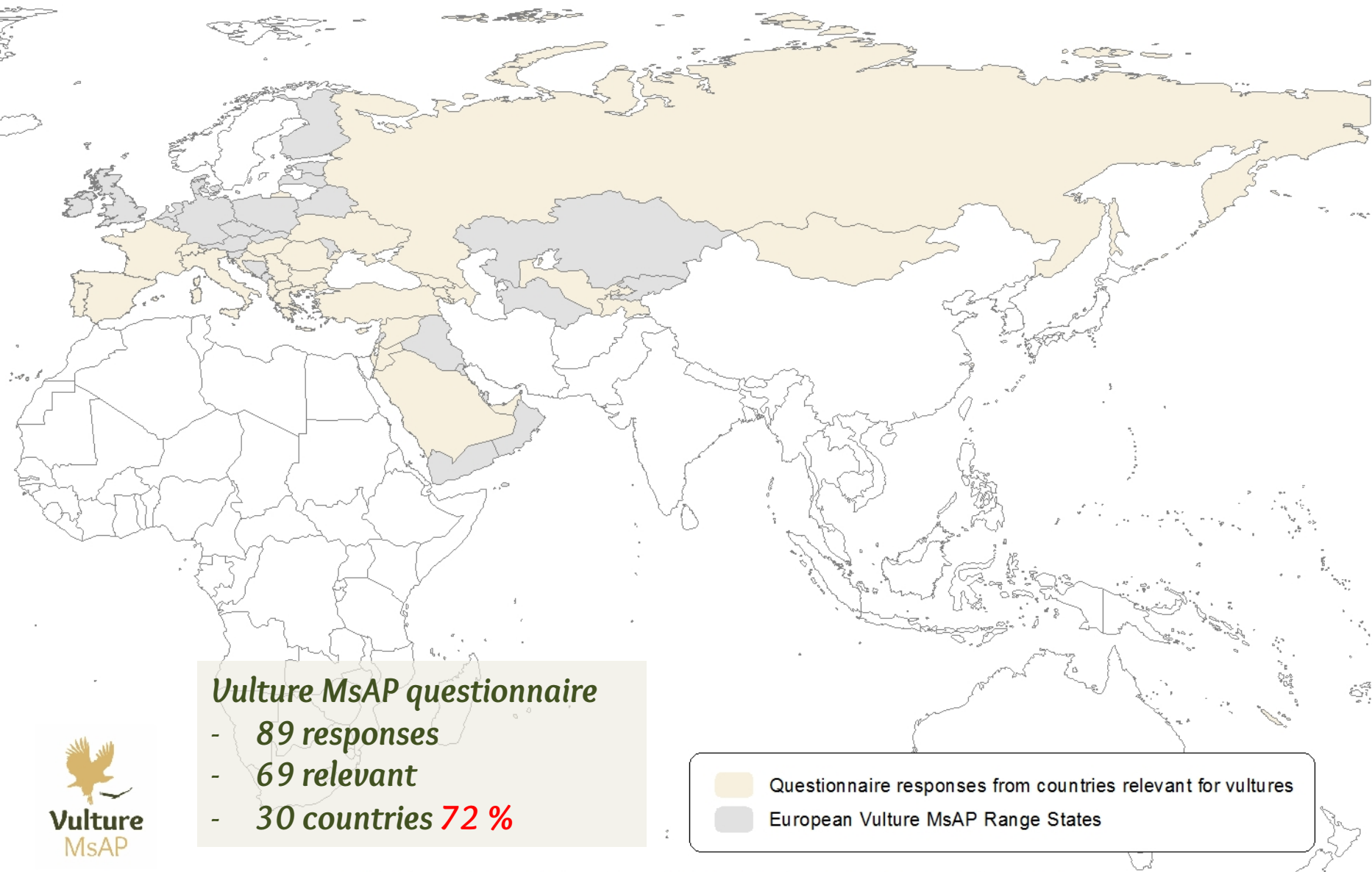


**42 countries**

- Relevant for the four vulture species
- European Vulture MsAP Range States

Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# European Vulture MsAP Range States



**Vulture MsAP questionnaire**

- 89 responses
- 69 relevant
- 30 countries **72 %**



Legend:

- Questionnaire responses from countries relevant for vultures
- European Vulture MsAP Range States

Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world. BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# STATUS AND BREEDING POPULATION ESTIMATES



## BEARDED VULTURE (*GYPAETUS BARBATUS*)

Country	Status	Breeding pairs	Q	Year(s) of estimate	Breeding Population trend in the last 10 years	Q
Albania	extinct					
Andorra	breeding	1	G	2016	stable	G
Armenia	breeding	8-10	M	2007-2009	stable	M
Austria	breeding	3	G	2015	small increase	G
Azerbaijan	breeding	20-100	P	2000-2016	stable	P
Bosnia and Herzegovina	extinct					
Bulgaria	extinct	0	G	2016		
France	breeding	59-61	G	2016	small increase / large increase	G
Georgia	breeding	20-25	M	2001-2012	small increase	M
Greece	breeding	6	G	2016	moderate increase	G
Iraq	breeding	20	M	2013		
Israel	extinct		G	2016		
Italy	breeding	12	G	2016	large increase	G
Jordan	extinct		M	1995		
Mongolia	breeding	500-1000	P	2016	small increase	P
Portugal	extinct		G	2005		
Romania	extinct					
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	breeding	181-237	G	2008	moderate increase	G
Russian Federation (Altai-Sayan)	breeding	55-75	G	2016	stable	G
Saudi Arabia	extinct		M	2010		
Serbia	extinct		G	2016		
Spain	breeding	134/170	G/M	2015	moderate increase /small increase/large decline	G/M
Switzerland	breeding	14	G	2016	large increase	G
Syrian Arab Republic	extinct		M	2008		
Tajikistan	breeding	100s	P			P
The FYR of Macedonia	extinct		G	2015		
Turkey	breeding	45	M	2013	decline	M
Turkmenistan	breeding					
Uzbekistan	breeding	50-70	M	2009	stable	P
Yemen	breeding					

STABLE / INCREASING

30 COUNTRIES  
19 BREEDING  
11 EXTINCT

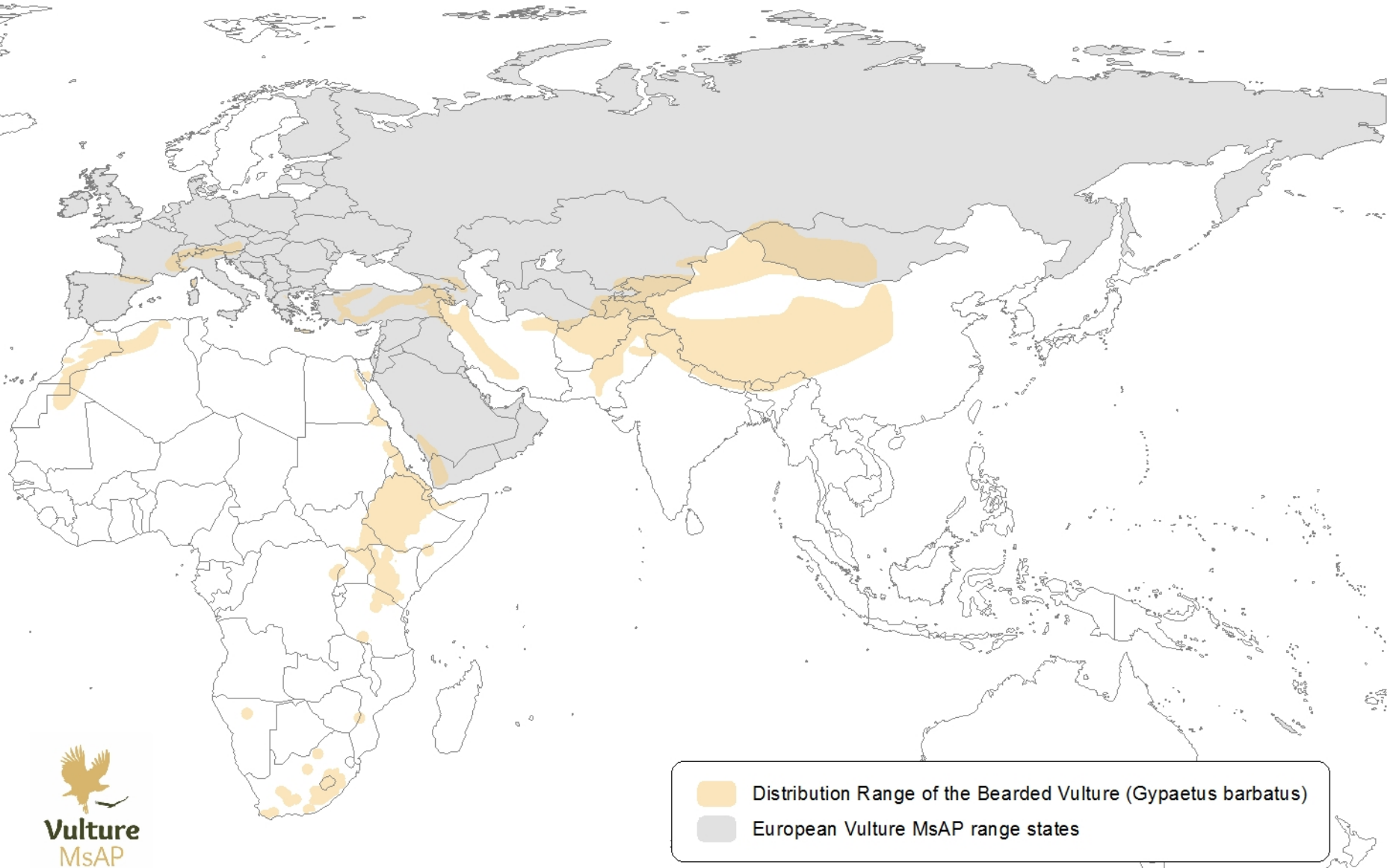
1 108 - 1 793 BREEDING PAIRS

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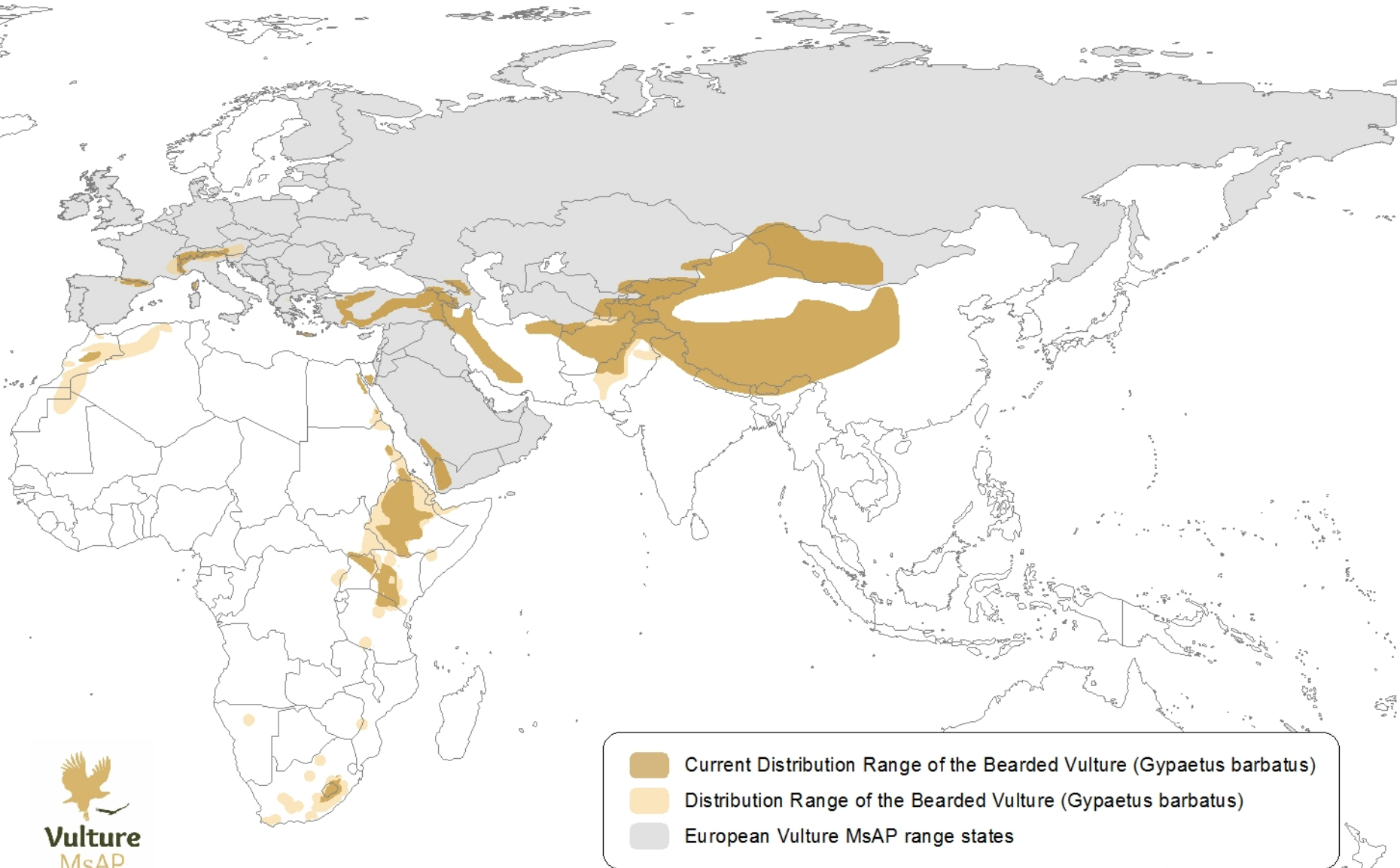
\* BirdLife International (2016) IUCN Red List for birds

# Global Distribution Range of the Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

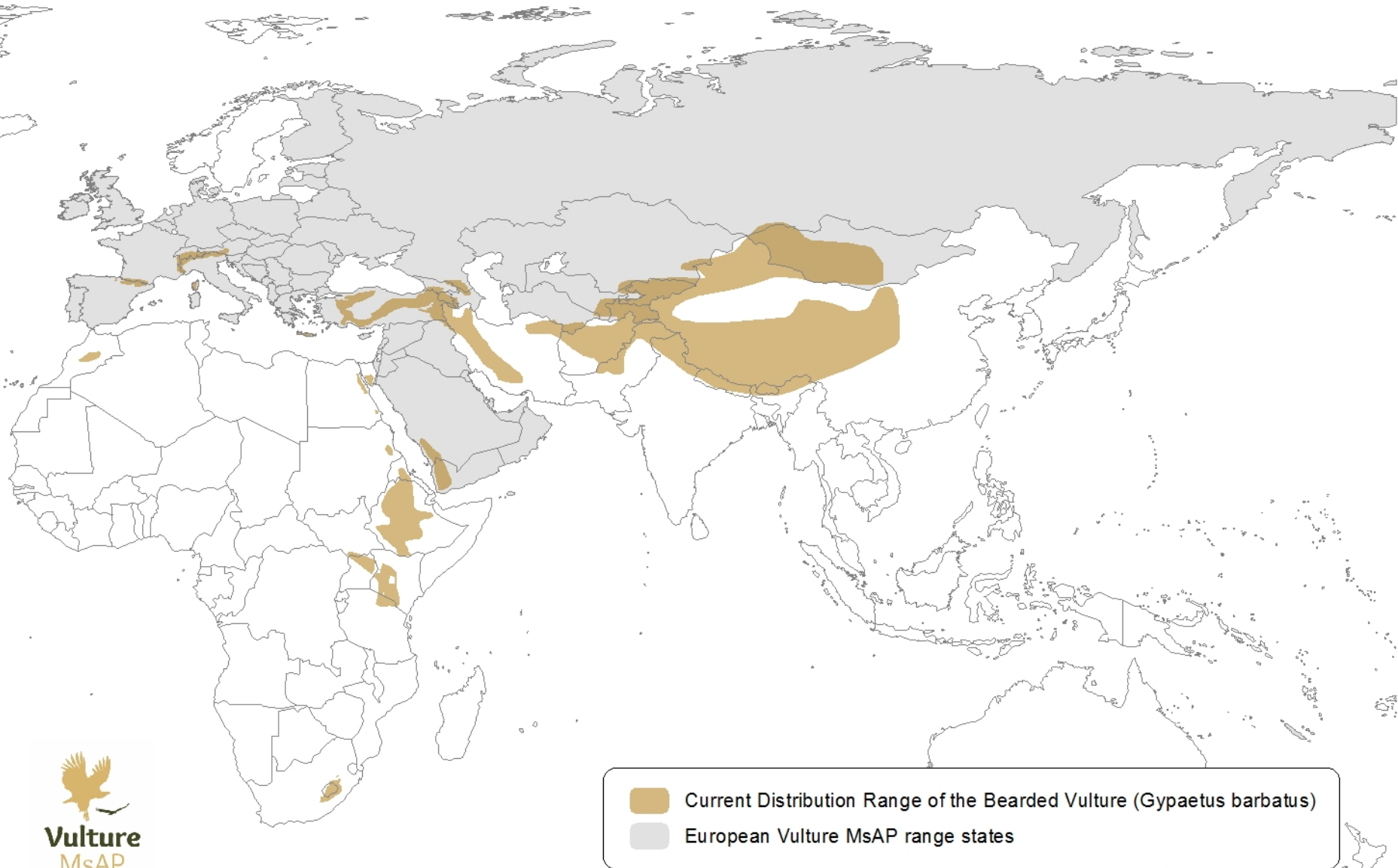
# Global Distribution Range of the Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
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# Global Distribution Range of the Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# STATUS AND BREEDING POPULATION ESTIMATES



