16TH MEETING OF THE CMS SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL

Bonn, Germany, 28-30 June 2010

UNEP/CMS/ScC16/Inf.11.3 Agenda Item 9.0

CALL FOR INFORMATION IN FOLLOW-UP OF CMS RESOLUTION 9.18 ON BY-CATCH

Response from UNEP/CMS Office – Abu Dhabi Addressing dugong by-catch





UNEP/CMS OFFICE – ABU DHABI

United Arab Emirates

Briefing Note on Addressing Impacts from Bycatch¹ on Dugongs

Dugongs are a threatened species of high genetic biodiversity value. Being long-lived, slow breeding and dependent on seagrasses which are restricted to coastal habitats and often under increased pressure from human activities, dugongs are particularly vulnerable to anthropogenic impacts including incidental capture, or bycatch, in fisheries gear.

Dugongs are incidentally caught in fishing gear throughout much of their range, where this is one of the largest and most widespread threat. Dugongs are caught incidentally in purse seine nets, bay nets, trap nets, beach seine nets, shark nets, trawl nets, fish traps, bag nets, long lines and fish weirs.

Acknowledging the extent of the impact of bycatch on dugong population, there are two specific objectives of Conservation and Management Plan of the Memorandum of Understanding on the Conservation and Management of Dugongs and their Habitats throughout their Range:

Objective 1 – Reduce direct and indirect causes of dugong mortality

- 1.1 Identify, assess and evaluate the threats to dugong populations and develop appropriate measures to address these threats
- 1.2 Reduce to the greatest extent practicable the incidental capture and mortality of dugongs in the course of fishing activities

Similar specific objectives are also contained in the sub-regional Conservation and Management Plan for Dugongs and their Habitats in the Western Indian Ocean:

Objective 3 – Reduce direct and indirect causes of dugong mortality

- 3.1 Identify, assess and evaluate threats to dugong populations and develop appropriate measures to address these threats
- 3.2 Reduce incidental capture and mortality of dugongs

¹ While species caught incidentally are commonly referred to as bycatch, this term is misleading for dugongs as it may be inferred the animals so-caught are discarded. In developing countries, most dugongs caught as bycatch are retained for food and their by-products.





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Approach and Strategy to address Bycatch of dugongs

The Secretariat to the *UNEP/CMS Memorandum of Understanding of the Conservation and Management of Dugongs and their Habitats throughout their Range* (Dugong MoU) is taking a regional approach to address the need for more information and to identify solutions to address the impact of bycatch on dugongs.

The Secretariat has adopted a strategy which includes:

- Development of a low technology, low cost and statistically robust approach the Standardised Dugong Catch/Bycatch Survey Questionnaire to obtain updated standardised information on dugong distribution, trends in relative abundance, key habitats and impacts to populations. The questionnaire is available for download at: http://www.cms.int/species/dugong/dugong_noticeboard.htm.
- Development of a Project Manual and Data Upload file to complement the standardised survey tool and assist Range States in project implementation. The manual is available to be downloaded from the above website and the data upload file will be available in the near future.
- Provision of technical support and coordination to range states, including appointment
 of a Technical Advisor to provide technical advice and guidance to project partners in
 relation to use of the survey questionnaire, sampling protocol and methodology.
- Implementation of projects using the standardised survey methodology in over twenty range states to date in the Pacific Islands, South East Asia, South Asia and UAE. The standardised surveys will be implemented in other range states in the South Western Indian Ocean and North Western Indian Ocean before the end of 2010. The survey methodology is also being used independently in several countries.
- Threat and Risk Assessment: Technical advice will be sought to use the data obtained to conduct regional/global spatial risks assessment. The expert opinion of the world authority on dugongs, Professor Helene Marsh and others will be sought to provide the best available information on the global status of dugongs.
- Development of Mitigation/Management Toolbox: Expert opinions will be sought from key experts to develop a Toolbox for mitigation and management, including the identification and assessment of the appropriate tools to address key threats and risk to dugongs. This will require identification of pilot projects with best potential to deliver conservation outcomes.
- Fund Raising: With the assistance of the technical experts and support of the Signatory States and collaborating partners, funding will be sought from donors to implement projects to:
 - Expand the conduct of surveys using the Standardised Dugong Catch/Bycatch Survey Questionnaire to remaining dugong range states;
 - Run trial projects in range states to mitigate/manage threat/risks using the tools identified.



