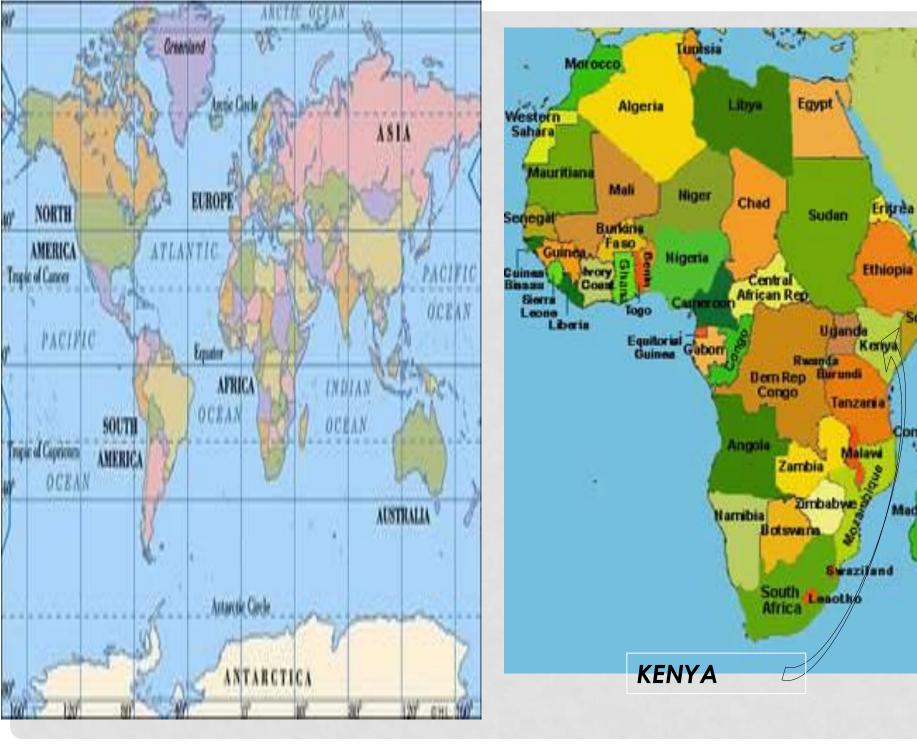
## CMS 2ETF MEETING PRESENTATION

MONITORING IMPLEMENTATION AND IMPEDIMENTS TO IMPLEMENTATION OF CMS RESOLUTIONS IN KENYA

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Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources
KENYA



Djibouti

Somalia

Comoros

Madagascar

\*-Mayotte

#### Background

- Kenya ratified CMS in 1999 (party No:58) hence as party to CMS and AEWA, fully recognizes the need to mainstream conservation of migratory species and implementation of renewable energy technologies (RET);
- Kenya is a medium-income developing country where demand for energy development;
- Biodiversity Conservation hotspot and important pathway for migratory species.





### How is Kenya Implementing CMS Resolutions?

- Res: 7.4 Electrocution of Migratory birds
- Res: 7.5 Wind turbines and migratory species
- Res: 10.11Powerlines and migratory species
- Res:11.27 Renewable energy and migratory species
- Policy & Oversight: Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources;
- Implementation Enforcement: Kenya Wildlife Service; NEMA; and County Governments.



#### **Lessons Learned**

- Enabling policy and legislation
  - Policies, Legislation and Guidelines; International best practices &case studies
- Institutional infrastructure
  - Mandates; Role of National and County Governments;
     Coordination
- Knowledge (best practices) and capacity
- Planning, Impact Assessment and Monitoring EMP



# **Barriers to Implementation**

- Policy and Legislation;
- Financial;
- Technical;
- Awareness and knowledge the net-gain concept, sustainability
- Institutional (coordination e.t.c) –Clarity on roles of actors, silo/bloc mentality



#### Reflections and Recommendations to ETF

- ETF has potential to demonstrate value for multidisciplinary approach;
- Highlight need for platform for sensitization, capacity building, tracking reporting and assessment of implementing the CMS Resolutions;
- Platform for sharing best practices on integrating climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation.