## CINEREOUS (BLACK) VULTURE (*AEGYPIUS MONACHUS*)

Country	Status	Breeding pairs	Q	Year(s) of estimate	Breeding Population trend in the last 10 years	Q
Albania	extinct					
Armenia	breeding	50	M	2007-2009	stable	M
Azerbaijan	breeding	20-100	M	2000-2016	stable	M
Bosnia and Herzegovina	extinct					
Bulgaria	extinct	0-1	M	2016	stable	M
Croatia	extinct					
Cyprus	extinct		G			
France	breeding	30	G	2016	small increase	G
Georgia	breeding	10-25	G	1995-2016	stable	G
Greece	breeding	21-35	G	2006-2015	stable	G
Hungary	extinct					
Israel	extinct		G	2016		
Italy	extinct		G	2016		
Jordan	extinct		P			
Kazakhstan						
Kyrgyzstan						
Mongolia	breeding	5000-7000	P	2016	small decline	P
Portugal	breeding	18	G	2016	large increase	G
Romania	extinct					
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	breeding	63-102	M	2004	small decline	M
Russian Federation (Altai-Sayan)	breeding	71-96	G	2009	moderate increase	G
Saudi Arabia	non breeding			2003	wintering	
Serbia	extinct		M	2016		
Spain	breeding	2000/2086	G	2015/2012	moderate increase	G
Tajikistan	breeding	10-100	P			
The FYR of Macedonia	extinct		G	2015		
Turkey	breeding	35/50-200/50-100	M/P	2013/2005	decline	M/P
Turkmenistan	breeding					
Uzbekistan	breeding	80-120	M	2005	small decline	P
Yemen	breeding					

STABLE / INCREASING

30 COUNTRIES

14 BREEDING

12 EXTINCT

EUROSAP



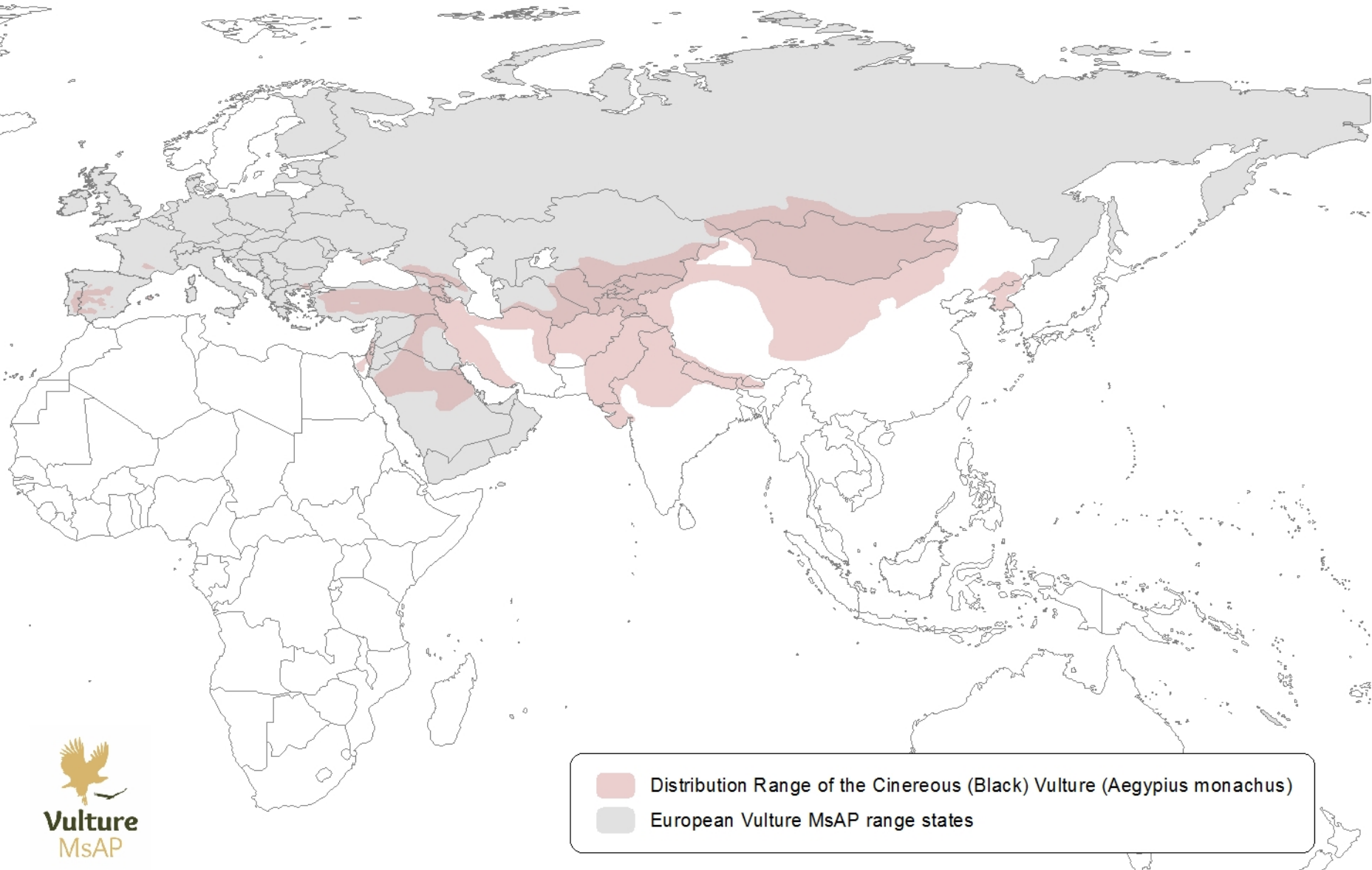
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7 524 – 9 882 BREEDING PAIRS

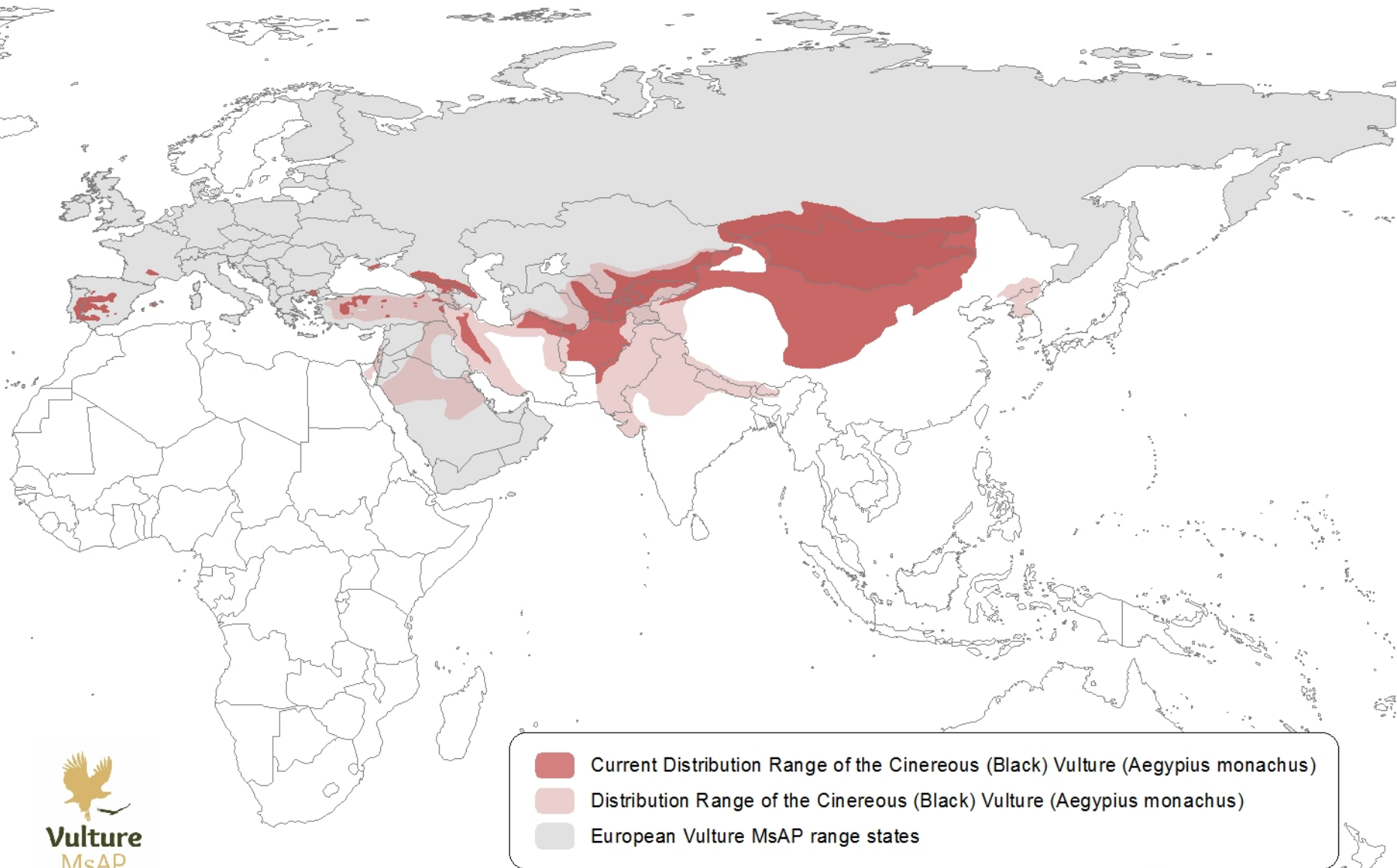
\* BirdLife International (2016) IUCN Red List for birds

# Global Distribution Range of the Cinereous (Black) Vulture (*Aegypius monachus*)



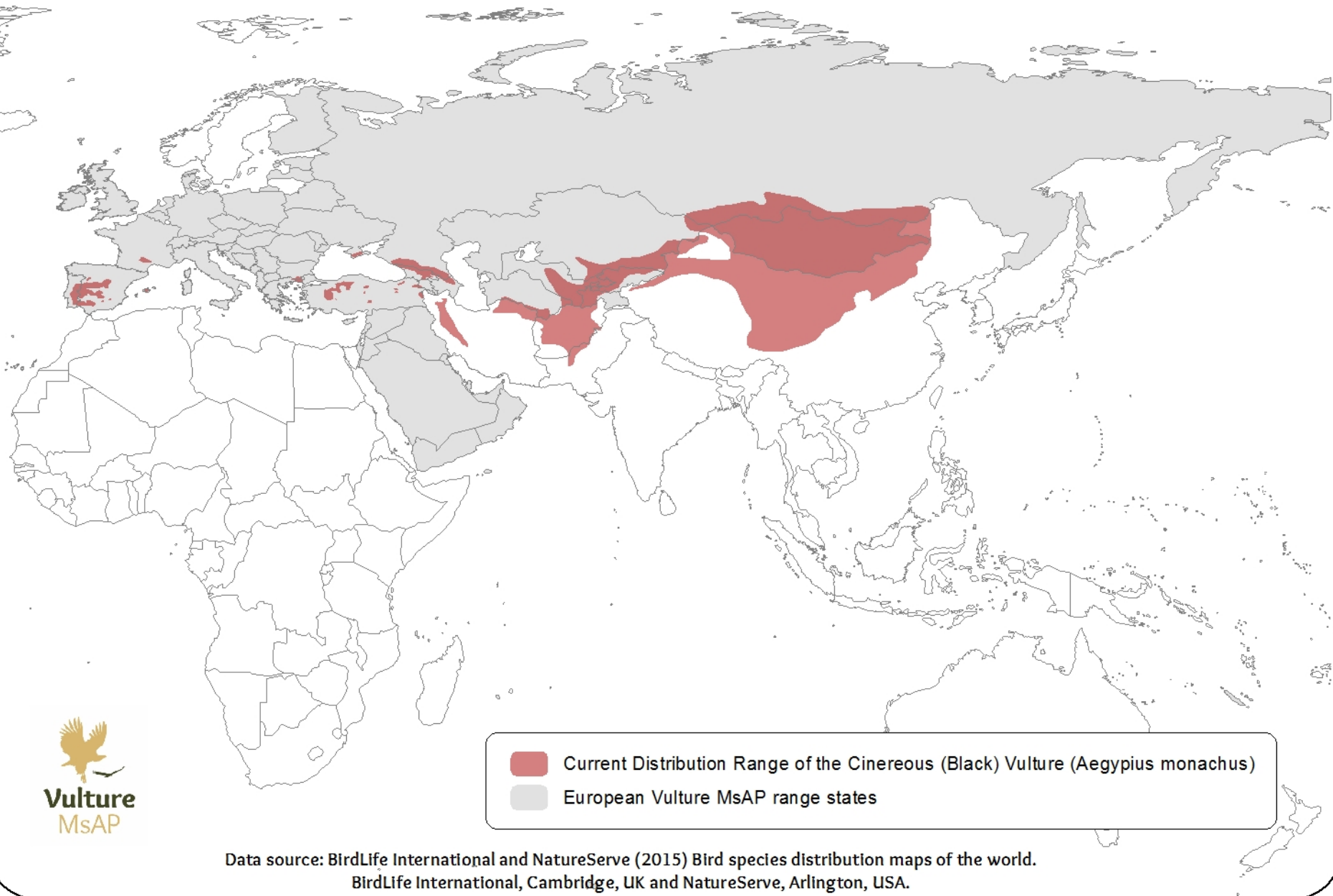
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Global Distribution Range of the Cinereous (Black) Vulture (Aegypius monachus)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Global Distribution Range of the Cinereous (Black) Vulture (*Aegypius monachus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# STATUS AND BREEDING POPULATION ESTIMATES

## EGYPTIAN VULTURE (*NEOPHRON PERCNOPTERUS*)

Country	Status	Breeding pairs	Q	Year(s) of estimate	Breeding Population trend in the last 10 years	Q
Albania	breeding	6-8	G	2016	large decline	G
Armenia	breeding	40-60	M	2007-2010	stable	M
Azerbaijan	breeding	80-250	G	2000-2016	small decline	P
Bahrain						
Bosnia and Herzegovina	extinct					
Bulgaria	breeding	27	G	2015	large decline	G
Croatia	extinct					
France	breeding	70-80	M	2015	stable	G
Georgia	breeding	100-140	M	1980-2016	decline	M
Greece	breeding	5	G	2016	large decline	G
Hungary	extinct					
Iraq						
Israel	breeding	50-55	G	2016	stable	G
Italy	breeding	8	G	2015	decline	G
Jordan	possibly breeding		P			
Kazakhstan						
Kyrgyzstan						
Lebanon						
Oman						
Portugal	breeding	110-130	M	2012	large decline	M
Qatar						
Romania	breeding	1-2	M	2005-2016		
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	breeding	88-121	G	2005	stable	G
Saudi Arabia	breeding	X	M	2012	large decline	M
Serbia	extinct		M	2016		
Spain	breeding	1452-1556	M/G	2008/2015	stable/decline	M/G
Syrian Arab Republic	breeding	25	M	2011		
Tajikistan	breeding	50-500	P			
The FYR of Macedonia	breeding	23	G	2015	large decline	G
Turkey	breeding	375	G	2013	decline	G
Turkmenistan	breeding					
United Arab Emirates	possibly breeding	2-5	M	2015		
Uzbekistan	breeding	135-140	G	2011	decline	G
Yemen	breeding					