United Nations Environment Programme



Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals



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Potential Benefits

The regional approach to addressing bycatch of dugongs has a number of additional benefits including:

- Supporting Signatory States of the Dugong MoU in decision making and prioritysetting based on the most appropriate and best available information, methods and solutions to address bycatch of dugongs.
- Building and enhancing regional cooperation amongst range states of the Dugong MoU to address a key threat to a threatened migratory species.
- Opportunities to address shared conservation synergies, including incidental capture in fisheries gear, with other marine megafauna including turtles, inshore cetaceans and manatees.
- The Mitigation and Management Toolbox being developed for dugong will include a range of current approaches, including gear modification, spatial and temporal management as well as bio-economic approaches. Innovative approaches for performance-based direct conservation schemes such as environmental mortgages, which allow low-income communities to leverage their equity in environmental assets for access to financial service in exchange for environmental stewardship. Such tools may have wider application to a range of species, including turtles, inshore cetaceans and manatees.







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RATIONALE FOR THE STANDARDISED DUGONG CATCH/BYCATCH OUESTIONNAIRE

The rationale for development of a standardised questionnaire and sampling methodology was to address the need for scientific data to initiate conservation actions. However, most data on the distribution and abundance of dugongs and their habitats is not suitable for designing effective conservation actions. In addition, collecting such information using scientific techniques such as aerial surveys is beyond the capacity of most countries.

We developed an alternative and cost-effective approach to interview fishers to identify 'dugong trouble spots' where the number of dugongs and the threats to their existence are high. We recognised the need to be able to identify the areas where the likelihood of dugongs being killed is greatest by hunting, capture in fishing gear and vessel strike, so that dugongs can be protected in their key habitats.

This information on dugongs and the threats to their existence can be combined in a geographical information system (GIS) to identify 'dugong trouble spots' and enable local people to explore the ways in which the risks to dugongs and their habitats can be reduced.

The conduct of standardised, culturally appropriate surveys can be done quickly, efficiently and cost effectively. The relatively low cost could facilitate multiple, "longitudinal" surveys at particular locations to assess changes over time, as well as collection of comparable data from a number of locations and range states.

In addition, the survey we propose is designed to collect data not only for sirenians (e.g. dugongs and manatees), but also sea turtles and cetaceans. Since the latter groups face similar conservation threats to those that jeopardize sirenians, the value of the surveys for identifying and focusing conservation actions extends far beyond that for sirenians alone.

Risk is a combination of the likelihood of something happening and the consequences of it happening. The likelihood of a dugong interacting with a fisher in an area generally increases with the number of dugongs and the number of fishers using gear that catches dugongs. The consequences of the interaction are greatest when adult dugongs, particularly females, are killed.

To be effective, surveys must be conducted consistently and at the scale of whole countries. The survey will enable future efforts to concentrate on action to ensure that there are dugongs, cetaceans, and sea turtles are around for the next generation.







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Interviewer Nar	ne:	Date:	Data Sheet Serial Number:	
Town:	Province:		<u> </u>	
		INTRODUCT	ION STATEMENT	
Note: Readi	ng this statement to the ir	iterviewee is	compulsory. It ensures all interviews are treated equal	ly.
My name is		. I work for a	project run by the	
the ocean for to other marine we where dugong declining. If we data to underst killed is greate. We hope that you could be used community supparticipation in information you group to provid anyone outside. Note: Please tie	ishers and wildlife. The goldlife in coastal fisheries of and other marine mar wait too long before initial and the problem. We need to due to hunting, capture your participation in this state to help reduce the capport for our goals, or this survey is voluntary share with us unless this die a general idea of current of the research team. You	nmals and so this property of the second sec	(insert location) that supports research to help project is to learn more about capture of dugongs and (insert location). In most cour (insert location). In most cour ea turtles occur, numbers are small and believed to ation actions, they will have disappeared before we get to identify the areas where the likelihood of dugongs to are and vessel strikes, so that dugongs can be proted us learn more about this. Information from our research search that is and marine mammals, maybe through more effective regulations and enforcement. Idential. We will not record your name or any personal we will absolutely not share your individual answers to answer questions you do not want to. EBACKGROUND Sonot asked. Provide appropriate ID charts and maps for the project of the project of the project is to learn more about this information from our research to describe the project of the project is to learn more about this information from our research to use the project is to identify the areas where the likelihood of dugongs to use the project individual answer of the project is to learn more about this information from our research to use the project is to learn more about this information from our research the project is to identify the project is to learn more about this information from our research to use the project is to learn more about this information from our research the project is to identify the project is to learn more about this information from our research the project is to learn more about this information from our research the project is to learn more about this information from our research the project is to learn more about this information from our research the project is to learn more about th	ntries to be et the being ected earch rough You sona as a ers to
_			<u> </u>	
] 2. Age:				
] 3. Gender: M	lale 🗌 Female 🗌			
] 4. Have you	previously participated in	interviews rel	ated to:	
Fishing [Marine Mammals MP	As 🗌 Ecotou	rism 🗌 Sea Turtles 🗎 Other 🗎 None 🗌	
When did	you participate?		<u> </u>	
Describe:				
] 5. For how m	any years has fishing bee	en your occup	ation?	
] 6. Were your	parents fishers?	Yes [☐ No ☐ Grandparents? Yes ☐ No ☐	
7. Is fishing t	he <u>main</u> way you earn a li	ving? Yes	□ No □	
] 8. Is fishing t	he <u>only</u> way you earn a liv	ving? Yes [□ No □	
If No, wha	t is (or are) your other occ	cupation(s)?_		
	nths do you normally fish		et 12)?	