**DECLINE**



**36 COUNTRIES**

**22 BREEDING**

**1 POSSIBLY B**

**4 EXTINCT**

**EUROSAP**



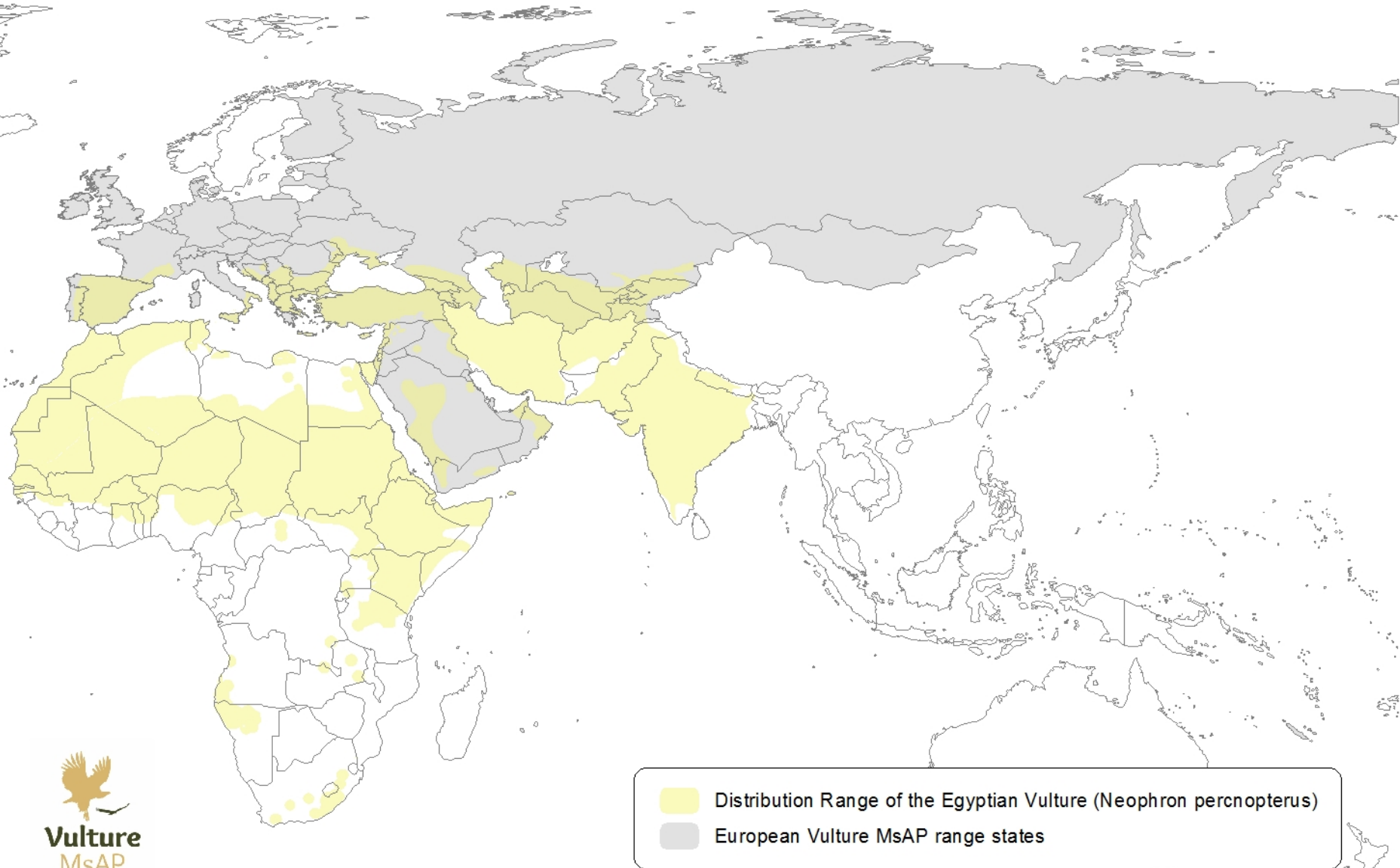
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**2 647 - 3 510 BREEDING PAIRS**

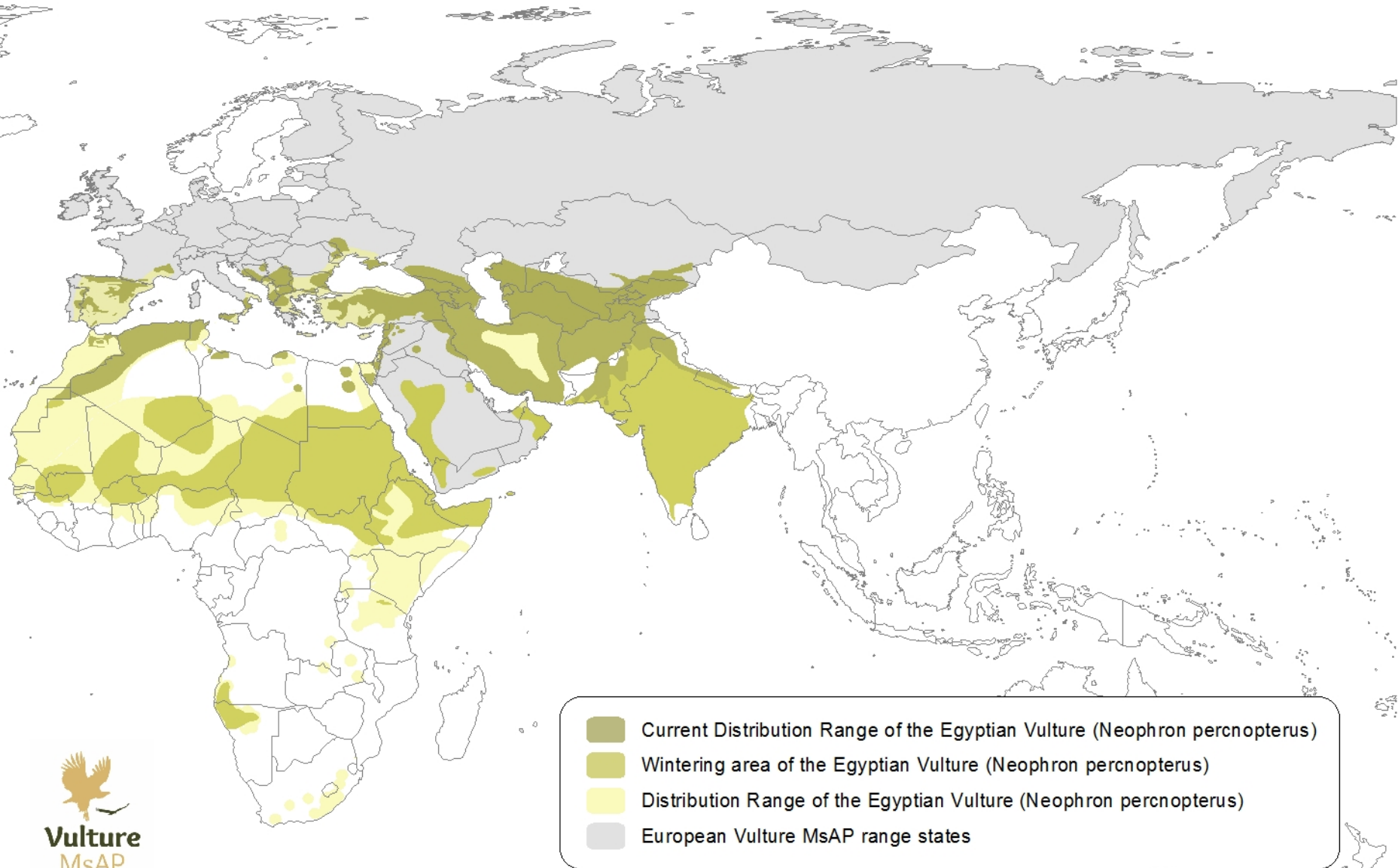
\* BirdLife International (2016) IUCN Red List for birds

# Global Distribution Range of the Egyptian Vulture (Neophron percnopterus)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

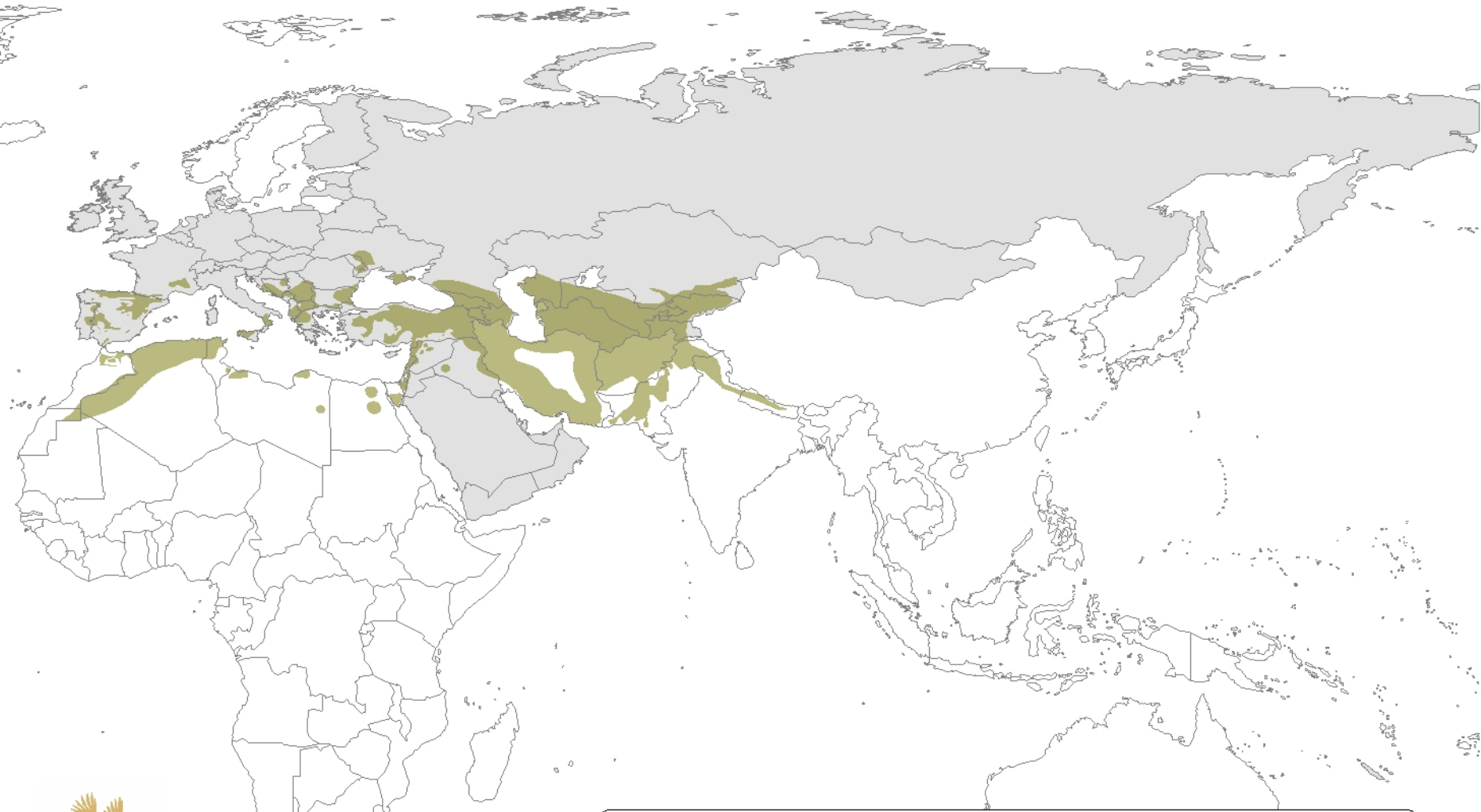
# Global Distribution Range of the Egyptian Vulture (Neophron percnopterus)





Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.



# Global Distribution Range of the Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*)



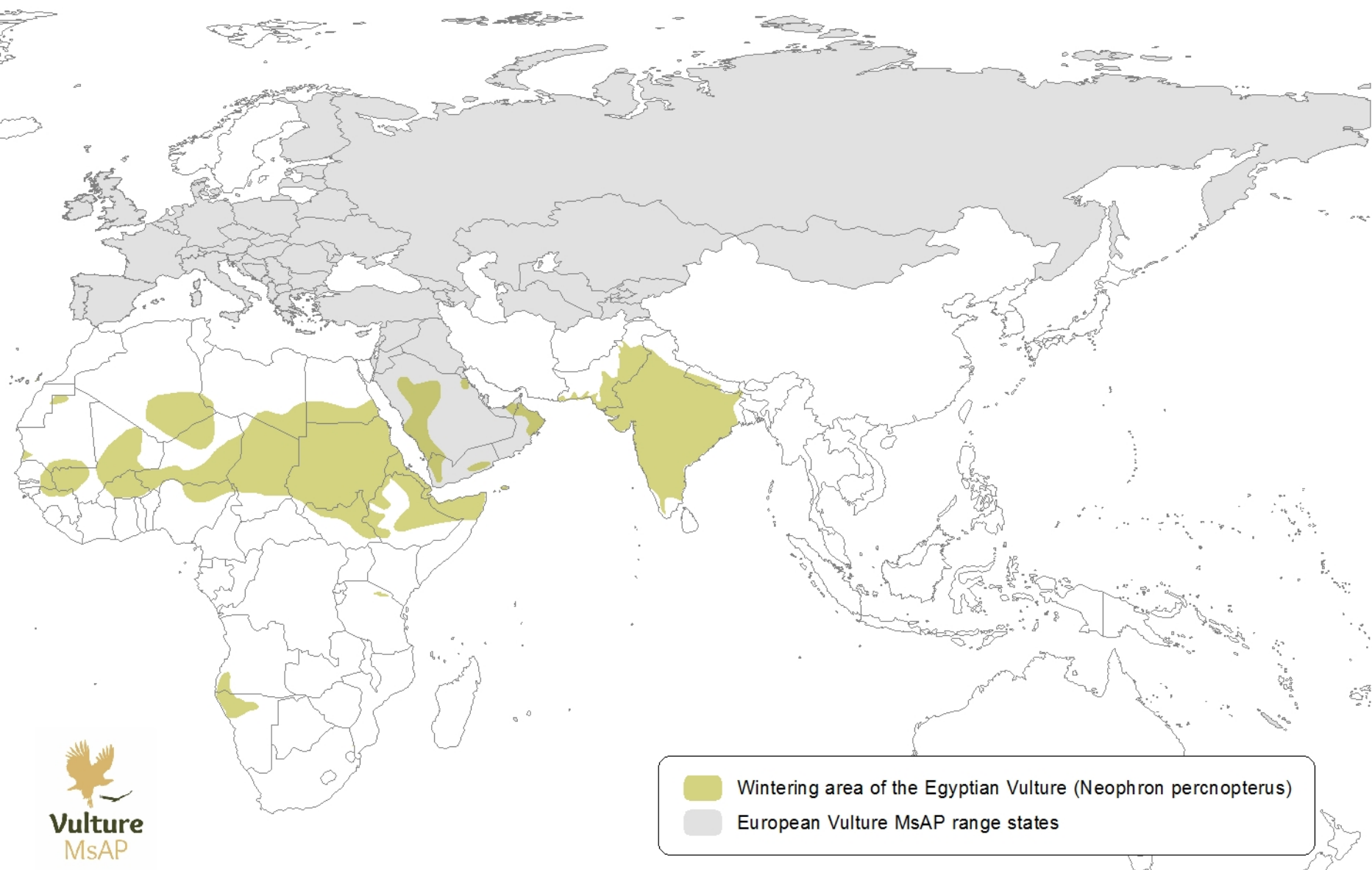
 Current Distribution Range of the Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*)

 European Vulture MsAP range states



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Global Distribution Range of the Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# STATUS AND BREEDING POPULATION ESTIMATES

## GRIFFON VULTURE (*GYP S FULVUS*)



Country	Status	Breeding pairs	Q	Year(s) of estimate	Breeding Population trend in the last 10 years	Q
Andorra	breeding	2-3	G	2016	small increase	G
Armenia	breeding	35-40	M	2007-2010	stable	M
Azerbaijan	breeding	100-400	M	2000-2016	small decline	P
Bosnia and Herzegovina	extinct					
Bulgaria	breeding	80-100	G	2016	large increase	G
Croatia	breeding	90	G	2016	decline	G
Cyprus	breeding	1-3	G	2016	decline	G
France	breeding	2000	G	2016	moderate increase	G
Georgia	breeding	40-60	M	1991-2016	small decline	M
Greece	breeding	350-400	G	2015	moderate increase	G
Hungary	extinct					
Iraq						
Israel	breeding	42	G	2016	decline	G
Italy	breeding	170	M	2016	moderate increase	G
Jordan	breeding	8-15	G	2014	stable	G
Kazakhstan						
Kyrgyzstan						
Lebanon						
Portugal	breeding	750	G	2007	moderate increase	G
Romania	extinct					
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	breeding	152-223 x2?	M	2001-2003	decline	P
Saudi Arabia	breeding	3000	M	2015	large decline	M
Serbia	breeding	150-200	G	2016	large increase	G
Spain	breeding	24609/25000	G	2012	large increase	G
Syrian Arab Republic						
Tajikistan	breeding					
The FYR of Macedonia	breeding	14	G	2015	decline	G
Turkey	breeding	45	P	2013	small decline	P
Turkmenistan	breeding					
Ukraine (Crimea)	breeding	23-25	G	2016	stable	G
Uzbekistan	breeding	140-150	P	2009	decline	P
Yemen	breeding					