interviewee to point to during the interview. ☐ 10. How many days each week do you fish? days (low season) days (peak season) ☐ 11. What is your position on the boat? The captain ☐ A crew member ☐ We have no fixed positions ☐ 12. How many fishers, including yourself, work on the boat? ☐ 13. How long is the boat? (Note to interviewer: convert and provide answer in meters) ☐ 14. Is the boat motorized? Yes ☐ No ☐ (if yes) Inboard ☐ Outboard ☐ 15. What is the horsepower of the motor?_____ DUGONG CATCH / BYCATCH ☐ 16. Have you ever seen a dugong? Yes 🗌 No 🗌 Do you have another name for it? ☐ 17. Tell me about the difference between a dugong and a dolphin?_____ ☐ 18. How long do you think a dugong lives? Don't know ☐ 19. How do you see dugongs? Seen while fishing ☐ Seen while travelling to fishing areas ☐ Accidentally caught in nets

Hunted

Stranded on the beach (Note to interviewer: Refer to and complete attached table and mark all locations on maps) ☐ 20. Do you have any dugong specialists in your village? Yes ☐ No ☐ Who? ☐ 21. How frequently have you seen dugongs? Never ☐ Once in my life ☐ Only a few times in my life ☐ Frequently Every year for the last five years In the last year, only once \square several times \square every month \square every week \square every day \square . ☐ 22. Have people in your community ever hunted dugongs? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐ (if yes) How many (hunters)?______ For how long?_____ Do they do so now? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐ ☐ 23. Do people from other villagers / communities hunt dugongs? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐ Who? What village? Any other details? ☐ 24. Compared to when you started fishing, are there more ☐, less ☐, or the same number of dugongs captured in fishing gear? Don't Know [(Note to interviewer: based on <u>actual</u> numbers, not perception) If more or less common, why do you think this?_____ ☐ 25. Do you know of any areas where dugongs <u>regularly</u> occur? Yes ☐ No ☐ Where are these dugong areas?: (Note to interviewer: also indicate on maps) ☐ 26. Do these dugong areas change over time? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐ ☐ 27. Have you ever seen dugongs calving? Yes ☐ No ☐ When? _____(what month?) Where did you see them calving? (use maps)?_____ ☐ 28. How many dugongs do you think might live in the important dugong areas? 1 ☐ <10 ☐ >10 ☐ Don't Know 29. When do you see dugongs? (indicate months or seasons where possible): ☐ 30. When was the last time you saw a dugong?______(if long time ago note the year) ☐ 31. Did you catch any dugongs in the last year?

Yes ☐ No ☐ (accidentally or hunted)

Please tick the boxes to the left of any questions not asked. Provide appropriate ID charts and maps for