**32 COUNTRIES**

**24 BREEDING**

**3 EXTINCT**

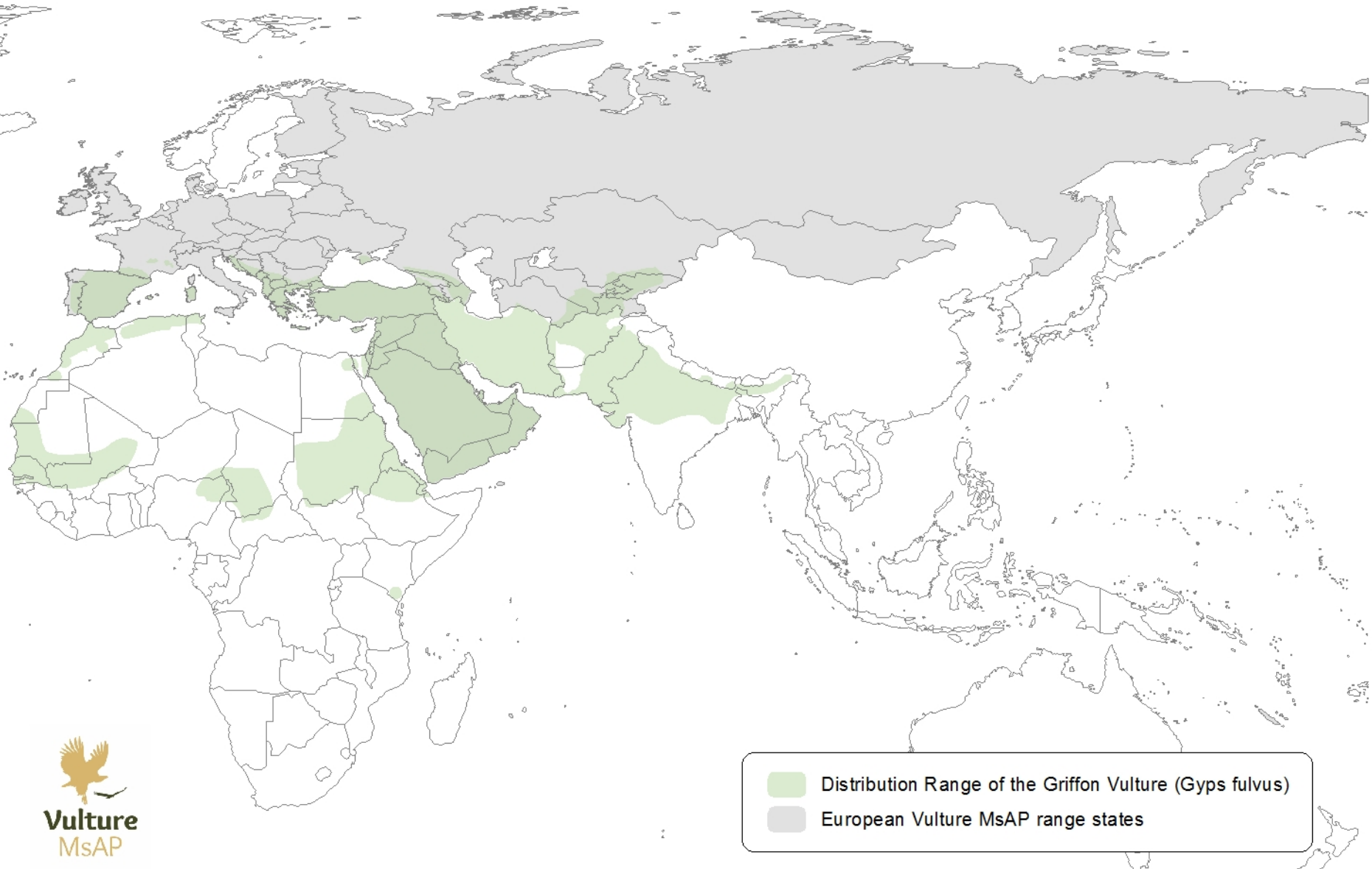
**31 801 - 32 730 BREEDING PAIRS**

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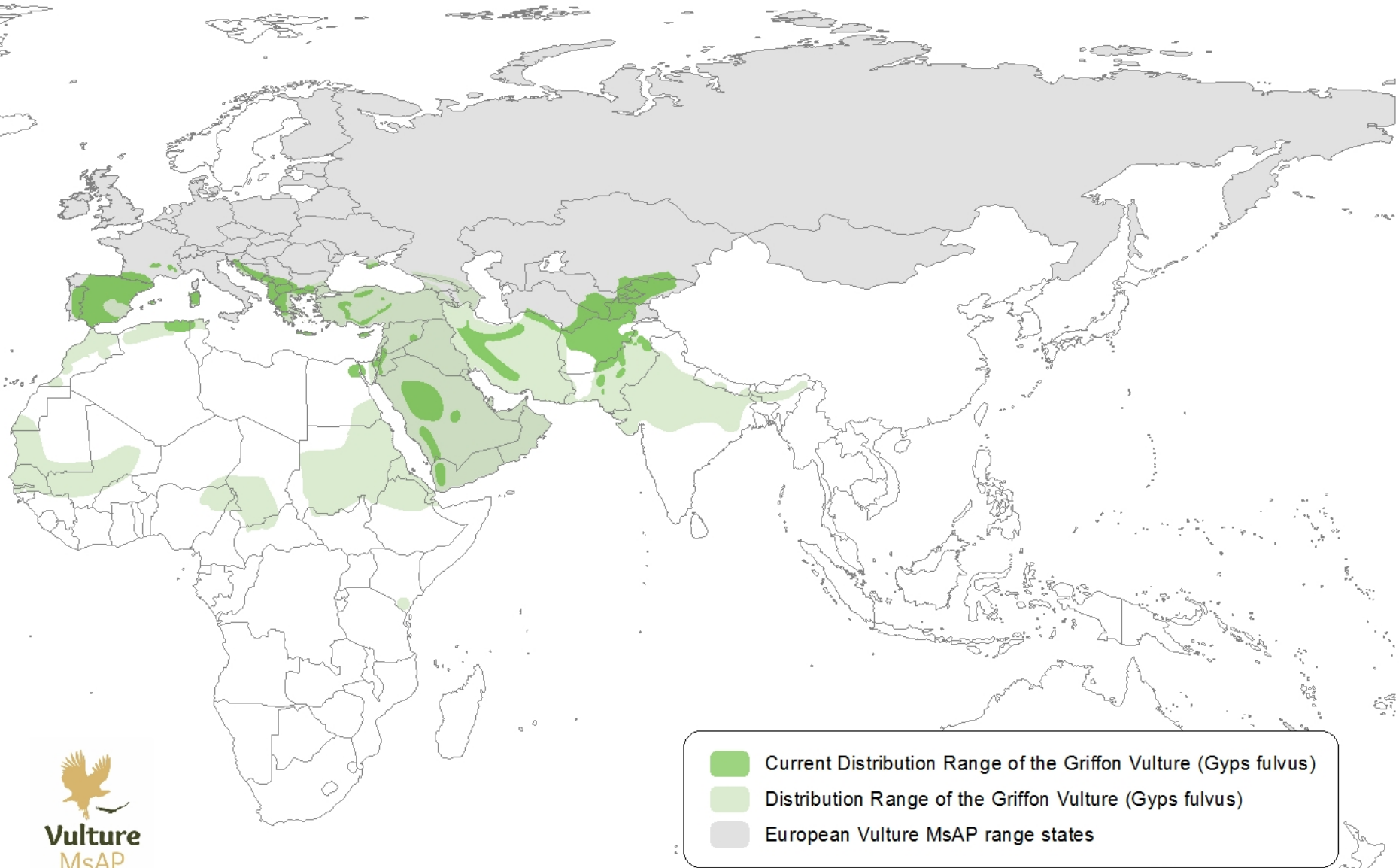
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# Global Distribution Range of the Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*)



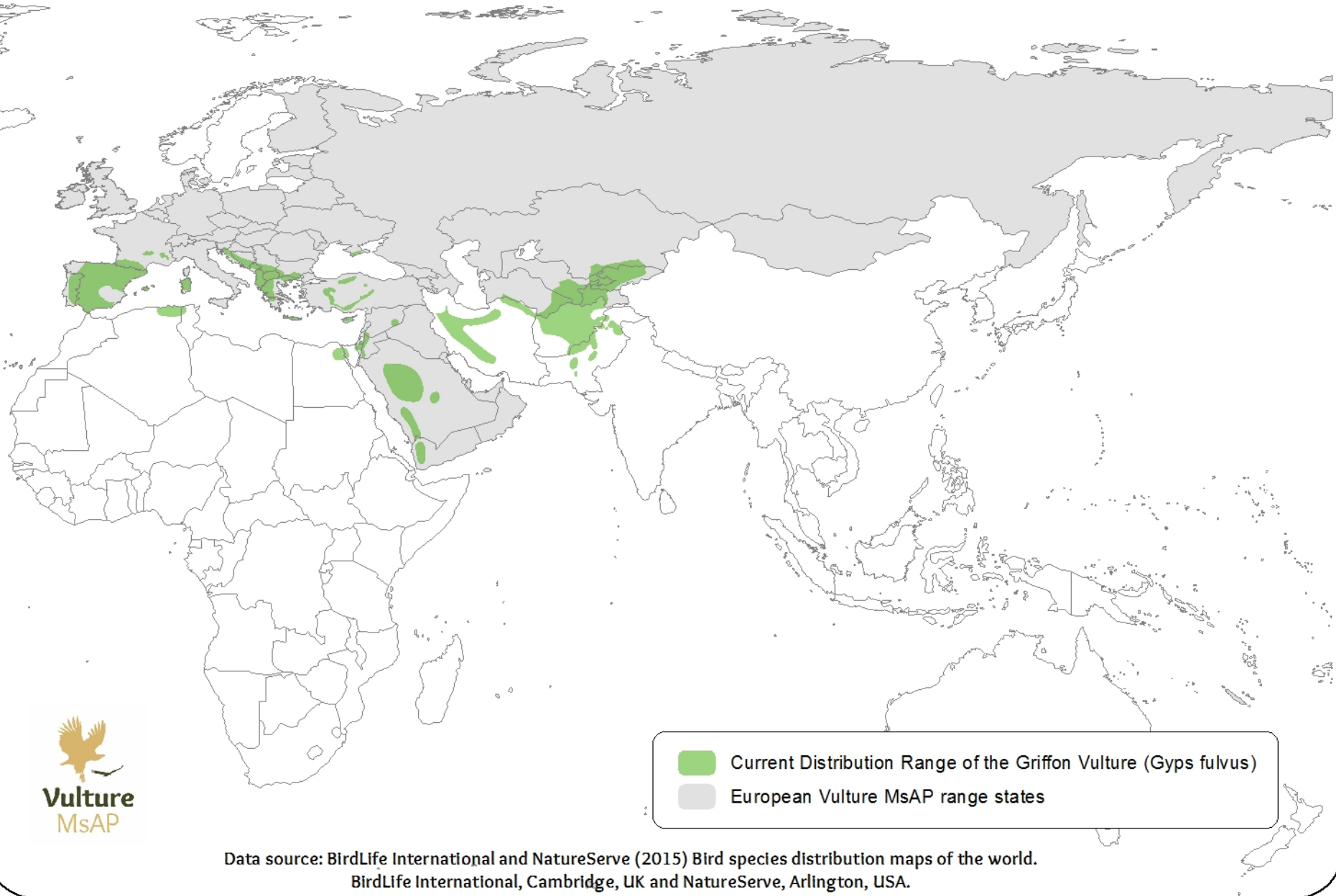
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Global Distribution Range of the Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*)



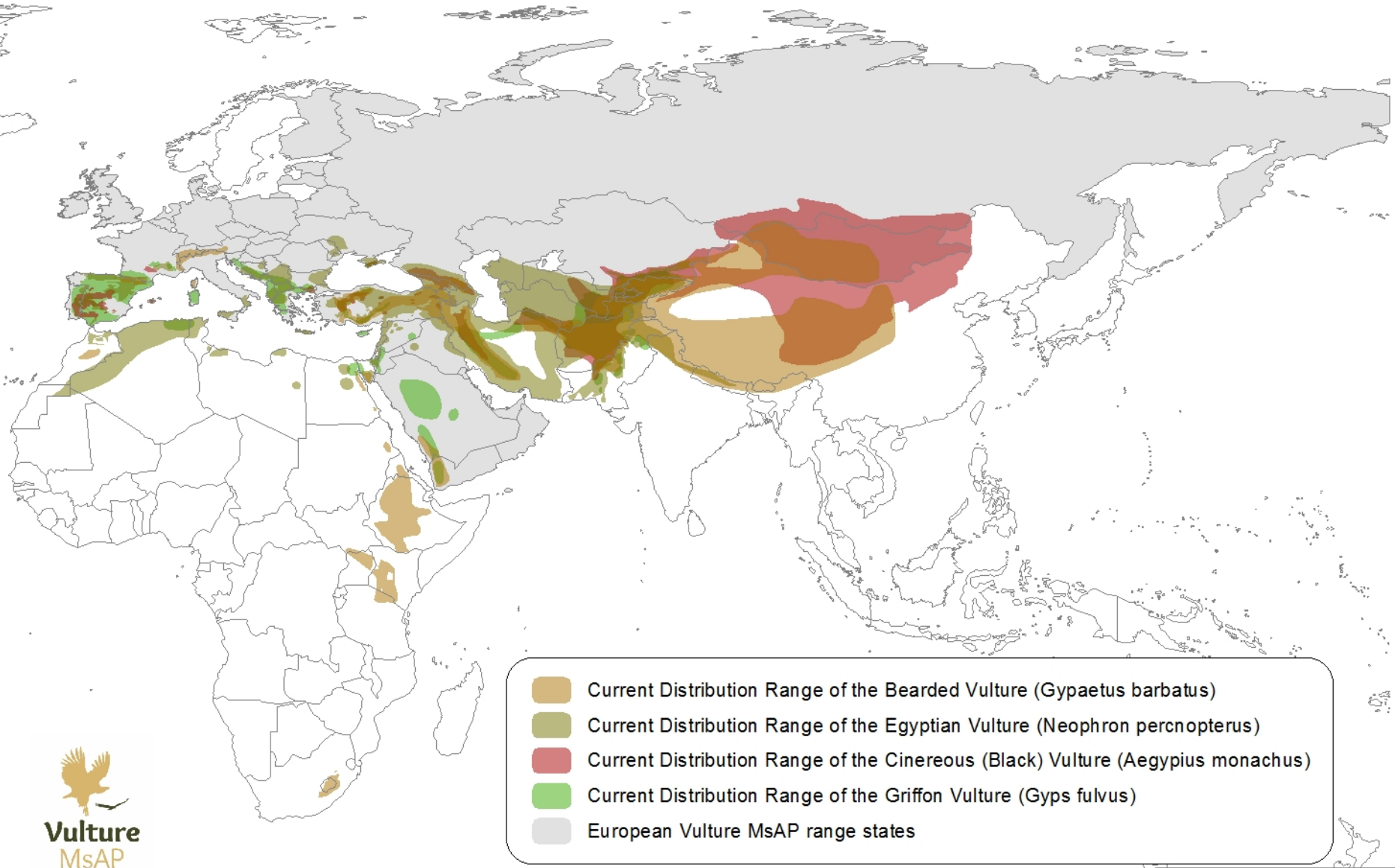
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Global Distribution Range of the Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Global Distribution Range



# NATIONAL POPULATION SCOPE

## *Gypaetus barbatus*

Country	Scope
Mongolia	3
Russian Federation (Altai-Sayan)	3
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	3
Spain	3
Azerbaijan	2
France	2
Greece	2
Italy	2
Switzerland	2
Turkey	2
Uzbekistan	2
Andorra	1
Armenia	1
Austria	1
Georgia	1
Tajikistan	1

## *Aegypius monachus*

Country	Scope
Mongolia	3
Russian Federation (Altai-Sayan)	3
Spain	3
Azerbaijan	2
France	2
Greece	2
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	2
Tajikistan	2
Turkey	2
Ukraine (Crimea)	2
Uzbekistan	2
Armenia	1
Bulgaria	1
Georgia	1
Portugal	1

## *Neophron percnopterus*

Country	Scope
Azerbaijan	3
Spain	3
Turkey	3
Uzbekistan	3
Albania	2
Bulgaria	2
France	2
Georgia	2
Greece	2
Israel	2
Italy	2
Portugal	2
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	2
Syrian Arab Republic	2
Tajikistan	2
The FYR of Macedonia	2
Armenia	1
Romania	1
United Arab Emirates	1

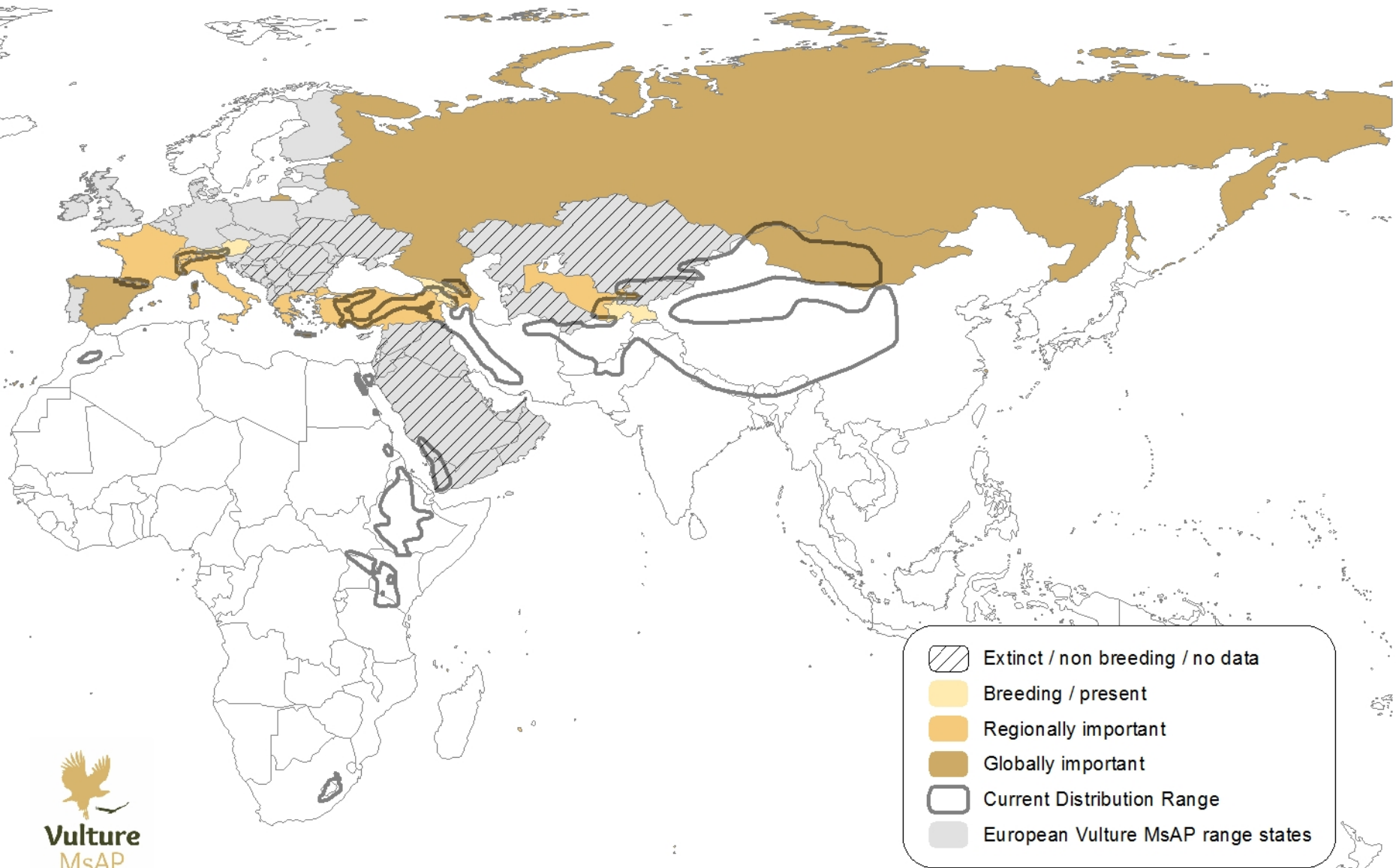
## *Gyps fulvus*

Country	Scope
Spain	3
Azerbaijan	2
Bulgaria	2
Croatia	2
France	2
Greece	2
Italy	2
Russian Federation (Caucasus)	2
Saudi Arabia	2
Serbia	2
Uzbekistan	2
Andorra	1
Armenia	1
Cyprus	1
Georgia	1
Israel	1
Jordan	1
Portugal	1
The FYR of Macedonia	1
Turkey	1
Ukraine (Crimea)	1

0 - not present/breeding or no data; 1 – present/breeding; 2 – regionally important & 3 globally important

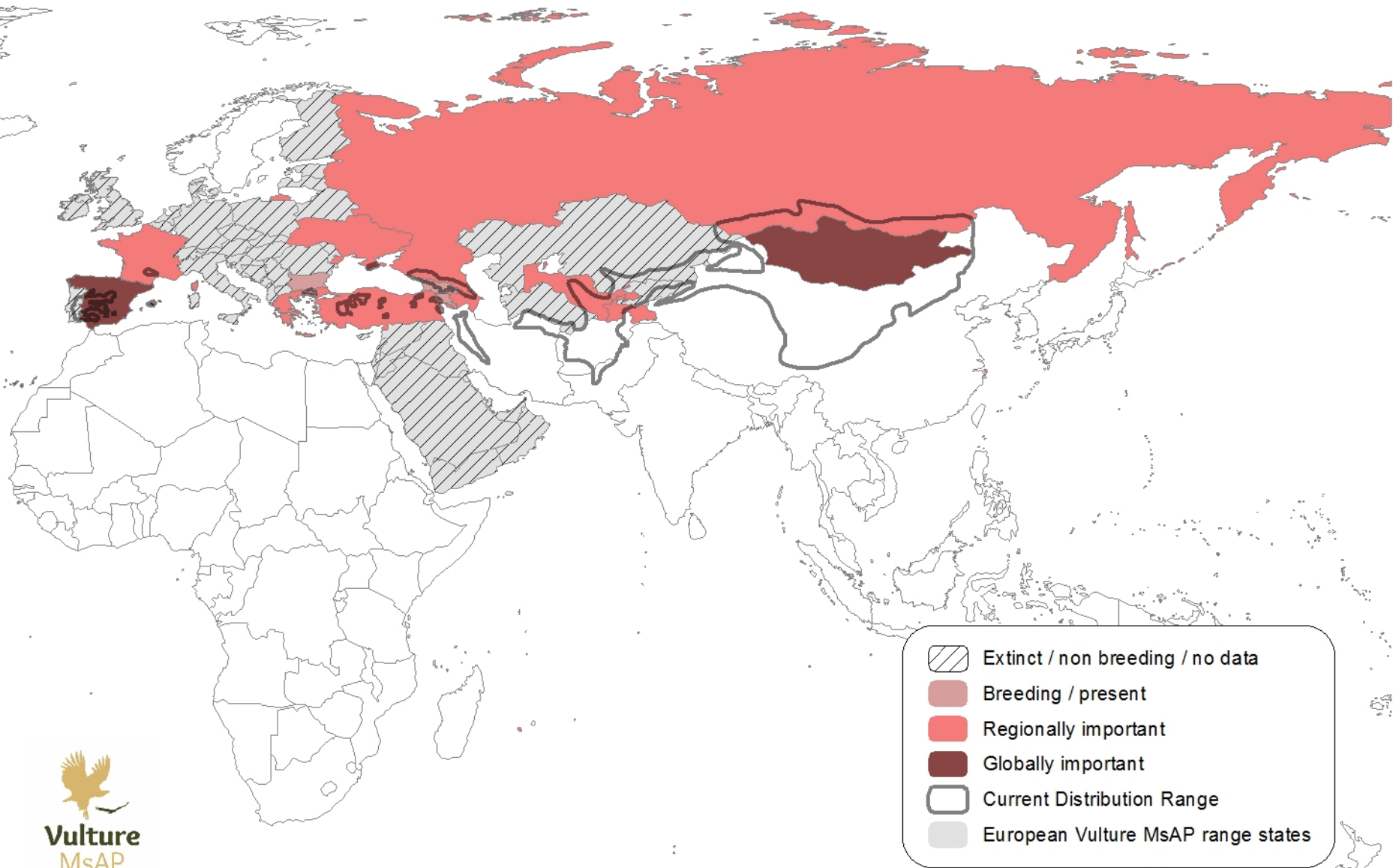


# National population scope element - Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*)



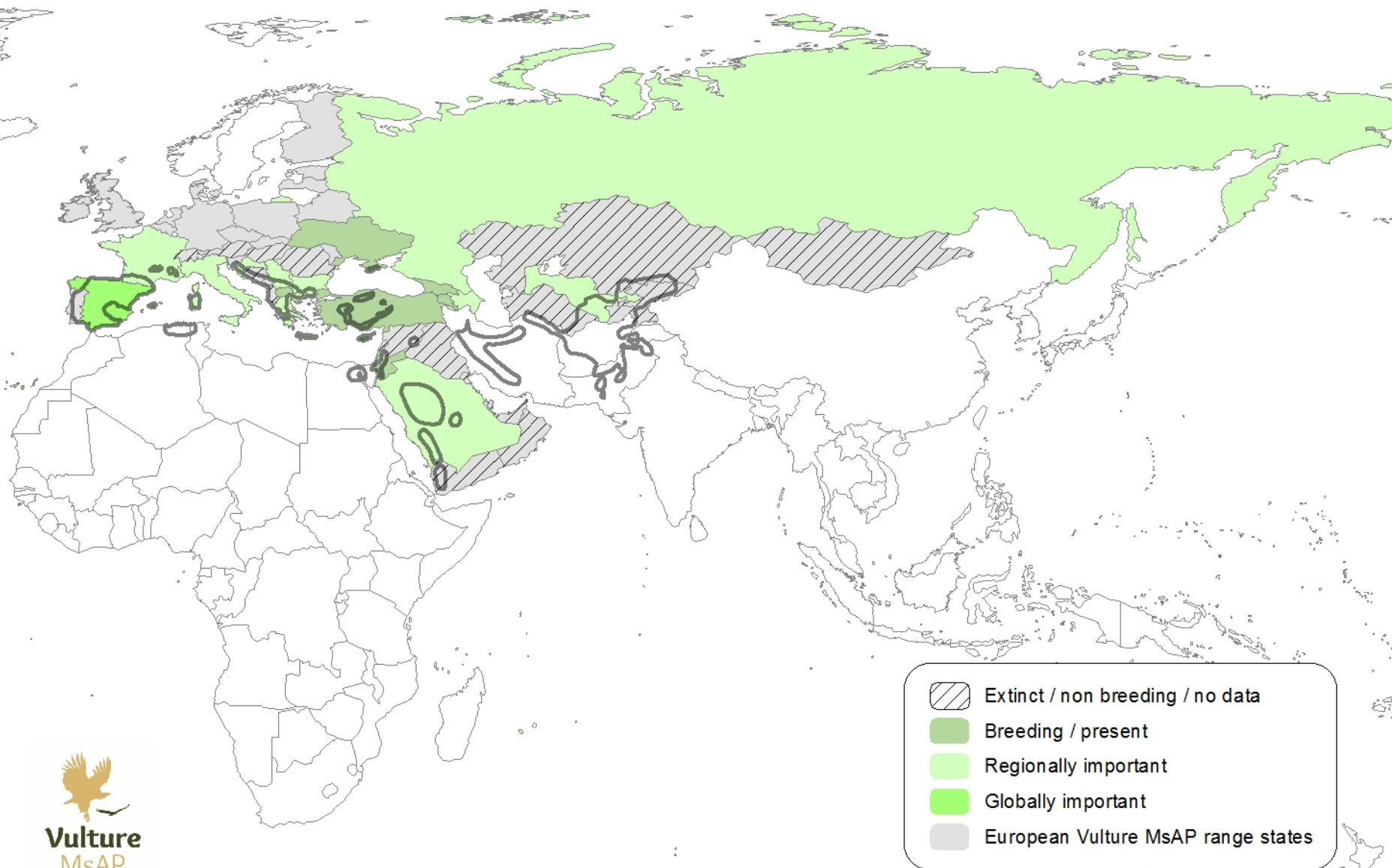
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# National population scope element - Cinereous (Black) Vulture (*Aegypius monachus*)



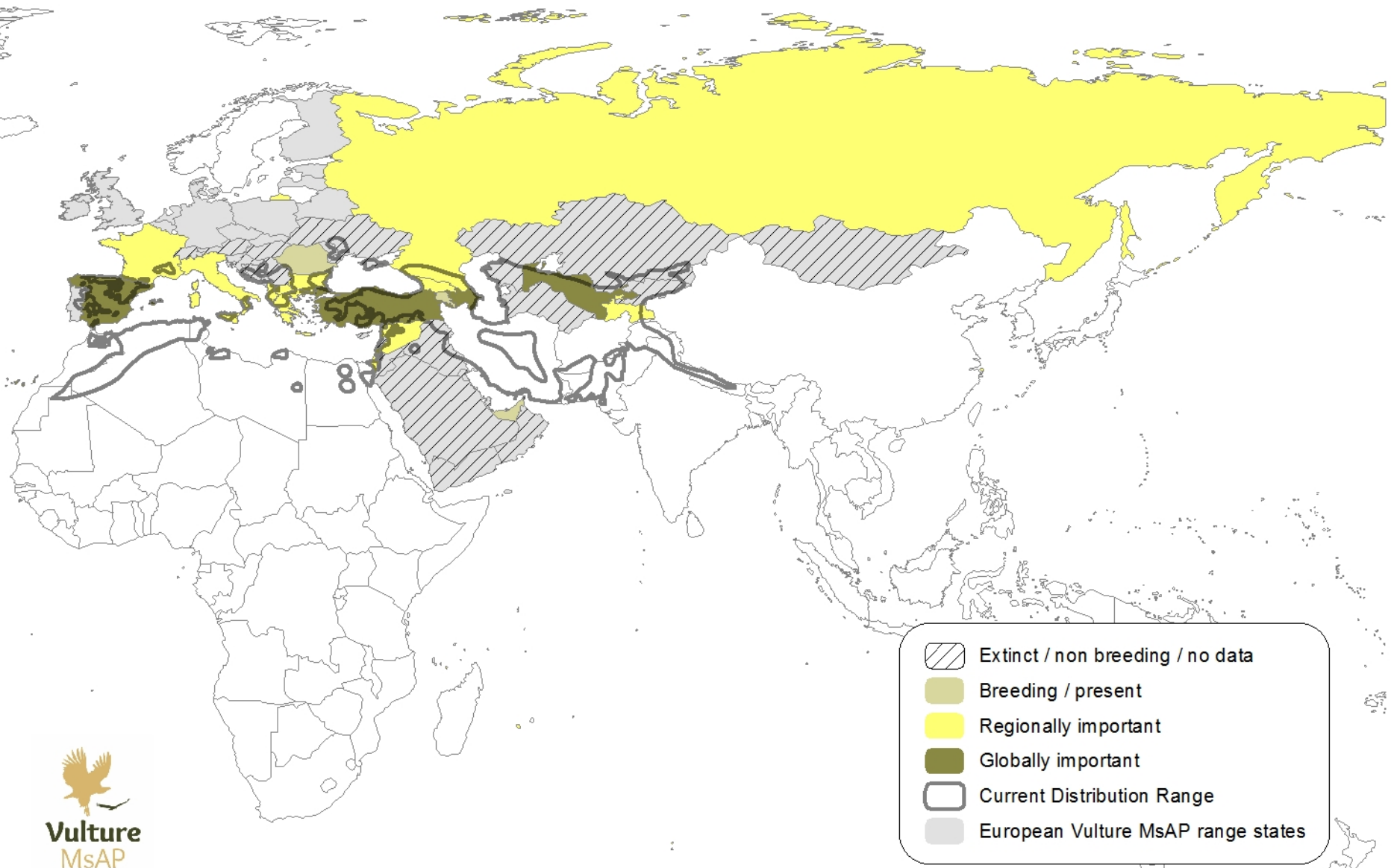
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
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## National population scope element - Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*)



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# National population scope element - Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*)



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
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# THREATS

## Poisoning

- Poisoning (uncontrolled use of pesticides)
- Poisoning (lead intoxication - ammunition)
- Poisoning (veterinary drugs)

## Collision and Electrocution

- Collisions with wind turbines
- Collision with power lines
- Electrocution on power poles

## Food availability / limitation

- Decline of extensive livestock farming
- Decline of wild ungulates
- Stricter sanitary and veterinary regulations

# THREATS



## Other threats

- Hunting – Poaching
- Habitat loss / Degradation
- Disturbance from human activities
- Harvesting/nest robbery
- Low public and stakeholder awareness
- Missing or ineffective policies, laws and enforcement

# THREATS - RESULTS

<b>Poisoning</b>	<b>Unknown</b>	<b>Local</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Critical</b>
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	17	4	9	3	3	3
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	20	4	8	10	3	4
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	16	5	3	6	3	4
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	19	5	5	5	5	5

<b>Collision &amp; Electrocutation</b>	<b>Unknown</b>	<b>Local</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Critical</b>
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	14	2	6	3	2	0
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	14	9	6	4	1	1
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	18	3	7	4	2	0
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	16	2	8	5	5	0

<b>Food availability</b>	<b>Unknown</b>	<b>Local</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Critical</b>
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	9	4	9	6	7	1
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	15	8	12	8	7	2
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	12	5	9	7	6	4
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	15	7	9	11	8	4

<b>Habitat loss</b>	<b>Unknown</b>	<b>Local</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Critical</b>
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	3	3	7	5	2	1
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	4	7	4	8	5	1
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	3	4	6	8	3	0
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	3	7	7	6	4	1

<b>Disturbance</b>	<b>Unknown</b>	<b>Local</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Medium</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Critical</b>
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	4	6	6	5	2	0
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	5	4	8	5	6	1
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	2	4	7	8	4	0
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	2	5	9	6	3	0

# THREATS - RESULTS

Poaching	Unknown	Local	Low	Medium	High	Critical
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	2	7	6	5	0	3
<i>Aegyptius monachus</i>	7	9	9	4	2	0
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	2	6	6	9	2	0
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	3	12	8	5	1	1