inte	rviewee to point to during the interview.							
	If yes, how many in the last year? 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):							
	Was this is a typical number to catch in a year? Yes ☐ No ☐							
	If no, was it higher or lower than usual? Higher ☐ Lower ☐							
□ 32.	How many in the last five years? 0 ☐ 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):							
	How many in your life? 0 ☐ 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):							
□ 33.	What do you do (or would you do) with a dugong if you caught one? (do not lead interviewee)							
	Eat Sell Use as Bait Other Use Discard (dead) Release (alive)							
□ 34.	Have you ever found ☐ or heard of ☐ dugongs stranded on the shore? Yes ☐ No ☐ (explain stranded)							
	Or have you ever found ☐ or heard of ☐ dugongs dead at sea? Yes ☐ No ☐							
	If yes, where (also indicate on maps)?							
	When and how many?							
	What happened to the animal?							
□ 35.	What would you do or did you do if you found a stranded dugong?							
	<u>PERCEPTIONS</u>							
□ 36.	Compared to when you started fishing, do you think there are more dugongs , less , or the same							
	numbers of dugongs : I don't know :							
	If more or less, why do you think this? (Note to interviewer: Try to determine what other impacts may be driving the trend)							
□ 37.	Do you think there will always be dugongs in the sea? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐							
	If yes or no, why?							
□ 38.	Do you think having dugongs around is important? Yes 🗌 No 🗌 Don't know 🗎 Why?							
□ 39.	Do you know what seagrass areas are? Yes \(\subseteq No \(\subseteq \) (Note to Interviewer: show graphics)							
	Are there any seagrass areas around here? Yes No Don't know Where? (Note to Interviewer: mark on maps)							
	Do you fish in these seagrass areas? Yes ☐ No ☐							
	Are these seagrass areas important for anything else? Yes No Why?							
☐ 40.	It is illegal to (intentionally) kill a dugong? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know ☐							
	What about by accident (maybe caught in a net unintentionally)? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know ☐							
☐ 41.	Are any areas routinely / periodically patrolled? Frequently Infrequently Never Don't know							
☐ 42.	If yes, are penalties ever imposed? Frequently ☐ Infrequently ☐ Never ☐ Don't know ☐							
☐ 43.	Are there any local customs, beliefs, legends or rituals or stories related to dugongs? Yes No							
	If yes, please describe:							
	Where / from whom did you hear this?							
	Where / from whom did you hear this?							
☐ 44.	Additional stories / incidents you wish to report:							

Please tick the boxes to the left of any questions <u>not</u> asked. Provide appropriate ID charts and maps for

Please tick the boxes to the left of any questions \underline{not} asked. Provide appropriate ID charts and maps for interviewee to point to during the interview.

FISHERY INFORMATION

Note to interviewer: Respondent should answer these questions to describe his/her <u>individual</u> experience, not that of their community. Use illustrations to assist where necessary.

Habitat Codes: (D) Deep Water; (C) Coral; (S) Seagrass; (F) Fine Sediments; (M) Mangroves; (R) Rocks; (E) Estuaries; (U) Unknown

	(E) Estuaries; (U) Unknown							
45.	What type of fishing gear d	lo you use?							
	Longline	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
	(many hooks)	Habitat:Target:							
	Bottom longline	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
	(many hooks set at depth)	Habitat:Target:							
	Hook and line	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
	(one or few hooks)	Habitat:Target:							
	Purse seine	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
	(or surround nets)	Habitat:Target:							
	Beach seine	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
		Habitat:Target:							
	Trawl nets	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
	(or other towed net)	Habitat:Target:							
	Traps	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
		Habitat:Target:							
	Gill or trammel nets	Only Mostly Sometimes Season:							
		Habitat:Target:							
		Do you tend the nets when they are in the water? Yes _ No _							
		How long do you leave the nets in the water?hours							
		Do you fish during the day ☐ or night ☐?							
		What is the position of the gear? Surface ☐ Midwater ☐ Bottom ☐							
		Describe the net: LengthDepthMesh size							
Oth	er (describe):								
	Only [Mostly Sometimes Season:							
	Habitat	::Target:							
¬									
46.	In what places do you norm (Use prepared road maps,	charts, Google maps and have interviewee point out areas)							
	Do you use different gears in different areas? Yes No If yes, please describe:								
	,	, ,,							
	(Use prepared road maps,	charts, Google maps, and have interviewee point out areas)							
<u></u>	Do people in your village /	community target sharks? Yes No No, but they are occasionally landed							
	Please elaborate:								
	(Note to interviewer: This of	can be area sensitive)							

SEA TURTLE CATCH / BYCATCH (Optional if time permits and interviewee is keen) ☐ 48. Have you ever seen sea turtles? Yes ☐ No ☐ Do you have another name for them?_____