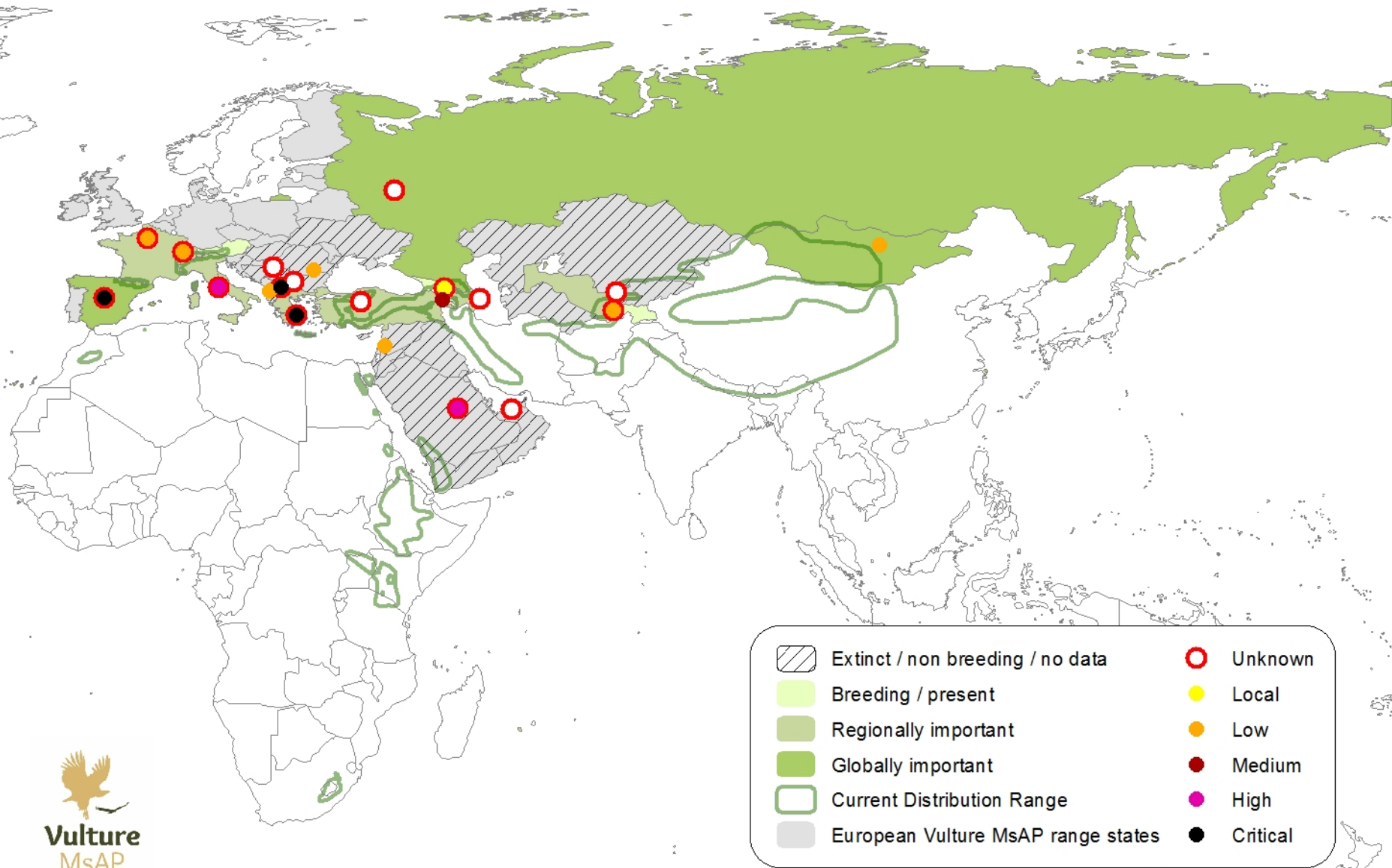
Harvesting	Unknown	Local	Low	Medium	High	Critical
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	15	3	2	0	0	0
<i>Aegyptius monachus</i>	17	4	5	0	0	0
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	11	3	5	4	0	0
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	16	5	5	1	0	0

Low awareness	Unknown	Local	Low	Medium	High	Critical
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	4	5	6	4	1	1
<i>Aegyptius monachus</i>	5	6	9	4	4	0
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	4	8	6	5	2	1
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	5	6	8	5	4	1

Ineffective laws	Unknown	Local	Low	Medium	High	Critical
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	4	3	9	4	2	0
<i>Aegyptius monachus</i>	9	4	5	6	3	0
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	4	4	5	5	5	0
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	8	3	8	5	5	1

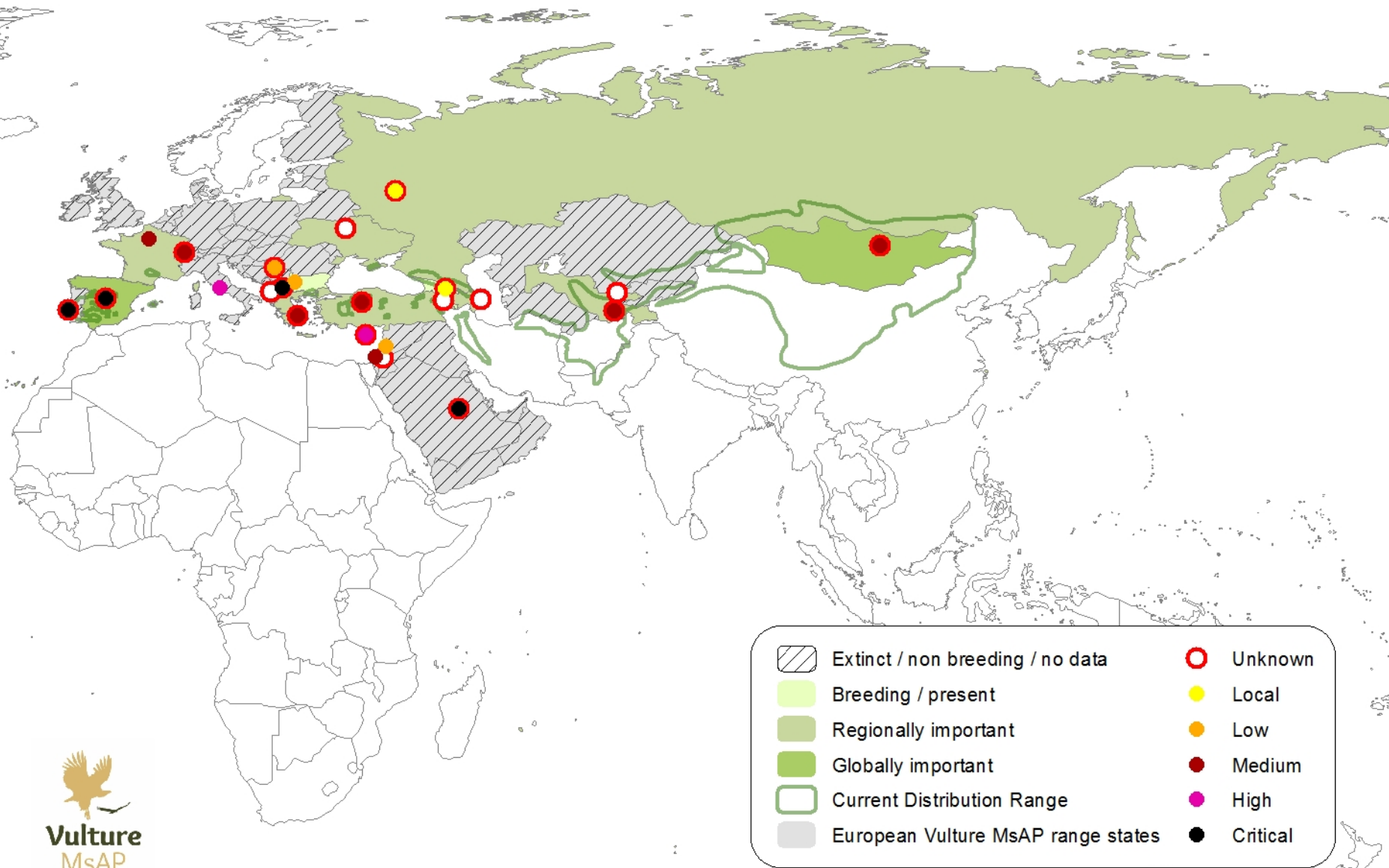


# Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*) POISONING



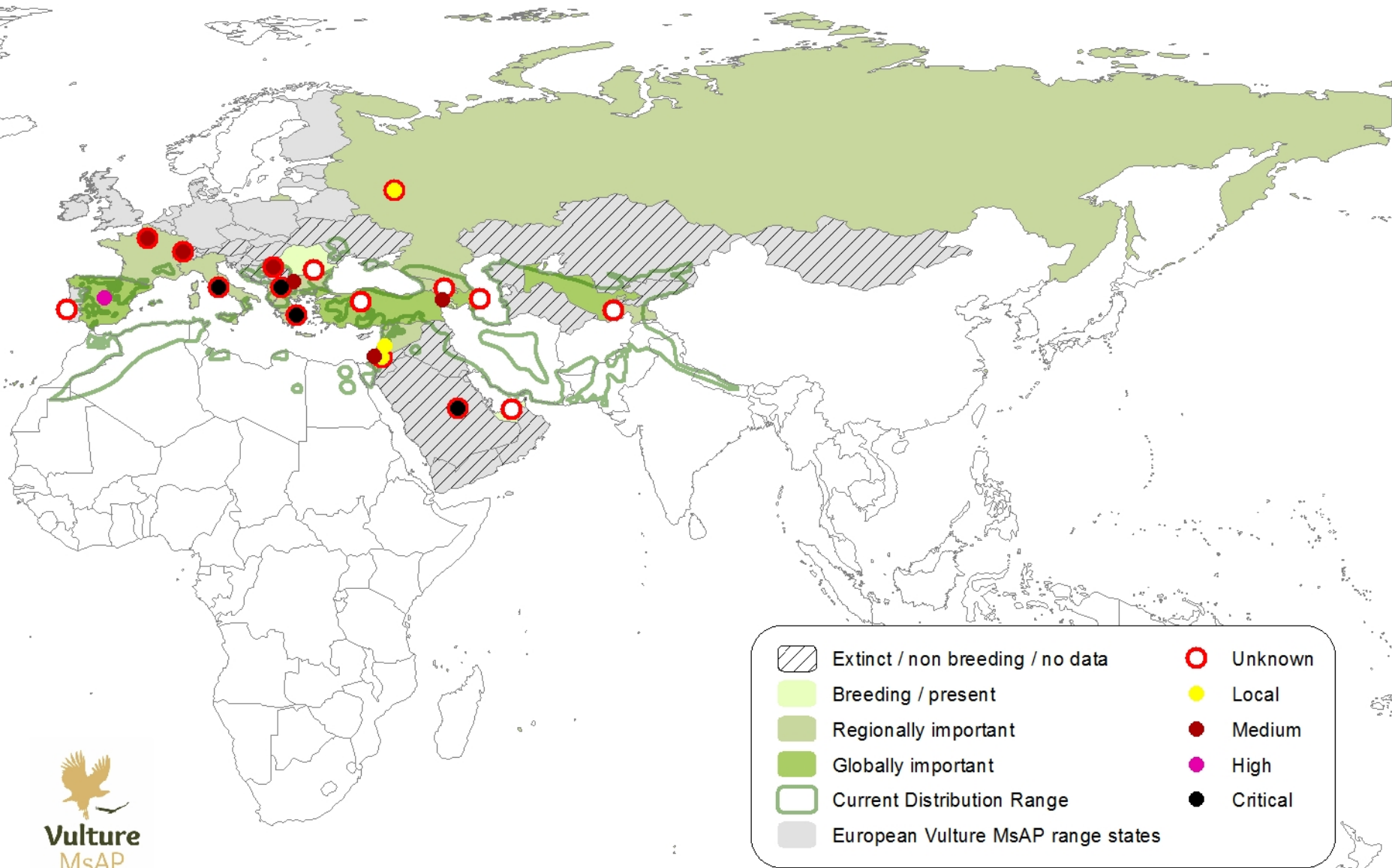
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Cinereous (Black) Vulture (*Aegypius monachus*) POISONING



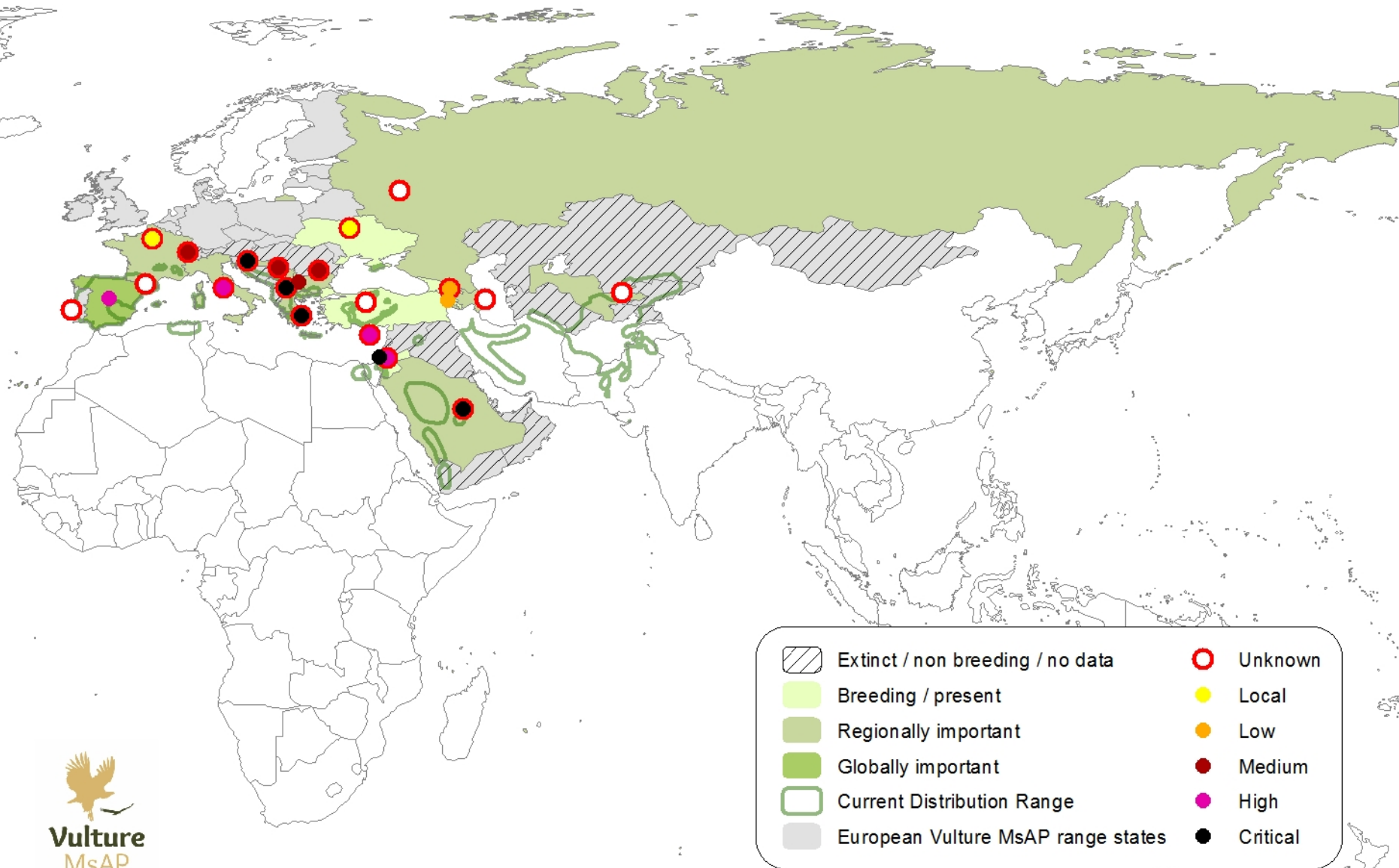
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*) POISONING

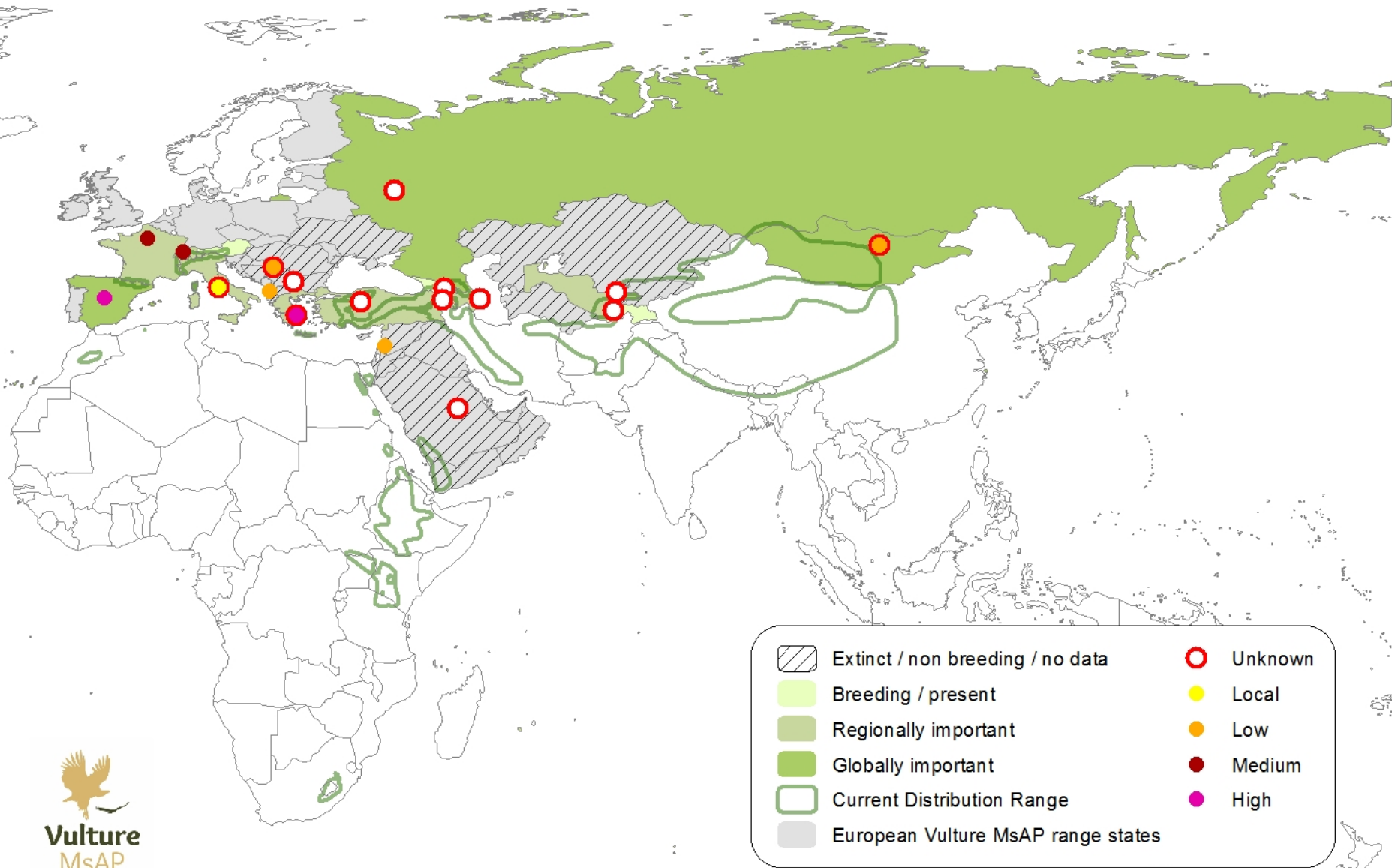


Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*) POISONING

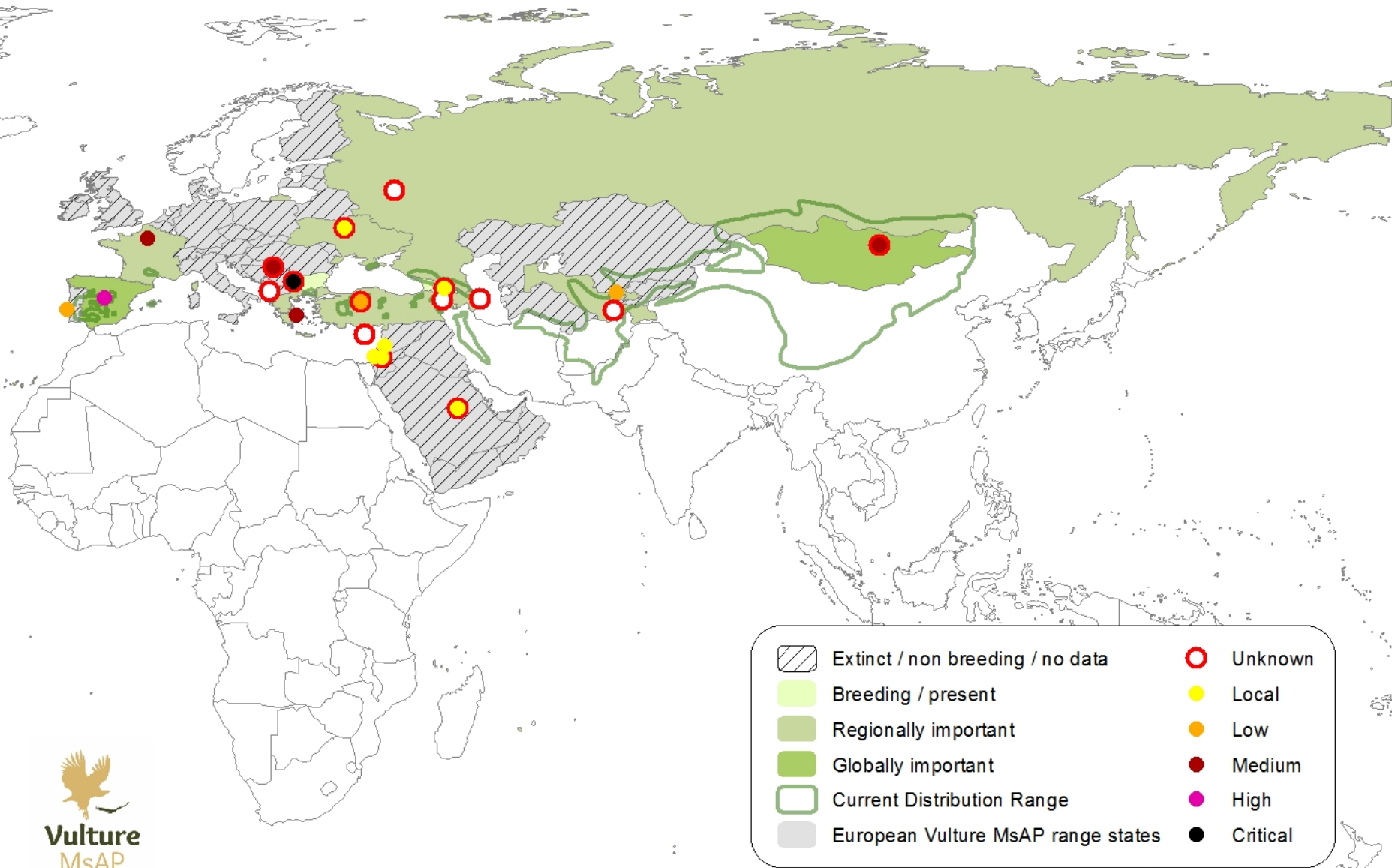


# Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*) - COLLISION & ELECTROCUTION



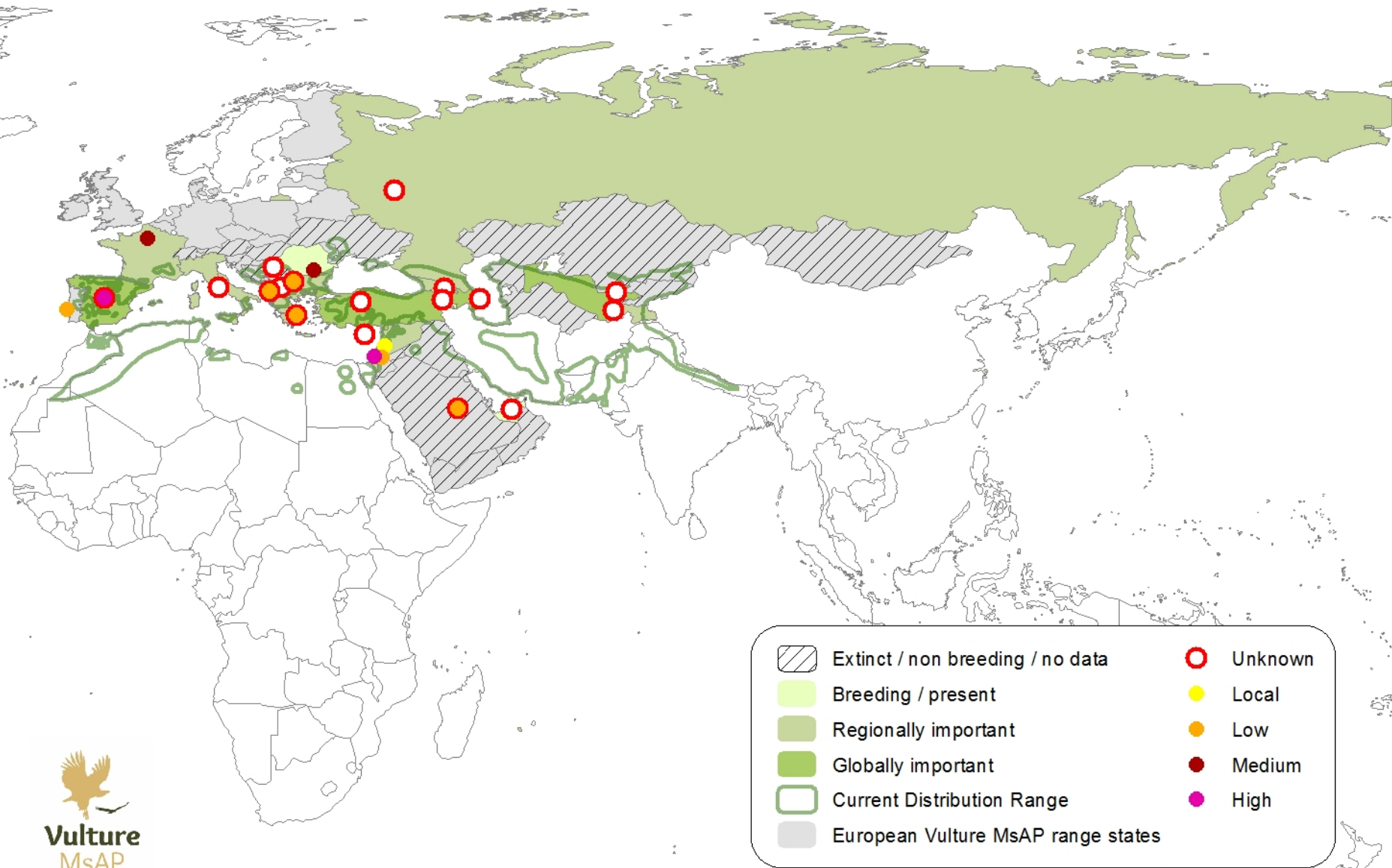
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Cinereous (Black) Vulture (*Aegypius monachus*) - COLLISION & ELECTROCUTION



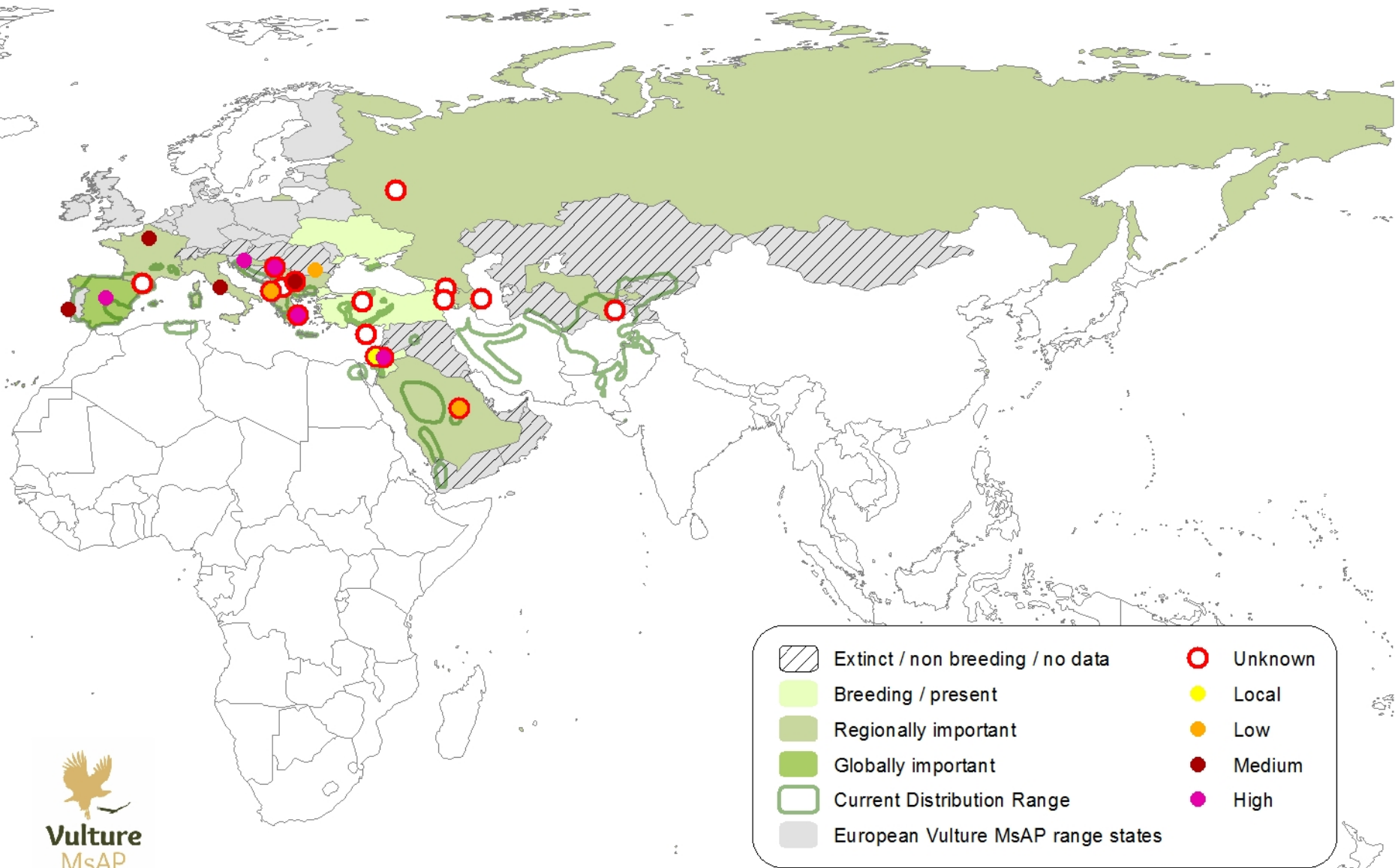
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*) - COLLISION & ELECTROCUTION



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

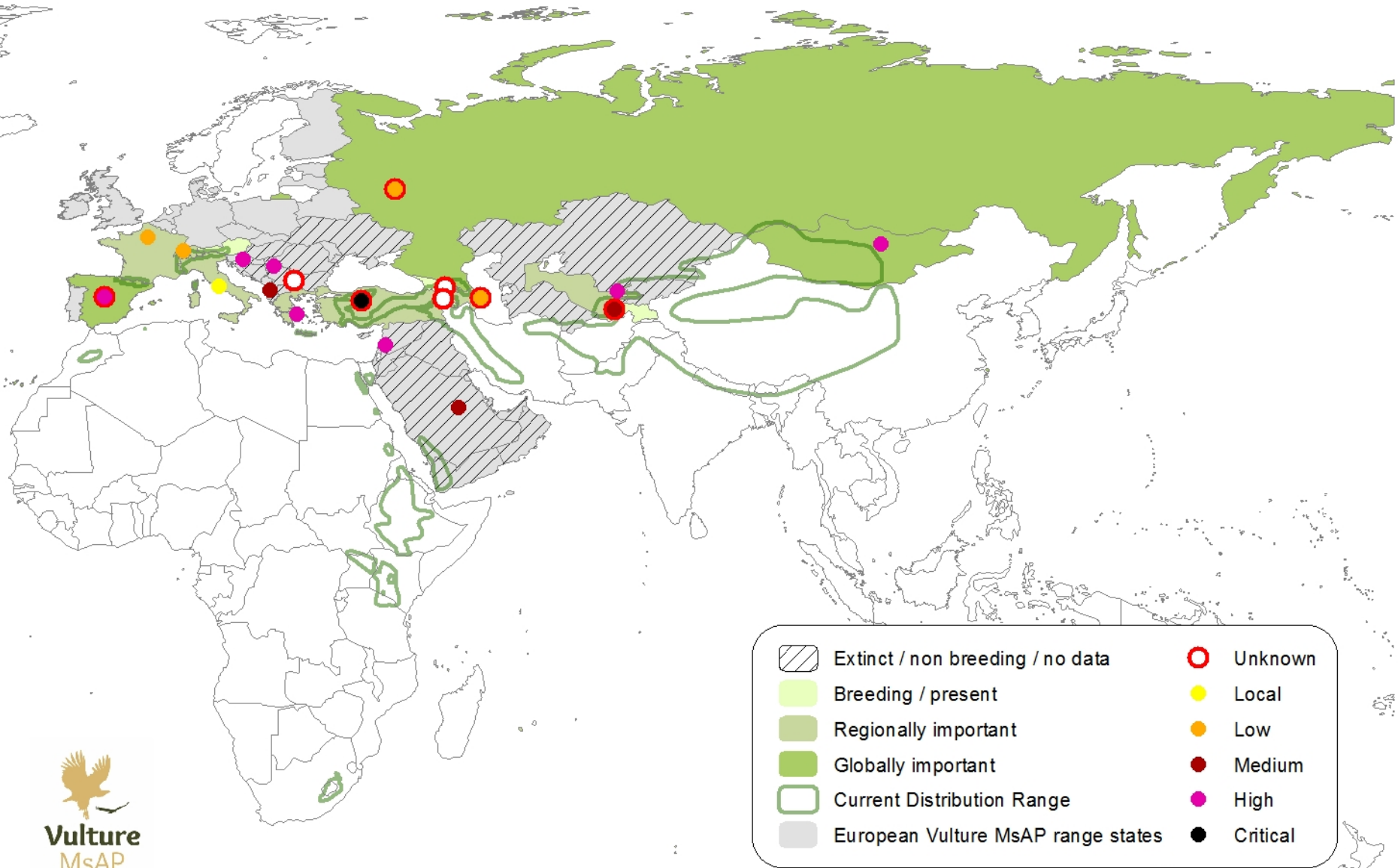
# Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*) - COLLISION & ELECTROCUTION