☐ 49.	What species of turtles do you see?Green ☐ Hawksbill ☐ Olive Ridley ☐ Loggerhead ☐								
	Flatback Leatherback Don't know								
	Do you know the difference between these turtle species? Yes _ No _ Don't know _ (Note to Interviewer; Show ID chart or graphics)								
	Please describe:								
	Do they have different names? If yes, please list:(determine for each species)								
□ 50.	How long do you think a turtle lives?Don't know								
□ 51.	Do you have any turtle experts in your village? Yes No Who?								
□ 52.	What about in other villages? Yes No Who? What village?								
□ 53.	How do you see turtles? Seen while fishing ☐ Seen while travelling to fishing areas ☐								
	Coming ashore to lay eggs Accidentally caught in nets Hunted Stranded on the beach (Note to interviewer: Refer to and complete attached table and mark all locations on maps)								
☐ 54.	How frequently have you seen turtles? Never ☐ Once in my life ☐ Only a few times in my life ☐								
	Frequently Every year for the last five years								
	In the last year, only once ☐ several times ☐ every month ☐ every week ☐ every day ☐								
☐ 55.	Have people in your community ever hunted turtles? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐								
	If yes, how many?For how long?								
□ 56.	Do they do so now? Yes 🗌 No 🔲 Don't Know 🔲								
□ 57.	Do people from other villagers / communities hunt turtles? Yes No Don't Know								
	Who?What village?Any other details?								
□ 58.	Compared to when you started fishing, are there more ☐, less ☐, or the same number of ☐ turtles								
	captured in fishing gear? Don't Know [] (Note to interviewer: based on <u>actual</u> numbers, not perception)								
	If higher or lower, why do you think this?								
□ 59.	Do you know of any areas where turtles <u>regularly</u> occur? Yes \(\square \) No \(\square \)								
	Where are these turtle areas?(Note to interviewer: also indicate on maps)								
□ 60.	Do these turtle areas change over time? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐								
☐ 61.	Do you see mating turtles? Yes No When? Where (use maps)?								
☐ 62.	How many turtles do you think might live in these areas? <10 ☐ >10 ☐ >100 ☐ Don't Know ☐								
☐ 63.	When do you see turtles? (indicate months or seasons):								
☐ 64.	When was the last time you saw a turtle?(if a long time ago note the year)								
□ 65.	Did you catch any turtles in the last year? Yes ☐ No ☐								
	If yes, how many in the last year? 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ What species? (if available):								
	Was this is a typical number to catch in a year? Yes ☐ No ☐								

Please tick the boxes to the left of any questions $\underline{\text{not}}$ asked. Provide appropriate ID charts and maps for interviewee to point to during the interview.

□ 66.	How many in the last five years? 0 ☐ 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):								
□ 67.	How many in your life? 0 ☐ 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):								
□ 68.	What do you do (or would you do) with a turtle if you caught one?								
	Eat Sell Use as Bait Other Use Discard (dead) Release (alive) (do not lead interviewee) (Note differences by species where possible and if available)								
□ 69.	Have you ever found ☐ or heard of ☐ turtles stranded on the shore? Yes ☐ No ☐ (explain stranded)								
	Or have you ever found ☐ or heard of ☐ turtles dead at sea? Yes ☐ No ☐								
	If yes, where (also indicate on maps)?								
	When and how many?								
	What happened to the animal?								
□ 70.	What would you do or did you do if you found a stranded turtle?								
☐ 71.	Compared to when you started fishing, do you think there are more turtles \(\subseteq \), less \(\subseteq \), or the same								
	numbers of turtles : I don't know :								
	If more or less, why do you think this?(Note to interviewer: Try to determine what other impacts may be driving the trend)								
☐ 72.	Do you think there will always be turtles in the sea? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐								
	If yes or no, why?								
□ 73.	Do you think having turtles around is important? Yes No Why?								
☐ 74.	It is illegal to (intentionally) kill a turtle? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know ☐								
	What about by accident (maybe caught in a net unintentionally)? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know ☐								
☐ 75.	Are there any local customs, beliefs, legends or rituals or stories related to turtles? Yes No								
	If yes, please describe:								
	Where / from whom did you hear this?								

	DOLPHIN CATCH / BYCATCH									
	(Optional if time permits and interviewee is keen)									
☐ 76.	Have you ever seen dolphins? Yes ☐ No ☐ Do you have another name(s) for them?									
	(list by species)									
☐ 7 7.	What species of dolphins do you see (describe)?									
	Any other cetaceans (describe)?Don't know									
7 8.	How long do you think dolphins live?Don't know □									
<u> </u>	Do you have any dolphin experts in your village? Yes No Who?									
□ 80.	What about in other villages? Yes No Who? What village?									
□ 01	How do you and dalphing? Soon while fishing T Soon while travalling to fishing group T									
□ 01.	How do you see dolphins? Seen while fishing Seen while travelling to fishing areas Assidentally sought in note Hunted Stranded on the booch									
	Are these areas different by analise?									
	Are these areas different by species? Yes No Don't Know Don't Don'									
	If yes, please explain: (Note to interviewer: mark locations on maps by species)									
82.	How frequently have you seen dolphins? Never Once in my life Only a few times in my life									
	Frequently Every year for the last five years									
	In the last year: Only once Several times Every month Every week Every day									
83.	Compared to when you started fishing, are there more \square , less \square , or the same number of \square dolphins									
	captured in fishing gear? Don't Know [] (Note to interviewer: based on <u>actual</u> numbers, not perception									
	If higher or lower, why do you think this?									
84.	Do you know of any areas where dolphins <u>regularly</u> occur? Yes \(\square \) No \(\square \)									
	Where are these dolphin areas?:									
	(Note to interviewer: also indicate on maps)									
85.	Do these dolphin areas change over time? Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐									
86.	How many dolphins do you think might live in these areas? <10 ☐ >10 ☐ >100 ☐ Don't Know ☐									
	When do you see dolphins? (indicate months or seasons):									
88.	When was the last time you saw one?(if long time ago note the year)									
89.	Did you catch any dolphins in the last year? Yes ☐ No ☐									
	If yes, how many in the last year? 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):									
	Was this is a typical number to catch in a year? Yes ☐ No ☐									
90.	How many in the last five years? 0 ☐ 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):									
□ 91.	How many in your life? 0 ☐ 1-2 ☐ ≤10 ☐ >10 ☐ Specifics (if available):									
92.	What do you do (or would you do) with a dolphin if you caught one? (do not lead interviewee)									
	Eat Sell Use as Bait Other Use Discard (dead) Release (alive)									
□ 93.	Have you ever found \square or heard of \square dolphins stranded on the shore? Yes \square No \square (explain stranded)									
	Or have you ever found \square or heard of \square dolphins dead at sea? Yes \square No \square									
	If ves, where (also indicate on maps)?									

	ase tick the boxes to the left of any questions <u>not</u> asked. Properties as a point to during the interview.								
_	When and how many?								
	What happened to the animal?								
] 94.	What would you do or did you do if you found a stranded do	olphin?							
<u></u> 95.	Compared to when you started fishing, do you think there are more dolphins \square , less \square , or the same numbers of dolphins \square ? I don't know \square								
	If more or less, why do you think this?	nay be driving the trend)							
□ 96.	Do you think there will always be dolphins in the sea?	Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know ☐							
	If yes or no, why?								
] 97.	Do you think having dolphins around is important?	Yes							
] 98.	It is illegal to (intentionally) kill a dolphin?	Yes 🗌 No 🔲 Don't know 🔲							
	What about by accident (maybe caught in a net unintention	ally)? Yes 🗌 No 🔲 Don't know 🗌							
□ 99.	Are there any local customs, beliefs, legends or rituals or stories related to dolphins? Yes \square No \square								
	If yes, please describe:								
	Where / from whom did you hear this?								
	CONFIDENTIAL INTERVIEWE	ER COMMENTS							
100). How open and honest did the fisher seem about answering	s bycatch guartians?							
100	Very open/honest Somewhat open/honest Not ho								
101	1. How interested and engaged did the fisher seem with interv								
	Very interested ☐ Moderately interested ☐ Bothered/ N								
102	2. How certain did the fisher seem about answers to numerical								
	Very sure ☐ Reasonable sure ☐ Unsure ☐	4							
103	3. How comfortable were you about the respondents' ability to	o discriminate between the species							
	Very comfortable Reasonable Not comfortable	·							
104	1. Why do you think this?								

Survey ID Number	Sighting Record #	# Individuals seen	Habitat	Size S,L	Mother - Calf Pair Y / N	Day / Night	Year	Month	Dead / Alive	Cause	Condition	Accidental / Direct	Reporte d Y / N	Notes

Habitat Codes: (D) Deep Water; (C) Coral; (S) Seagrass; (F) Fine Sediments; (M) Mangroves; (R) Rocks; (E) Estuaries; (U) Unknown

Cause: (G) Gill net, (O) Other Fishing Gear (specify in notes), (B) Boat Strike, (H) Hunting (D) Don't Know

Condition: (F) Fresh, (D) Decompose