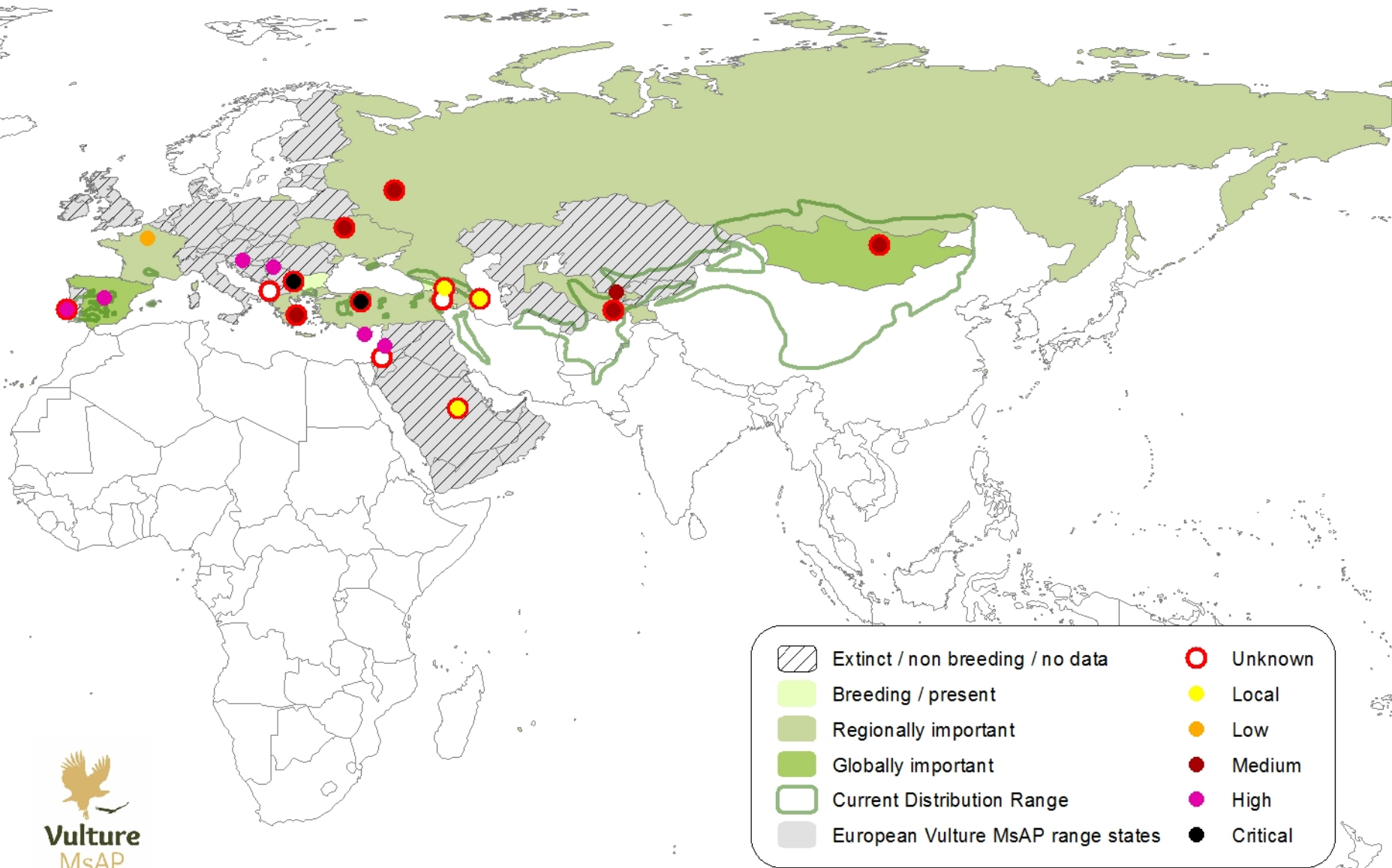
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.



# Bearded Vulture (*Gypaetus barbatus*) - FOOD AVAILABILITY

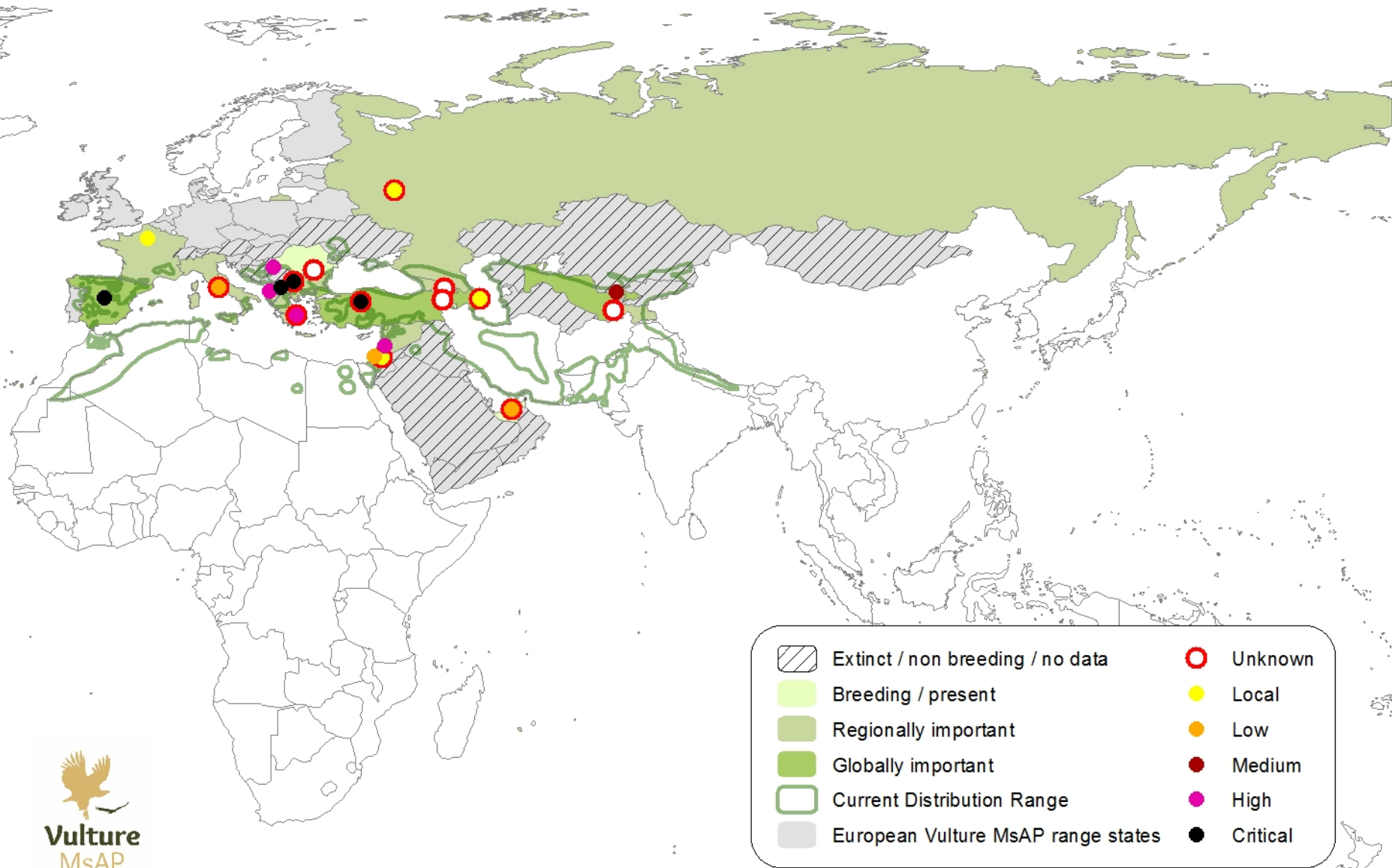


# Cinereous (Black) Vulture (*Aegypius monachus*) - FOOD AVAILABILITY



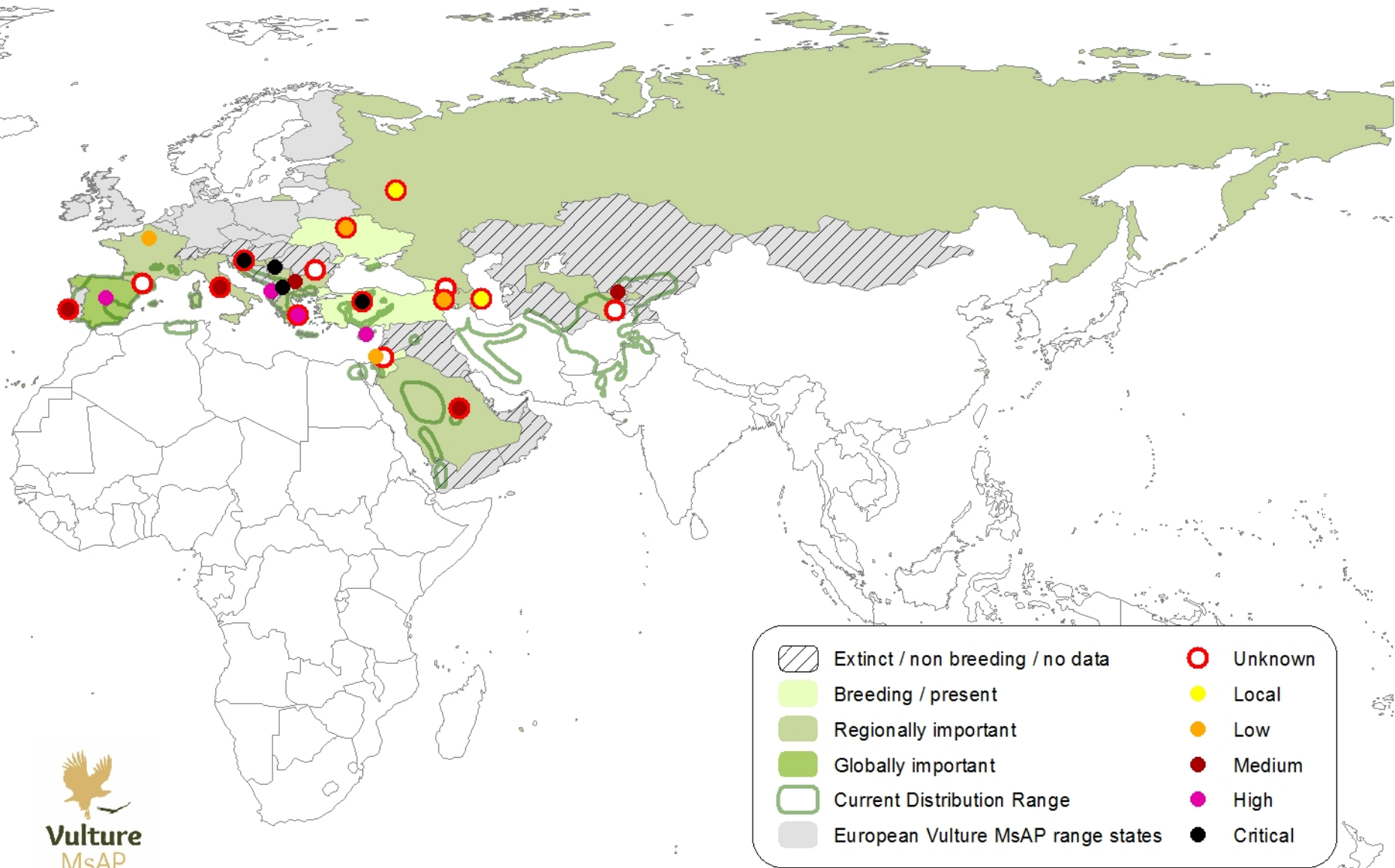
Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Egyptian Vulture (*Neophron percnopterus*) - FOOD AVAILABILITY



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# Griffon Vulture (*Gyps fulvus*) - FOOD AVAILABILITY



Data source: BirdLife International and NatureServe (2015) Bird species distribution maps of the world.  
BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK and NatureServe, Arlington, USA.

# CONSERVATION



Project N°	Year Of Finance	Country	total budget	EU contribution	Species
LIFE00 NAT/E/007340	2000	España	1,036,378.00	621,827.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE00 NAT/E/007348	2000	España	1,853,176.00	1,297,223.00	Aegypius monachus / Neophron percnopterus
LIFE02 NAT/E/008624	2002	España	683,142.00	364,878.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE02 NAT/GR/008489	2002	Greece	1,248,000.00	936,000.00	None or non applicable /
LIFE02 NAT/GR/008492	2002	Greece	2,286,108.00	1,371,665.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE02 NAT/GR/008497	2002	Greece	1,566,345.00	939,807.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE03 NAT/E/000050	2003	Spain	3,286,882.00	1,972,129.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE03 NAT/F/000100	2003	France	1,726,194.00	1,035,716.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE03 NAT/F/000103	2003	France	2,256,971.00	1,128,485.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE04 NAT/ES/000034	2004	Spain	2,082,923.00	1,249,754.00	None or non applicable /
LIFE04 NAT/ES/000036	2004	Spain	1,237,532.00	618,766.00	None or non applicable /
LIFE04 NAT/ES/000056	2004	Spain	1,649,250.00	1,236,937.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE04 NAT/ES/000067	2004	Spain	829,937.00	414,968.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE05 NAT/IT/000009	2005	Italy	866,062.00	649,546.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE06 NAT/E/000214	2006	España	1,826,559.00	913,279.00	Gyps fulvus /
LIFE06 NAT/IT/000026	2006	Italy	955,631.00	716,723.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE07 NAT/E/000742	2007	Spain	3,699,135.00	1,625,400.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE07 NAT/E/000762	2007	Spain	3,869,850.00	1,934,925.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE07 NAT/IT/000436	2007	Italy	1,411,144.00	705,572.00	Gypaetus barbatus / Gyps fulvus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE08 NAT/BG/000278	2008	Bulgaria	1,332,328.00	666,164.00	Aegypius monachus / Gypaetus barbatus / Gyps fulvus /
LIFE08 NAT/E/000062	2008	Spain	1,672,020.00	646,737.00	Aegypius monachus / Gypaetus barbatus / Gyps fulvus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE08 NAT/P/000227	2008	Portugal	2,640,556.00	1,980,417.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE09 NAT/ES/000533	2009	Spain	5,660,886.00	2,730,790.00	Aegypius monachus / Gypaetus barbatus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE10 NAT/BG/000152	2010	Bulgaria	2,625,742.00	1,312,871.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE11 NAT/BG/000363	2011	Bulgaria	376,891.00	188,445.00	Aegypius monachus / Canis lupus / Gyps fulvus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE11 NAT/FR/000734	2011	France	2,128,061.00	1,060,532.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE12 NAT/ES/000322	2012	Spain	1,582,854.00	1,061,936.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE12 NAT/ES/000595	2012	Spain	2,103,209.00	1,049,627.00	Aegypius monachus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE13 NAT/ES/001130	2013	Spain	759,811.00	455,886.00	Aegypius monachus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE13 NAT/FR/000093	2013	France	1,810,276.00	905,136.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE13 NAT/IT/000311	2013	Italy	2,414,270.00	1,265,077.00	Gypaetus barbatus / Gyps fulvus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE14 NAT/BG/000649	2014	Bulgaria	3,483,411.00	2,607,648.00	Aegypius monachus /
LIFE14 NAT/FR/000050	2014	France	5,632,328.00	4,157,440.00	Gypaetus barbatus /
LIFE14 NAT/IT/000484	2014	Italy	1,733,385.00	1,039,985.00	Gyps fulvus /
LIFE14 NAT/IT/001017	2014	Italy	2,877,095.00	2,071,508.00	Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE14 NAT/NL/000901	2014	Nederland	2,198,572.00	1,648,015.00	Aegypius monachus / Gyps fulvus /
LIFE14 NAT/PT/000855	2014	Portugal	3,578,924.00	2,672,481.00	Aegypius monachus / Neophron percnopterus /
LIFE14 PRE/UK/000002	2014	United Kingdom	837,995.00	500,000.00	

**79.819.833**

**47.254.295**

\* Source: <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/life/project/Projects/>

THANK YOU FOR RESPONDING THE QUESTIONNAIRE



**Vulture**  
**Multi-species Action Plan**  
**European Regional Workshop**

